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To: Cllr Dave Hughes (Chairman)

Councillors: Haydn Bateman, Billy Mullin and Ralph Small

Co-opted Members

Steve Hibbert, Cllr. Andrew Rutherford, Nigel Williams and

Cllr. Huw Llewelyn Jones

23 November 2017

Dear Councillor

You are invited to attend a meeting of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee which will be held at 10.00 am on Wednesday, 29th November, 2017 in the Delyn Committee Room, County Hall, Mold CH7 6NA to consider the following items

AGENDA

1 APOLOGIES

To receive any apologies.

2 MINUTES (Pages 5 - 14)

To confirm as a correct record the minutes of the last meeting held on the 20th September 2017

3 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST (INCLUDING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

To receive any Declarations and advise Members accordingly.

GOVERNANCE

4 <u>LOCAL GOVERNMENT (ACCESS TO INFORMATION) ACT 1985 - TO CONSIDER THE EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC</u>

Purpose:

The following item is considered to be exempt by virtue of Paragraph(s) 14 of Part 4 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 (as amended).

The meeting will discuss details of a proposed contract. Whilst the contract details will be made public in due course the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information until such time as the contract has been concluded.

5 **POOLING INVESTMENTS IN WALES** (Pages 15 - 44)

To provide Committee Members with an update on implementation of Pooling Investments in Wales, and request approval for the appointment of the Operator following the procurement exercise

THE REMAINING ITEMS WILL BE IN OPEN SESSION:

6 **COMMITTEE AND BOARD ALLOWANCES** (Pages 45 - 52)

To provide Committee Members with a review of the allowances paid to Committee and Board Members with recommendations for Council to update the Schedule of Member remuneration.

7 **GOVERNANCE UPDATE** (Pages 53 - 78)

To provide Committee Members with an update on governance related matters including a training module from the Pensions Regulator toolkit

ADMINISTRATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

8 **LGPS UPDATE** (Pages 79 - 90)

To provide Committee Members with current matters affecting the management of the LGPS.

9 <u>PENSION ADMINISTRATION/COMMUNICATIONS UPDATE</u> (Pages 91 - 110)

To update Committee Members on administration and communication matters for the Clwyd Pension Fund including a demonstration of the new Clwyd Pension Fund web-site.

INVESTMENTS AND FUNDING

10 **INVESTMENT AND FUNDING UPDATE** (Pages 111 - 124)

To provide Committee Members with an update of investment and funding matters for the Clwyd Pension Fund

11 **ECONOMIC AND MARKET UPDATE** (Pages 125 - 142)

To provide Committee Members with an economic and market update.

12 **INVESTMENT STRATEGY AND MANAGER SUMMARY** (Pages 143 - 160)

To update Committee Members on the performance of the Fund's investment strategy and Fund Managers

13 **FUNDING AND FLIGHT PATH UPDATE** (Pages 161 - 176)

To update Committee Members on the progress of the funding position and liability hedging undertaken as part of the Flight Path strategy for managing liability risks.

Yours sincerely

Robert Robins
Democratic Services Manager



CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE 20 September 2017

Minutes of the meeting of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee of Flintshire County Council, held at County Hall, Mold on Wednesday 20 September 2017.

PRESENT: Councillor Dave Hughes (Chairman)

Councillors: Billy Mullin, Ralph Small, Haydn Bateman

<u>CO-OPTED MEMBERS</u>: Councillor Huw Llewelyn Jones (Denbighshire County Council), Nigel Williams (Wrexham County Borough Council), Steve Hibbert (Scheme Member Representative)

<u>APOLOGIES</u>: Councillor Andrew Rutherford (Other Scheme Employer Representative)

<u>ALSO PRESENT (AS OBSERVERS)</u>: Gaynor Brooks (Member representative Clwyd Pension Fund Board), Mark Owen (Employer representative Clwyd Pension Fund Board), Phil Pumford

IN ATTENDANCE:

Advisory Panel comprising: Colin Everett (Chief Executive), Gary Ferguson (Corporate Finance Manager), Philip Latham (Clwyd Pension Fund Manager), Karen McWilliam (Independent Advisor – Aon Hewitt), Kieran Harkin (Fund Investment Consultant – JLT Group) – (left after item 77), Paul Middleman (Fund Actuary – Mercer).

Officers/Advisers comprising: Debbie Fielder (Pensions Finance Manager), Alwyn Hughes (Pensions Finance Manager), Kerry Robinson (Principal Pensions Officer, Employer Liaison Team), Anthony Kershaw (Fund Investment Consultant – JLT Group), John Wright (Hymans Robertson), Sarah Spall (Consultant Assistant – Mercer - taking minutes), Mike Whitely and Mary Owen (Welsh Audit Office) – (for part of the meeting)

Prior to the start of the meeting the Chair welcomed the members of the Clwyd Pension Fund Board and the Committee agreed that they could contribute to the meeting.

75. <u>DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST (including conflicts of interest)</u>

Councillor Huw Llewelyn Jones declared a personal interest as being a member of the Clwyd Pension Fund for all items. He also declared an interest in relation to Item 6 (Clwyd Pension Fund Annual Report) which included information on an investment in a local project (Wholebake). Councillor Llewelyn Jones highlighted that he had been party to some matters relating to this Company as a result of his Councillor role at Denbighshire County Council. Karen McWilliam (Independent Advisor – Aon Hewitt) advised that she did not see anything on the agenda relating to this investment that

would result in a conflict situation but that this should be added to the declarations as a potential conflict which should be monitored going forward if any matters regarding Wholebake are to be considered by the Committee.

Karen McWilliam, Paul Middleman (Fund Actuary – Mercer) and Sarah Spall (Consultant Assistant – Mercer) separately declared a personal interest in relation to Item 4 (Pooling Investments in Wales) as employees of Aon Hewitt/Mercer respectively with each firm having submitted a tender response to be the operator of the Wales Pool.

76. MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting of the Committee held on 23 June 2017 were submitted. Karen McWilliam noted that a training plan would be developed which included any training that members had missed.

RESOLVED:

It was agreed that the minutes could be received, approved and signed by the Chairman as a correct record.

The Chairman paid tribute to Cllr Ron Hampson who had recently passed away. The Chairman said that Cllr Hampson had been a key contributor to the work of the Pension Fund Committee and would be sadly missed.

77. Pooling Investments in Wales

Philip Latham (Clwyd Pension Fund Manager) explained that the recent JGC meeting was cancelled and explained that the PFC would need another special committee meeting to agree the appointment of the operator. Accordingly this item did no longer need to be treated as an exempt item.

RESOLVED:

The Chairman confirmed that this was the case and resolved that, contrary to the meeting agenda, the press and public would not be excluded from this item.

Before John Wright (Hymans Robertson) delivered a presentation about the Welsh Pool and the procurement process, Colin Everett (Chief Executive) asked whether, given the declarations of interests from Mrs McWilliam, Mr Middleman and Mrs Spalling, they needed to the leave the room. Mr Latham indicated not as the presentation only covered information that was going to be in the public domain. Mr Everett was content with this, but stressed any discussions needed to be kept to generalities and Mrs McWilliam, Mr Middleman and Mrs Spalling should refrain from commenting on or participating in any of the discussion. Mr Wright confirmed this to be the case and that it would help reinforce the training the Committee had received the previous week.

Key points Mr Wright covered were:

- that Hymans Robertson were commissioned to officiate over the process only
- to confirm that the Welsh authorities had been ahead of the other pools in terms of working together, doing this ahead of the government announcement requiring pooling of assets
- to give background on why the Government chose the criteria that they did.

Mr Wright further commented that:

- there was a perception that the LGPS was paying too much to Investment Managers but it had since become clear that LGPS funds had negotiated good deals with them, on a par with private sector firms.
- further work has been done in the area of passive management as a way of reducing costs and it was noted that by working together, the eight Welsh Funds had made big savings.
- there was also an impression that some LGPS funds were not well managed, principally as they do not have the governance budget or expertise to do so effectively.
- some Funds have in-house management teams, so when Funds looked at pooling, some wanted to keep that in-house management.
- some other pools are setting up their own investment companies, with a mix of private sector investment specialists and existing specialists.

Mr Wright then explained how the Pool structure would work. For information he explained that the operator was who the administering authorities would be procuring. They would be using an ACS structure, which is a modern tax efficient structure.

Mr Wright confirmed that asset strategy decisions would still be determined at each PFC level, but it would then be for the operator to appoint the investment managers so those strategies could be implemented.

Bidders have already submitted tenders to be the operator, and once evaluated will go to the Chairman of the PFC, and the members of the JGC, with a recommendation. The JGC will then make a recommendation for approval, so effectively the eight Chairmen will report back to each individual Pension Fund within the Pool to make the final decision. Consequently, bidders will have to wait a long time before the final result is known.

Councillor Llewelyn Jones mentioned that the UK government would like the pools to invest in UK infrastructure but then asked what would happen if the Pool wanted to invest in non-UK infrastructure. Mr Wright said the Government could not dictate where to invest, so that option would still be open if there were attractive opportunities.

Mr Everett commented on a governance risk should all eight funds fail to agree with the operator choice. Evaluation needs, therefore, to be made on evidence based information only and under rigour such that every effort is made to resolve any queries or concerns in the event of there being no agreement.

The Chairman noted that pooling will be a standing item for PFC meetings going forward.

Councillor Bateman asked whether the individual Pension Funds would be forced into accepting specific managers. Mr Wright said that he expected there would be an element of consultation with the Pension Funds but the Operator would be legally responsible for choosing and appointing Investment Managers.

Steve Hibbert (Scheme Member Representative) asked whether Investment Managers would be required to sign up to the Cost Transparency Code. Mr Wright said he expected that this would be a requirement.

The Chairman then asked the Committee to agree to taking Item 6 relating to the Annual Report and Accounts as the next item. The Committee agreed to the change in order of the agenda.

78. Clwyd Pension Fund Annual Report, Accounts and Audit

Debbie Fielder (Pensions Finance Manager) presented the annual report and accounts and explained the notes to the accounts given their complexity.

Mrs Fielder confirmed that the sign off deadline for the annual report was November so if there were any queries or suggested amendments, they could be included up to the date of signature. She also noted that the annual report and accounts are all in accordance with CIPFA Guidance. Mrs Fielder also noted that fees are under considerable scrutiny and whilst only certain fees are required to be disclosed in the accounts, in the view of full transparency, the Fund discloses the fees including underlying manager fees within the annual report.

The Chairman then invited Mr Whitely (Welsh Audit Office) to present the report of the audit of the accounts.

Mr Whitely explained there had been some initial problems with the audit of the accounts but confirmed there were no uncorrected misstatements. He highlighted that some of the points identified were not actually errors but were revisions to updated valuations which had been received after the accounts had been submitted to Wales Audit Office. In relation to paragraphs 13 & 14 the Audit Commission had received strong assurances from officers that, in future, the processes had been put in place to ensure the problems would not be repeated.

It was noted that there had been major improvements on the previous year's recommendations.

Councillor Bateman asked whether having up to date information regarding the valuation of assets was important. Mr Whitely said that the first draft of accounts are submitted in June so now that we are in September it was a management decision to

adjust for the more accurate valuations but it would not have a major impact if management chose not to update the figures.

Mr Owen (Employer representative Clwyd Pension Board) said that the accounts were an extremely complex area and was happy that both sides have worked well together. Mr Owen also noted how pleased he was with the scheme member administration improvements over the last 12 months.

Gary Ferguson (Corporate Finance Manager) confirmed the accounts will be presented to the Council's Audit Committee next Wednesday.

Cllr Llewelyn Jones observed that there were still job vacancies and asked whether these were going to be resolved. The Chairman said that he had been reassured that work was being done to fill these vacancies.

RESOLVED

- 1. Members noted and commented on the draft unaudited Annual Report and delegated finalisation to officers.
- 2. Members noted the management response to the external audit report.

79. Pension Regulator Code of Practice

Alwyn Hughes (Pensions Finance Manager) and Kerry Robinson (Principal Pensions Officer, Employer Liaison Team) presented the TPR's Code of Practice (COP). Mr Hughes was conscious that this would be the first time most of the PFC would have seen the compliance checklist. He explained that, whilst it takes a lot of resources, it was proving beneficial as it highlighted areas in which the Fund can improve.

Mr Hughes highlighted that some of the items in the checklist are best practice rather than regulatory but the checklist will be amended so that regulatory elements are highlighted.

Mrs Robinson highlighted that Section 1.04 of the covering report showed an overview of where the Fund was compliant with the numbers in brackets showing the previous year's results.

Mr Hughes and Mrs Robinson then went through the summary dashboard commenting on many of the areas that were shown as partially or non-compliant. It was noted that in some areas the Fund may choose to remain non-compliant e.g. training of new Pension Board members was carried out after appointment, rather than before which is what is suggested by the Code of Practice. The idea was to move to full compliance as soon as practicable in the areas identified as requiring action.

Mrs McWilliam highlighted that a statutory role of the Pension Board is to assist in assuring compliance with the Pension Regulator's requirements and so this will be on the next Pension Board agenda to look at in more detail and to develop an action plan.

RESOLVED

- 1. The Committee considered the findings of the review.
- 2. The Committee noted that officers would collate a separate action plan for areas of ongoing compliance and development.
- 3. The Committee noted the officers will carry out further assessment during 2018 against this compliance checklist which would be reported back to the Committee and Pension Board.

80. Governance Update

Mr Latham noted that this is a standard report. Mrs McWilliam and Mr Latham commented that further consideration of the breaches are needed.

Cllr Bateman asked whether it was possible to have hard copy reports five working days before the meeting. Mr Latham said he would look into that.

Mr Owen had read the breaches and noted a small typo which required correcting.

Mr Hibbert asked whether committee packs were sent to Pension Board members for reading. Mr Hughes confirmed that these are emailed to the Board members.

RESOLVED

1. The Committee considered the update and provided comments.

81. LGPS update

Mr Middleman presented the report which was for information but welcomed any questions for him or the rest of the advisers.

Cllr Llewelyn Jones mentioned that the Scottish LGPS had backdated their pensions with regard to the landmark rulings on survivor pensions and asked whether there was any information regarding England & Wales. He also asked about the closure of the Prudential Deposit Fund and whether there was another cash fund available.

Mr Middleman said that in relation to the AVCs, the Deposit Fund was closing to new members only but there was another cash fund for members to invest in if they choose to do so. Existing members contributing to the Deposit Fund will still have that option available.

In regard to the survivor rulings, as far as Mr Middleman was aware, England & Wales needed to look if anyone had been affected in the relevant period and then amend their benefits accordingly. Mrs McWilliam commented that DCLG has suggested LGPS administering authorities should identify the cases and then pay the benefits and there is no need for a change in LGPS regulations. However the LGA has written to LGPS administering authorities saying they do not agree and that there is an administering authority currently going through Court on a similar case. Accordingly

advice from LGA is to identify any cases that may be affected and then hold off for a period to see how this develops.

Mr Hibbert (Scheme Member Representative) asked about the pending Fair Deal Regulations. Mr Middleman said that this was still under discussion and could be by the end of the year but noted that these Regulations had been put back many times.

RESOLVED

- 1. The PFC members noted this report and made themselves aware of the various current issues affecting the LGPS.
- 2. The members noted the ruling on survivor pensions and the potential actions discussed.

82. Pension Administration/Communication update

Mrs Robinson said that good progress is being made but it was acknowledged that some challenges remain on workflow and she confirmed that things would be back on track in due course.

Mr Hibbert noted that in the satisfaction survey there had been some concerns regarding communication of information. Mrs Robinson commented that as far as the administration team were concerned, there were no major issues and some of the negative feedback was centred on one or two isolated issues. However, all feedback was taken seriously and acted upon.

Members were given a copy of the Key Performance Indicators report. The Chairman asked members to consider and bring any questions to the next Pension Committee meeting.

RESOLVED

- 1. The Committee considered the update and provided comments.
- 2. The Committee agreed a change to the Business Plan to include a new project on "aggregation" with potentially engaging Mercer to assist.

83. Investment and Funding update

Mrs Fielder said that the business plan was on target and said that all the documentation in relation to the "opt up" process for MIFID II would be communicated to Investment Managers and Consultants by the end of September.

Mrs Fielder also reported that the outstanding transition as a result of the "light touch" investment review should be complete by the end of September. She also confirmed that they were progressing the appointment of the North America Private Credit Manager and the outcome would be reported to the next PFC meeting.

Work is still ongoing as regards Cost Transparency and Mrs Fielder said that three of the Funds traditional asset managers had signed up and they were just waiting for confirmation from a fourth.

RESOLVED

1. The Committee considered and noted the update.

84. Funding and Flight Path update

Mr Middleman gave a brief overview of the FlightPath and noted that he would expand further on the various elements of the framework over the coming meetings as a follow on from the recent training. The primary objective of the FlightPath is to achieve a fully funded position and more stable contribution requirements for the employers. Risk management is key to this and the level of hedging is important as the various "triggers" are intended to provide more stable outcomes. The level of hedging is ahead of where we expected to be when set up in 2014. This hedging is to give more stable return outcomes.

The key message is that the Fund is well ahead of target currently so maintaining this position has been the focus of the recent implementation of the equity protection in the Insight mandate.

Cllr Llewelyn Jones noted that a small reduction in the investment return gives reasonably big reduction in the funding level. It was agreed that this can be expanded on at the next Committee meeting.

RESOLVED

1. The Committee noted the updated funding and hedging position for the CPF and the progress being made on the various elements of the Risk Management Framework.

85. Economic and market update

Mr Kershaw (Fund Investment Consultant – JLT Group) gave an update on the economic and market update for the quarter to 30 June 2017. He explained that most of the equity markets had produced good returns although US equities had struggled as had Hedge Funds and Commodities.

RESOLVED

- 1. The Committee noted the Economic and Market Update.
- 2. The Committee noted how the information in the report effectively "set the scene" for what the Committee should expect to see in the Investment Strategy and Manager Summary report.

86. Investment strategy and manager summary

Mr Kershaw gave an update of the Fund's investment strategy. As at 30 June the Fund's value increased by £66.3m giving a market value of £1.742bn.

Mr Kershaw remarked that the Private Markets portfolio was the star performer over the quarter. He also commented that one of the Diversified Growth managers, Investec, had also performed well over the quarter.

Mr Latham stated that investment returns had outperformed both benchmarks and actuarial targets over the last three years, however, Mr Middleman gave a note of caution that investment markets are unlikely to keep going up.

RESOLVED

- 1. The Committee noted and discussed the investment strategy and manager performance over the quarter.
- 2. The Committee considered the information in the Economic and Market update report.

The meeting commenced at 14:00 and finished at 16:30.
Chairman



Agenda Item 5

By virtue of paragraph(s) 14 of Part 4 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

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By virtue of paragraph(s)	14 of Part 4 of Schedule 12	2A
of the Local Government	Act 1972	

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By virtue of paragraph(s)	14 of Part 4 of Schedule 12	2A
of the Local Government	Act 1972	

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CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Committee & Board Allowances
Report Author	Chief Executive

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Some members of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee and Pension Fund Board receive allowances in respect of their roles on the Committee/Board. The Independent Remuneration Committee Panel for Wales (IRPW) has recently concluded the Clwyd Pension Fund is not within their remit. Accordingly, Flintshire County Council, as the administering authority for Clwyd Pension Fund, is responsible for determining any allowances that might be paid to Committee or Board members, which are recharged to the Pension Fund.

This report provides information relating to the allowance entitlements for representatives on the Committee and Board:

- Clwyd Pension Fund Board the Protocol for the Board, which was approved by Council, includes remuneration of Board representatives. In practice only one of the four members of the Board actually claims an allowance.
- Clwyd Pension Fund Committee Currently the only allowances paid are to the co-opted members on the Committee, which are the Councillors from Denbighshire and Wrexham Councils, the representative for other Scheme Employers and the Scheme Member Representative.

For reasons outlined in this report it is now proposed to recommend to Council an allowance of £8700 each municipal year to be paid from the Pension Fund to the Chair of the Committee.

RECO	RECOMMENDATIONS	
1	That the Committee consider the allowances currently paid.	
2	That the Committee recommend to Council an allowance of £8,700 each municipal year is paid to the Chair of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee and this is included in the schedule of member remuneration.	
3	That the Committee consider and recommend to Council when this additional payment will commence from i.e. backdated to beginning of the municipal year, start from now or start from next municipal year.	

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	COMMITTEE & BOARD ALLOWANCES
1.01	To ensure full transparency and discussion, the current allowances paid to the representatives on the Committee and Board are shown in Appendix 1.
1.02	Committee and Board members should also recognise the potential conflicts of interest that arise for some or all members in relation to this agenda item. The Chief Executive will provide guidance on how to handle this potential conflict at the meeting when deciding the recommendation to Council in relation to the payment of allowances to the Chairman of the Committee and/or other members of the Committee and Board.
1.03	There are two key entities responsible for the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund; the Pension Fund Committee, which is the decision making entity, and the Pension Board which assists in the management of the Fund.
1.04	The Council is legally required to have a Pension Board under the Public Service Pensions Act; the Board is not established under the Local Government Act and is therefore not a Section 101 Committee. Accordingly, on establishment of the Board, the Council had to agree full terms of reference and standing orders, which are included within a Protocol.
	The remuneration for Board representatives is also included in the Protocol for the Board which was agreed by Council and the relevant extract is included in the Appendix. As shown, for all but one of the representatives, who is a retired member, their employers provide appropriate capacity within their normal working day without any reduction in pay and hence, based on the provisions included within the current Protocol, no allowances are paid.
	However, in determining the amount of the allowance in the Board Protocol the principle applied was to use the allowance amount for coopted members of the Council, which is determined by the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales (IRPW).
	It should also be noted that the role of the Board is too 'assist' and 'ensure' but it is not a decision making body. The decision making body is the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee.
1.05	The maintenance and management of the Clwyd Pension Fund is a legal responsibility of Flintshire County Council. The Council can delegate this responsibility to a Committee, Sub-Committee or officer. The Council decided to delegate the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund to this Committee in 2014 and it operates like any other of the Council's Section 101 Committees, with its terms of reference in the Council's Constitution. Pension matters, however, are non-executive.

1.06	In discussing the specific issue about the Chair's allowance with the IRPW, it has been established that the Clwyd Pension Fund is not in the remit of the IRPW, and therefore any allowances which are recharged to the Pension Fund are a matter for the Council, as the administering authority for the Fund. However, given the Committee is still a Section 101 Committee of the Council, it seems sensible that the allowances for the Committee continue to follow the principles of the IRPW, both on eligibility and value.
1.07	There are some anomalies in the current arrangements that need to be recognised.
	 The Council's Constitution states that "statutory co-optees" are paid allowances. Normally in Welsh Local Government these would not be councillors. However, the co-opted members from Denbighshire and Wrexham Councils (who are councillors) are paid an allowance from Clwyd Pension Fund in accordance with the Constitution. The Flintshire County Councillors are not paid an additional allowance for attending the Committee as they are not co-optees. The scheme member representative on the Committee is entitled to an allowance (again, due to being a statutory co-optee on the committee) but equivalent representative on the Board is not, however the differing roles of the Committee and Board should be noted. The 'other employer representative' is currently a Councillor but there is no requirement under the constitution for this position to be filled by an elected member. Again, as a statutory co-optee, this person receives an allowance from the Clwyd Pension Fund.
1.08	There is also a difference between the role of an elected member on the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee and the responsibility as a Councillor for which a salary is paid. Although still representing tax payers, in their Pension fund role they additionally have a fiduciary duty as a quasitrustee for all members and employers in the Fund. This must come ahead of any interest of the employer they represent and any potential conflict of interest between those roles must be recognised, documented and managed when carrying out Pension Fund Committee responsibilities.
1.09	The responsibilities and complexities of the roles are emphasised below but, although no recommendation is made here beyond the Chairman of the Committee, there is a logic that all representatives, irrespective of 'status', should receive the same allowance for attending Committee, Board or approved training in line with the Fund's Training Policy.
1.10	The role of the Chair of the Committee is now particularly complex. The Local Government Pension Scheme has increased in size and complexity with significant financial consequence for employers. Although all members of the Committee are voting it is ultimately the Chair's input into the strategic decisions that will impact on whether the Fund can achieve its objectives. This requires specialist training especially in investments and funding. This role has been further

	enhanced as a member of the Wales Pension Partnership Joint Governance Committee, which involves additional responsibilities and meeting/training attendance, and whose decisions will impact on all funds in Wales, whose assets invested currently total £15bn.
1.11	The IRPW was asked whether an additional senior salary could be paid to the Chairman of the Pension Fund Committee as the Council had reached its 'cap' and the response outlined above was received. Following the principle of using IRPW rates, Flintshire County Council uses Level 1 senior salary level of £22,100. Hence the Fund could pay £8,700 per annum to the Chair, which is the amount above the basic salary as a Councillor of £13,400. An alternative would be to use level 2 (not currently used by Flintshire County Council) which is £20,100, and which would result in a recharge to the Pension Fund of £6,700 per annum.
1.12	Consideration should also be given to the effective date of the additional allowance, particularly given the Chairman has been carrying out these duties since the elections in May 2017.
1.13	The recommendation is for the Committee to ask Council, as administering authority, for approval of the payment of the senior salary to the Chairman of the Pension Fund Committee, with the additional costs being recharged to the Pension Fund, and for this to be added into the schedule of member remuneration. The Committee are also asked to consider from what date they wish to recommend the additional payment commences i.e. backdated to beginning of the municipal year, start from now or start from next municipal year.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	The additional amount of £8,700, if approved, would be paid from the Clwyd Pension Fund to the Chair of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	The Monitoring Officer has consulted with the IRPW.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	The role of the Chair is key part of the overall risk management of the Fund. There is a risk that the potential conflict for Committee and Board members that arises as a result of this paper is not properly managed, and that the outcome of the deliberations and the Council decision could impact on the individual members involved.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 – Clwyd Pension Fund Committee & Board Allowances

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Clwyd Pension Fund Training Policy Clwyd Pension Fund Board Protocol Flintshire County Council Constitution	
	Contact Officer: Telephone: E-mail:	Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager 01352 702264 philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	(a) The Fund – Clwyd Pension Fund – The Pension Fund managed by Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region
	(b) Administering authority or scheme manager – Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.
	(c) The Committee – Clwyd Pension Fund Committee - the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund
	(d) LPB or PB – Local Pension Board or Pension Board – each LGPS Fund has an LPB. Their purpose is to assist the administering authority in ensuring compliance with the scheme regulations, TPR requirements and efficient and effective governance and administration of the Fund.
	(e) LGPS – Local Government Pension Scheme – the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of



Clwyd Pension Fund Committee and Board Allowances

Clwyd Pension Fund Committee				
Representing	Name	Role	Paid Special Allowance?	Paid Co- optee Allowance?
Flintshire CC	Cllr Dave Hughes	Chair	No	N/A
Flintshire CC	Cllr Haydn Bateman	Vice-Chair	No	N/A
Flintshire CC	Cllr Billy Mullin	Member	No	N/A
Flintshire CC	Cllr Ralph Small	Member	No	N/A
Flintshire CC	Vacancy	Member	No	N/A
Denbighshire CC	Cllr Huw Llewelyn Jones	Co-opted Member	N/A	Yes
Wrexham CBC	Cllr Nigel Williams / Cllr Trevor Bates	Co-opted Member	N/A	Yes
Other Employers	Cllr Andrew Rutherford	Co-opted Member	N/A	Yes
Fund Members	Mr Steve Hibbert	Co-opted Member	N/A	Yes

Clwyd Pension Fund Board			
Role	IName		Paid Allowance?
Employer Representative	Mr Mark Owen	Yes	No
Employer Representative	Mr Steve Jackson	Yes	No
Member Representative	Mrs Gaynor Brooks	Yes	Yes
Member Representative	Mr Phil Pumford	Yes	No

Extract from Clwyd Pension Fund Board Protocol

6. Remuneration and Expenses

- a) Subject to b) below, an allowance will be made to both Employer and Scheme Member Representatives for attending meetings relating to Pension Board business (including attending training) at the rates contained in the Schedule of Member Remuneration in Flintshire County Council's Constitution for co-opted members of a Flintshire County Council Committee.
- b) It is hoped that employers of Representatives on the Pension Board will provide appropriate capacity to allow the Representative to perform this role within their normal working day without any reduction in pay. If that is the case, the Representative will not be entitled to any allowance.
- c) All Employer and Scheme Member Representatives will also be entitled to claim travel and subsistence allowances at the rates contained in the Schedule of Member Remuneration in Flintshire County Council's Constitution.
- d) The Independent Member and Alternate shall be paid remuneration and expenses as determined by the Chief Officer (People and Resources).

Extract from Flintshire County Council Constitution

11.9 The daily and half day fee for other statutory co-optees with voting rights, as determined by the Independent Remuneration Panel, is set out in Appendix 2.

Extract from Appendix 2:

Entitlement as Statutory Co-optees:

Chairperson of the Standards Committee £256 per day / £128 per half day

All other co-opted members are entitled to a fee of £198 per day / £99 per half day





CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Governance Update
Report Author	Pensions Finance Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A governance update is on each quarterly Committee agenda and includes a number of governance related items for information or discussion. The items for this quarter are:

- (a) Business Plan 2017/18 update (Appendix 1) including consideration of the schedule of Committee meetings.
- (b) Current Developments including an update on the National Scheme Advisory Board and the Local Board.
- (c) Governance related policy/strategy implementation and monitoring including the details of future events that Committee members should consider (Appendix 2) and training undertaken (Appendix 5).
- (d) Calendar of future events (Appendix 3).

It also provides a summary of the key governance elements in the current risk register (Appendix 4), with some of the key areas of concern being associated with asset pooling and resourcing.

RECOMMENDATIONS	
1	That the Committee considers the update and provide any comments.
2	That the Committee expresses a preference to continue with the meetings either in the morning or in the afternoon and that this preference is given to the Constitution and Democratic Services Committee.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	GOVERNANCE RELATED MATTERS
	Business Plan 2017/18 Update
1.01	At the Annual Meeting of Council on 18th May 2017, the Schedule of Meetings for 2017/18 was approved. An undertaking was given to conduct a survey of members, to find out when meetings should be held, so that the 'new' Council would be able to make an informed decision for future meetings.
	At the meeting of the Constitution & Democratic Services Committee on 25th October it was resolved that each committee should be canvassed for views on meeting preference as part of their forward work programme item. The options are as follows:
	 Morning 9.30 or 10am Afternoon 2pm Late afternoon 4.30pm Evening 6pm Rotate AM/PM Rotate AM/PM/evening Stay with Current arrangements
	The committee is asked to express a preference for its meeting pattern. This information will be reported back to the Constitution & Democratic Services Committee and then used to prepare the schedule of meetings.
	The recommendation is that the Committee expresses a preference to continue with the meetings either in the morning or in the afternoon.
1.02	Appendix 1 provides a summary of progress against the governance section of the Business Plan up to the end of quarter ending 30 September 2017. There is only one task for this quarter which is the induction and refresher training for the Committee and Board; this is now substantially completed. As a result of a new Board and Committee member further training will be organised which will also give the opportunity for any catch up for those members that were unable to attend all of the training days. A further training day will be organised for additional legislative requirements such as Freedom of Information and Data Protection.
	The Business Plan includes a task in quarter 3 to consider key person risk within the finance function of the Fund. The unexpected retirement of a Pension Finance Manager on 31st December 2017 has prompted an earlier and wider review on how this function is delivered. A task and finish group is considering various options on how this function is organised and delivered both in the interim and the longer term. Progress will be reported to Committee in line with delegation of functions to officers for urgent matters, to ensure a solution is in place especially for the closure of the Fund's accounts.
1.03	Appendix 1 also includes progress against the projected cash flows and budgeted operating costs for 2017/18. The Committee is asked to note the Page 54

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following:

- The cash flow now reflects additional commitments made to Permira Credit Solutions III and the BlackRock US Private Debt Fund. The current position reflects lower distributions and higher drawdowns than anticipated leaving a lower closing projected cash figure at year end.
- Pooling (Additional Costs) shown against Investment Management Expenses relates to the Pool Operator Cost. The appointment should be made by the end of the calendar year but it is not known whether any costs will be incurred by the end of the financial year.
- Investment Management Expenses the majority of the fund manager fees are reflected in the net asset value of our investments and are only notified to the Fund at the end of the financial year, consequently, they will only be reflected in the financial ledger and the Fund's accounts at that time.
- The Administration budget staffing underspend is mostly due to the difference between the budget being at the top of the scale and the actual scale points that individuals are on.
- 1.04 The Committee is asked to note the contents of the business plan update.

Current Developments and News

1.05 National Scheme Advisory Board Update:

The SAB met on the 16th November 2017 and the agenda included the following items: SAB 2017/18 budget/levy, Academies (England) and 3rd tier employers, cost management committee update, Investment committee update, cost transparency/ procurement working group update. Further information can be found at:

http://www.lgpsboard.org/index.php/about-the-board/prev-meetings

1.06 | Local Pension Board Update:

The minutes of the Board held on the 2nd November are being prepared and when finalised they will be circulated to Committee members. In the meantime, the key points discussed are summarised below:

- Disaster Recovery An update was provided on the result of a disaster recovery test undertaken during September. Whilst successful the test highlighted the dependence on corporate systems such as creditor payments and payroll. This will be followed up corporately.
- The Pension Regulator Code of Practice (Compliance Checklist) The Board undertook a detailed review of the Checklist and were pleased with the overall very positive result.
- Asset Pooling An update was given by the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager on the procurement of a pool operator for the Wales Pension Partnership.
- Administration A presentation was given on the work undertaken regarding key performance indicators, GMP reconciliation project, progress regarding the annual benefit statement and the number of cases referred to the Employer Liaison Team. Further details are provided at item 8.
- GDPR, IT Security and Cybercrime An update was provided on the work undertaken and the progress achieved regarding these items.

1.07	LGPS Funds: England and Wales 2016-17 Statistical Release
	The above document has been released by the DCLG based on the annual SF3 Return, completed by all Funds, for 2016/17. The following are some of the main statistics (the totals relate only to England and Wales):
	>Total LGPS expenditure £11.8 billion a 3.6% increase on 2015/16 >Wales LGPS expenditure £0.7 billion a 4.9% decrease on 2015/16 >Total LGPS income £13.9 billion a 5.5% increase on 2015/16 >Wales LGPS income £0.8 billion a 3.3% decrease on 2015/16 >Total LGPS market value £259 billion a 21% increase on 2015/16. A split between England and Wales was not given.
	The document can be found on the LGPS Scheme Advisory Board website: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/654575/LGPS_England_and_Wales_2016-17.pdf
	Policy and Strategy Implementation and Monitoring
1.08	 Training Policy – The Clwyd Pension Fund Training Policy requires all Pension Fund Committee, Pension Board members and Senior Officers to: have training on the key elements identified in the CIPFA Knowledge and Skills Framework;
	 attend training sessions relevant to forthcoming business; and attend at least one day each year of general awareness training or events.
1.09	Appendix 5 details progress made to date in relation to the CIPFA Knowledge and Skills Framework training.
1.10	Appendix 5 also includes training and various external events attended by Committee Members and Pension Board members during 2017/18 as well as The Pension Regulator modules undertaken. Appendix 3 includes details of planned training events including forthcoming events considered suitable for general awareness training. The LAPFF conference on the 6-8 December will be attended by the Chair and a Pension Finance Manager.
1.11	Recording and Reporting Breaches Procedure – The Fund's procedure requires that the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager maintains a record of all breaches of the law identified in relation to the management of the Fund.
	Appendix 6 details a number of current Breaches that have been discussed by the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager and the Fund's Independent Advisor. At this point none will be reported to the Pension Regulator although this position will be reviewed in January 2018
	Delegated Responsibilities
1.12	The Pension Fund Committee has delegated a number of responsibilities to officers or individuals. No delegated responsibilities were used in the last quarter in relation to governance matters.
	Calendar of Future Events
1.13	Appendix 2 includes a summary of all future events for Committee and Page 56
	i ago oo

Pension Board members, including Pension Fund Committee meetings, Pension Board meetings, Training and Conference dates.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	Appendix 4 provides the dashboard showing the current risks relating to the Fund as a whole, as well as the extract of governance risks. The key governance risks continue to relate to:
	 potentially insufficient resource, which puts a risk on us being able to deliver our legal and policy objectives the impact of externally led influence and scheme change (such as asset pooling) which could also restrict our ability to meet our objectives and/or legal responsibilities.
	The actions relating to Risks 2 and 3 have been updated to reflect the training that has been undertaken with the Committee.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 - 2017/18 Business plan update Appendix 2 - Calendar of events Appendix 3 - Training Plan Appendix 4 - Risk register update Appendix 5 - Training undertaken Appendix 6 - Breaches

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Report to Pension Fund Committee – Business Plan 2017/18 to 2019/20 – 21 March 2017	
	Contact Officer: Telephone: E-mail:	Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager 01352 702264 philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS

- 7.01 (a) **The Fund -Clwyd Pension Fund** The Pension Fund managed by Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region
 - (b) Administering authority or scheme manager Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.
 - (c) **The Committee Clwyd Pension Fund Committee** the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund
 - (d) **LPB or PB Local Pension Board or Pension Board** each LGPS Fund has an LPB. Their purpose is to assist the administering authority in ensuring compliance with the scheme regulations, TPR requirements and efficient and effective governance and administration of the Fund.
 - (e) **LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme** the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of
 - (f) **AVC** Additional Voluntary Contributions made by pension fund members to enhance their retirement (investments value can rise or fall) to Prudential who are the Fund's AVC provider.
 - (g) **Breaches** refers to the requirement for certain people involved with public service schemes to report breaches of law to the Pension Regulator where they are likely to be of material significance to them
 - (h) **GDPR** The General Data Protection Regulation was introduced to strengthen and unify data protection for all individuals within the European Union.
 - (i) **Cybercrime** criminal activities carried out by means of computers or the internet.
 - (j) **CIPFA** The Chartered Institute of Public Accountancy accountancy body for public services.
 - (k) **iConnect** an interface between an employer's payroll system and the pension administration system that facilitates the upload of data.
 - (I) **GMP** Guaranteed Minimum Pension protects you and ensures that a person's pension value is not below a certain value determined by the Directorate of Works and Pension. Applies only to those people contracted out between 6 April 1978 and 5 April 1997.
 - (m) SF3 Return Annual survey by the DCLG used to provide a benchmark on the administration and fund management of the LGPS. The data are also used in compiling the National Accounts and to show the role of pension funds in the economy.
 - (n) **TPR The Pensions Regulator** a government organisation with legal responsibility for oversight of some matters relating to the delivery of public service pensions including the LGPS and CPF.
 - (o) SAB The national Scheme Advisory Board the national body responsible for providing direction and advice to LGPS administering authorities and to DCLG.

(p) **DCLG – Department of Communities and Local Government –** the government department responsible for the LGPS legislation.



Business Plan 2017/8 to 2019/20 – Q2 Update Governance

Budget

All the costs associated with the management of the Fund are a charge to the Fund and not to the Council. Actual 2017/18 figures are to end of Quarter 2 (2017)

Cashflow projections for 2017/18

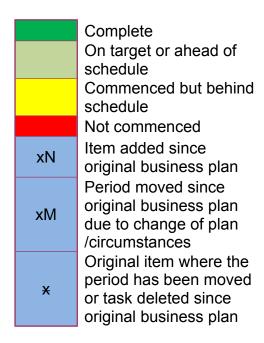
	2015/16 £000s	2016/17 £000s		2017/18 £000s					
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Projected for full year	Final under/ over			
Opening Cash	(43,735)	(13,640)	(13,623)	(13,623)					
Payments									
Pensions	52,932	54,684	55,860	28,927	56,857	997			
Lump Sums & Death Grants	14,906	14,857	15,000	7,175	14,675	(325)			
Transfers Out	5,889	5,473	3,200	3,995	5,595	2,395			
Expenses	4,881	3,001	3,400	1,758	3,458	58			
Support Services	167	300	120	0	120	0			
Total Payments	78,775	78,315	77,580	41,855	80,705	3,125			
Income									
Employer Contributions	(30,506)	(32,787)	(34,100)	(23,512)	(35,473)	(1,373)			
Employee Contributions	(14,535)	(13,779)	(14,000)	(4,745)	(13,426)	574			
Employer Deficit Payments	(27,872)		(51,784)	(52,075)	(52,531)	(747)			
Transfers In	(1,791)	(2,540)	(2,000)	(2,994)	(3,994)	(1,994)			
Pension Strain	(3,204)	(2,282)	(1,200)	(7)	(607)	593			
Income	(74)	(146)	(100)	(5)	(32)	68			
Total Income	(77,982)	(80,008)	(103,184)	(83,338)	(106,063)	(2,879)			
Cashflow Net of Investment Income	793	(1,693)	(25,604)	(41,483)	(25,358)	246			
Investment Income	(2,497)	(3,019)	(3,000)	(1,947)	(3,447)	(447)			
Investment Expenses	(,, -,	2,991	3,000	1,522	3,022	22			
Total Net of In House Investments	(1,704)	(1,721)	(25,604)	(41,908)	(25,783)	(179)			
In House Investments									
Draw downs	34,021	45,146	47,008	35,069	71,717	24,709			
Distributions	(64,836)			(22,440)		14,112			
Net Expenditure /(Income)	(30,815)	(11,468)	(30,826)	12,629	7,995	38,821			
Total Net Cash Flow	(32,519)	(13,189)	(56,430)	(29,279)	(17,788)	38,642			
Rebalancing Portfolio	62,614	13,206	40,000	(481)	30,000	(10,000)			
Total Cash Flow	30,095	17	(16,430)	(29,760)	12,212				
Closing Cash	(13,640)	(13,623)	(30,053)	(43,383)	(1,411)				

Operating Costs

	2015/16	2016/17		201	7/18	
					Projected	Projected
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	for full	under/
					year	over
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Governance Expenses						
Employee Costs (Direct)	225	236	238	122	237	(1)
Support & Services Costs (Internal Recharges)	12	17	8	0	8	
Premises	8	5	7	0	7	0
IT (Support & Services)	11	4	9	5	9	0
Other Supplies & Services)	54	58	50	28	50	0
Miscellaneos Income	0	(11)	0	0	0	0
Audit Fees	39	39	40	(4)	40	0
Actuarial Fees	222	335	143	4	143	0
Consultant Fees	371	703	458	175	458	0
Advisor Fees	225	188	187	42	187	0
Legal Fees	35	59	40	0	40	0
Pooling (Additional Costs)				6	80	80
Total Governance Expenses	1,202	1,633	1,180	378	1,259	79
Investment Management Expenses						
Fund Manager Fees*	14,971	14,386	11,878	1,598	14,386	2,508
Custody Fees	28	31	34	10	34	0
Performance Monitoring Fees	30	57	58	14	58	0
Pooling (Additional Costs)				0	n/k	n/k
Total Investment Management Expenses	15,029	14,474	11,970	1,622	14,478	2,508
Administration Expenses						
Employee Costs (Direct)	603	648	776	317	645	(131)
Support & Services Costs (Internal Recharges)	46	94	42	0	42	0
Outsourcing	404	260	900	71	900	0
Premises	33	6	33	0	33	0
IT (Support & Services)	243	290	250	250	270	20
Member Self Service	0	0	75	15	75	0
Other Supplies & Services)	61	70	70	63	70	0
Miscellaneous Income	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Administration Expenses	1,390	1,368	2,146	716	2,035	(111)
Employer Liaison Team						
Employee Costs (Direct)			144	69	136	(8)
Total Costs	17,621	17,475	15,440	2,785	17,908	2,468

Key Tasks

Key:



Governance Tasks

Ref	Key Action –Task	2017/18	Period		Later Years				
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018/19	2019/20		
G1	Induction and refresher training for PFC	х	х						

Governance Task Descriptions

G1 – Induction Training for PC

What is it?

The Fund's Training Policy details how the Fund will ensure that training is delivered, and how the required training is identified for each member of both the Clwyd Pension Committee and the Pension Board. Ongoing training to meet the requirements of this policy will take place. Although there is expected change at a minimal level with the PFC, Pension Board and officers, the Council elections in May 2017 could result in significant changes to membership, in which case intensive induction training will be required.

Timescales and Stages

Source and ensure delivery of induction training

2017/18 Q1/2

Resource and Budget Implications

Training requirements to be determined by Pension Fund Manager with assistance from the Independent Adviser. Other advisers and external sources may be used for delivering training. There will be external adviser costs associated with this exercise which are incorporated into the 2017/18 budget.

CLWYD PENSION FUND - CALENDAR OF EVENTS APRIL 2017 ONWARDS

Month	Date	Day	Committee	Training	Pension Board	Location
2017						
Мау	15-17	Mon - Wed		PLSA Local Authority Conference		Gloucestershire
June	23 Jun	Fri	10AM - 1PM			County Hall
	27 Jun	Tue			1.30PM - 4.30PM	County Hall
	28 Jun	Wed		CIPFA and Barnett Waddingham: Local Pension Boards - Two Years On		London
	29-30 Jun	Thur - Fri		LGA Trustee Conference		Bournemouth
July	19 Jul	Wed		Day 1 Induction/ Refresher		tba
	27 Jul	Thu			County Hall am	
September	05 Sep	Tue		Day 2 Induction/ Refresher Training - Administration		Northop College (Rm G22)
	6-8	Wed-Fri		LGC Investment Summit		Newport
	14 Sep	Thu		Day 3 Induction/ Refresher Training - Investments		Northop College (Rm G20)
Octoper	03 Oct	Tue		CIPFA Pensions Workshop		Cardiff
Nomber	02 Nov	Thu			9.30AM - 12.30PM	County Hall
65	06,08,10/11 /2017	06,08,10/11/20 17		CIPFA Local Board Event various locations Allenbridge - LGPS		London, Cardiff, Liverpool
	16 Nov	Thu		Investment Costs Measurement & Management		London
	29 Nov	Wed	10AM - 1PM			County Hall
December	6-8	Wed-Fri		LAPFF		Bournmouth
2018						
February	21 Feb	Wed	Special Committee 10AM- 1PM			County Hall
	27 Feb	Tue			9.30AM - 12.30PM	County Hall
	26,28/02 + 02/03/17				CIPFA PB Seminar	London, Wolverhampton, Leeds
March	01-02 March	Thur - Fri		LGC Investment Summit		Carden Park
	21 Mar	Wed	2PM - 5PM			County Hall
June	13 Jun	Wed	AM			County Hall
	27 Jun	Wed			Annual Event	London
	28 Jun	Thu			9.30AM - 12.30PM	County Hall

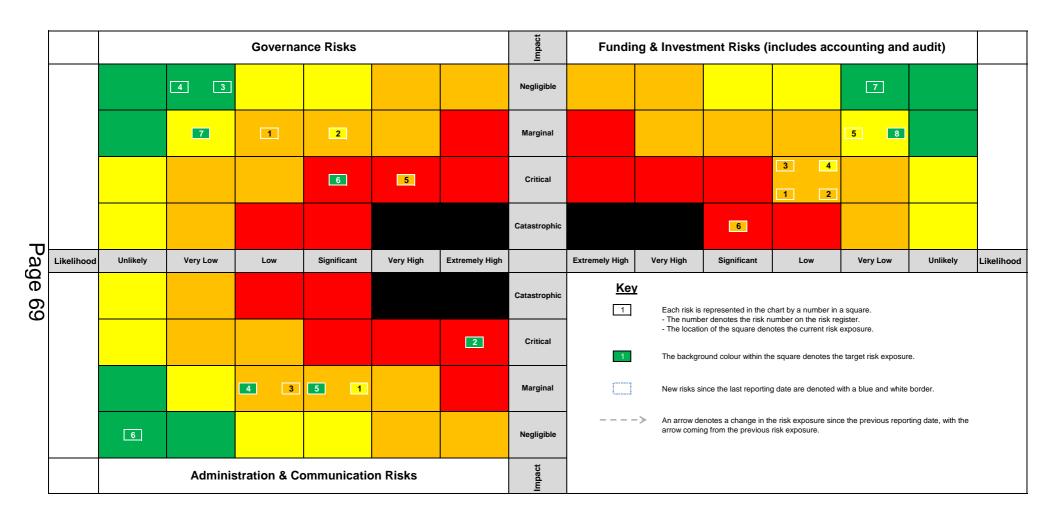
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Clwyd Pension Fund

Training Plan 2017 & 2018 - as at 27 October 2017

Title of session	Training Content	Timescale	Training Length	Audience	Complete
PLSA Local Authority Conference, Gloucestershire	tbc	15-17/05/2017	2 days	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
CIPFA and Barnett Waddingham: Local Pension Boards - Two Years On	Update by key players together with a focus on the Scheme's financial viability and the problem of managing data.	28/06/2017	1 day	Pensions Board	Υ
Day 1 Induction/ Refresher training	DAY 1: Governance including Freedom of Information	19/07/2017	1 days	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
Day 2 Induction/ Refresher training	DAY 2: Actuarial , Funding and Risk Management	25/07/2017	1 days	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
LGA Annual Conference, Birmingham	Various topical presentations including pooling, cost control and the potential impact of European legislation.	04-06/07/2017	2 day	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
Day 2 nduction/ Refresher training	Administration and Communication Training	05/09/2017	1 day	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
LGC Investment Summit, Newport	Various topical presentations. Agenda not yet available.	6-8/09/2017	1.5 days	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
Day 3 nduction/ Refresher training	Investments	14/09/2017	1 day	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
Employer Risk Management	Employer Risk Management including the monitoring framework (employer covenant, fundiong and protections)	20/09/2017	Before Cttee	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Deferred
CIPFA Pensions Workshop - Governance in a Changing Environment	Updates on topical issues including Governance, Legal Issues (MiFIID II and Data Protection), Pension Boards, National LGPS Framework	03/10/2017	1 day	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	Y
CIPFA Local Pension Board Seminars	Autumn Seminar - various content	06/11/2017 London 08/11/2017 Cardiff 10/11/2017 Liverpool	13:00 - 16:30 each day	Pension Board	
CIPFA Local Pension Board Seminars	Autumn Seminar - various content	06/11/2017 London 10/11/2017 Liverpool	9:00 - 12.30 both days	Officers	
Allenbridge LGPS Investment Costs Seminar		16/11/2017	0.5 days	Committee and Officers	
Fund Employer/ Annual General Meeting	Various	14/11/2017	1 day	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	
LAPFF, Bournmouth	Various topical presentations around the work of the LAPFF	6-8/12/2017	2	Committee, Officer	
CIPFA Local Pension Board Seminars	Spring Seminar - various content	26/02/2018 London 28/02/2018 Wolv'hampton 02/03/2018 Leeds	13:00 - 16:30 each day	Pension Board	
CIPFA Local Pension Board Seminars	Spring Seminar - various content	26/02/2018 London 28/02/2018 Wolv'hampton 02/03/2018 Leeds	9:00 - 12.30 both days	Officers	
LGC Investment Seminar, Carden Park	Various	01-02/03/2018	2 days	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	
CIPFA Local Pension Board Seminars	Annual Event	27/06/2018 London	9.30 - 16.00	Pension Board	
TPR Toolkit - public sector modules	To be covered at a future committee meetings		Before Cttee	Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	
Day 4 - Induction / Refresher Training	TBC - review against CIPFA requirements (incl FOIA) to identify any further training	TBC		Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	
Days 1 to 4 - Induction / Refresher Training	F Catch up training - for those unable to make initial days	TBC		Committee, Pensions Board and Officers	

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Clwyd Pension Fund - Control Risk Register

Governance Risks

Objectives extracted from Governance Policy (03/2017), Training Policy (11/2015) and Procedures for Reporting Breaches of the Law (11/2015)

- Objectives extracted from Governance Policy (03/2017), Training Policy (11/2015) and Procedures for Reporting Breaches of the Law (11/2015)

 Act in the best interests of the Fund's members and employers

 Have robust governance arrangements in place, to facilitate informed decision making, supported by appropriate advice, policies and strategies

 Ensure the Pension Fund is managed and its services delivered by people who have the appropriate knowledge and expertise

 Act with integrity and be accountable to our stakeholders for our decisions, ensuring they are robust and well based

 Understand and monitor risk

 Clearly articulate our objectives and how we intend to achieve those objectives through business planning, and continually measure and monitor success

 Clearly articulate our objectives and how we intend to achieve those objectives through business planning, and continually measure and monitor success

 Ensure that the Clwyd Pension Fund is appropriately managed and that its services are delivered by people who have the requisite knowledge and expertise, and that this knowledge and expertise is maintained within the continually changing Local Government Pension Scheme and wider pensions landscape.

 To hose persons responsible for governing the Clwyd Pension Fund have sufficient expertise to be able to evaluate and challenge the advice they receive, ensure their decisions are robust and well based, and manage any potential conflicts of interest.

 Ensure individuals responsible are able to meet their legal obligations and avoid placing any reliance on others to report.

 Assist in providing an early warning of possible maloractice and reduce risk.
- Ensure individuals responsible are able to meet their legal obligations and avoid placing any reliance on others to report.

 Assist in providing an early warning of possible malpractice and reduce risk.

Risk no:	Risk Overview (this will happen)	Risk Description (if this happens)	Strategic objectives at risk (see key)	Current Impact (see key)	Current Likelihood (see key)	Current Risk Status	Internal controls in place	Target Impact (see key)	Target Likelihood (see key)	Target Risk Status	Meets target?	Date Not Met Target From	Expected Back on Target	Further Action and Owner	Risk Manager	Next review date	Last Updated	Previous Impact	Previous Likelihood	Previous Risk Status	Risk removed (date)
1	Losses or other determintal impact on the Fund or its stakeholders	Risk is not identified and/or appropriately considered (recognishing that many risks can be identified but not managed to any degree of certainty)	All	Marginal	Low		1 - Risk policy in place 2 - Risk register in place and key risks/movements considered quarterly and reported to each PFC 3 - Advisory panel meets at least quarterly discussing changing environment etc 4 - Fundamental review of risk register annually 5 - TPR Code Compliance review completed annually 6 - Annual internal and external audit reviews 7 - Breaches procedure also assists in identifying key risks	Marginal	Low		©			None	CPFM	30/09/2017	13/04/2017	Marginal	Low		
2	Inappropriate or no decisions are made	Governance (particularly at PFC) is poor including due to: - short appointments - poor knowledge and advice - poor engagement /preparation / commitment - poor oversight	G1/G2/G3/ G4/G5/G6/ G7	Marginal	Significant		1 - Independent advisor focussing on governance including annual report considering structure, behaviour and knowledge 2 - Oversight by Local Pension Board 3 - Annual check against TPR Code 4 - Training Policy, Plan and monitoring in place for PC and PB members 5 - There is a range of professional advisors covering all Fund responsibilities guiding the PC, PB and officers in their responsibilities 6 - Induction training programme in place for new Committee members which covers CIPFA Knowledge and Skills requirements and can be delivered quickly. 7 - Terms of reference for the Committee in the Constitution allows for members to be on the Committee for between 4-6 years but they can be re-appointed.	Negligible	Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 1 too high		Jun 2018	1 - Complete Training Needs Analysis/consider engagement (PL) 2 - Mop up induction training for PC/PB (PL)	CPFM	28/02/2018	13/11/2017	Marginal	Significant		
3	Our legal fiduciary responsibilities are not met	Decisions, particularly at PFC level, are influenced by conflicts of interest and therefore may not be in the best interest of fund members and employers	G1/G2/G4/ G6/T2	Negligible	Very Low		1 - Conflicts of Interest policy focussed on fiduciary responsibility regularly discussed and reviewed 2 - Independent advisor focussing on governance including annual report considering structure, behaviour and knowledge 3 - All stakeholders to which fiduciary responsibility applies represented at PFC and PB 4 - Training Policy, Plan and monitoring in place for PC and PB members including section on responsibilities 5 - There is a range of professional advisors covering all Fund responsibilities guiding the PC, PB and officers in their responsibilities 6 - Clear strategies and policies in place with Fund objectives which are aligned with fiduciary responsibility	Negligible	Very Low		©				СРҒМ	28/02/2018	13/11/2017	Negligible	Very Low		
4	Appropriate objectives are not agreed or monitored - internal factors	Policies not in place or not being monitored	G2 / G7	Negligible	Very Low		Range of policies in place and all reviewed at least every three years 2 - Review of policy dates included in business plan 3 - Monitoring of all objectives at least annually (work in progress) 4 - Policies stipulate how monitoring is carried out and frequency 5 - Business plan in place and regularly monitored	Negligible	Unlikely		Current likelihood 1 too high		Mar 2018	1- Ensure work relating to annual monitoring is completed (to be done as part of business planning day) (PL)	Pension Finance Managers	31/12/2017	13/11/2017	Negligible	Very Low		
5	The Fund's objectives/legal responsibilities are not met or are compromised - external factors	Externally led influence and change such scheme change and asset pooling	G1/G4/G6/ G7	Critical	Very High		Continued discussions at AP, PFC and PB regarding this risk 2 - Involvement of CEO / links to WLGA and WG 3 - Fund's consultants involved at national level/regularly reporting back to AP/PFC 4 - Key areas of potential change identified as part of business plan (ensuring ongoing monitoring) 5 - Asset pooling IAA in place 6 - Officers on Wales Pool OWG	Marginal	Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 2 too high		Dec 2018	Regular ongoing monitoring by AP to consider if any action is necessary Second France Board requests to JGC/OWG are responded to (PL)	CPFM	28/02/2018	13/11/2017	Critical	Very High		
6	Services are not being delivered to meet legal and policy objectives	Insufficient staff numbers (e.g. sickness, resignation, retirement, unable to recruit) - current issues include age profile, implementation of asset pools and local authority pay grades.	T1	Critical	Significant		1 - 2017/18 business plan identifies key officer risk 2 - Review of admin structure in 2015/16 3 - Quarterly update reports consider resourcing matters 4 - Advisory Panel provide back up when required 5 - Additional resources, such as outsourcing, considered as part of business plan	Negligible	Very Low		Current impact 2 too high Current likelihood 2 too high		Sep 2018	1 - Finance team restructure (PL)	CPFM	31/12/2017	13/11/2017	Critical	Significant		
7	Legal requirements and/or guidance are not complied with	Those tasked with managing the Fund are not appropriately trained or do not understand their responsibilities (including recording and reporting breaches)	T2 / B1 / B2	Marginal	Very Low		1 - TPR Code Compliance review completed annually 2 - Annual internal and external audit reviews 3 - Breaches procedure also assists in identifying non-compliance areas (relevant individuals provided with a copy and training provided) 4 - Training policy in place (fundamental to understanding legal requirements) 5 - Use of nationally developed administration system 6 - Documented processes and procedures 7 - Strategies and policies often included statements or measures around legal requirements/guidance 8 - Wide range of advisers and AP in place 9 - Independent adviser in place including annual report which will highlight concerns	Negligible	Very Low		Current impact 1 too high		Dec 2017	Ongoing work to ensure breaches are identified and the procedure used appropriately 2 - Further documented processes (as part of TPR compliance) e.g. contribution payment failure	CPFM	28/02/2018	13/11/2017	Marginal	Very Low		

	Cllr D Hughes	Cllr H Bateman	Clir Billy Mullin	Clir R Small	Cllr N Williams/ Cllr T Bates	Clir H LL Jones	A Rutherford	S Hibbert
Committees (3hrs)								
June 2017	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
September 2017	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
November 2017								
Special Committee February 2018								
March 2018								
CIPFA Framework Requirements 2017/18 – 2019/20								
Governance (1 day)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Administration (1 day)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Funding & Actuarial (1 day)	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
Investments (1 day)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Accounting								
Additional Training & Hot Topics								
Pooling (Sept Committee)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
TPR Checklist (Sept Committee)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Statement of Accounts (Sept Cttee)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
CPF Annual Employer Administration Meeting (am)	✓	✓						✓
CPF Annual Joint Consultative Meeting (pm)						✓		✓

	Cllr D Hughes	Cllr H Bateman	Clir Billy Mullin	Cllr R Small	Cllr N Williams/ Cllr T Bates	Cllr H LL Jones	A Rutherford	S Hibbert
Pensions Regulator Modules								
Conflicts of Interest							✓	✓
Managing Risk & Internal Controls								✓
Maintaining Accurate Member Data								✓
Maintaining Contributions								✓
Providing Information to Members & Others								✓
Resolving Disputes								✓
Reporting Breaches								✓
Conferences (Restricted spaces)								
PLSA 16-18 May 2017								
CIPFA Pensions Network October 2017 (1 day)	✓		✓					✓
LGC Investment Summit (1.5 days) Sept 2017	✓	✓						✓
Allenbridge – LGPS Investment Costs – November 2017 (0.5 day)								✓
LAPFF Annual Conference (1.5 days) Dec 2017								
LGC Seminar (1.5 days) March 2018								
			Por	re 72				

CURRENT BREACHES OF THE LAW

Reference	09	Date red		27	/10/17		e breach	Ongoi	ng				
0.1	A	updated					olved	4					
Category	Admin (Joinei	istration ^{r)}	Owner		H Burnham		Reported TPR	to	No				
Description		,	end a No	tifica	ation of Join			a sche	eme				
cause of bre			To send a Notification of Joining the LGPS to a scheme member 2 months from date of joining (assuming										
			notification received from the employer), or within 1 month										
			of receiving jobholder information where the individual is										
					ly enrolled /								
			combination of late notification from employers and										
					/ CPF the le				ot				
		met.	•	-		Ū	•						
Quantification	on	Q1 1	7/18 C	omp	leted cases	54							
				In breach			8 61%						
		Q2 1		Completed cases			18						
			In breach 292 72%										
Possible eff			Late scheme information sent to member which may										
wider implic	ations		result in lack of understanding and/or complaint from member affecting scheme reputation.										
Reaction to	breach				ect where po			ne empl	oyers				
					nitted bodie			•					
		notif	cation of	nev	/ joiners (on	going	g). Set up d	of Emplo	oyer				
		Liais	on Team	(EL	T) to monito	or and	d provide jo	oiner de	tails				
		more	e timeless	sly. ⁻	Training of n	iew te	eam memb	ers to r	aise				
					ortance of t				g of				
					Pl's shared								
			further raise awareness of importance of timely										
			oletion of										
Outstanding	g action				dding in of n		_	ı. Identi	fying				
		whic	h employ	ers	are causing	dela	ys.						

Reference	10	Dat	te re	corded/	27	7/10/17	Da	te b	reach	13/11/	17
		upo	dated				resolved		ed		
Category	Admin	istra	tion	Owner		H Burnham	l Burnham		ported t	to	No
	(Defer	red)					R				
Description cause of bre			right than emp	s and opt 2 months loyer or fi	ion s from	ers who leaves as soon as om date of ir oscheme me e (< 1%) wa	s pra nitial emb	actic not er).	able and ification Of 284 of	d no mo (from cases	
Quantification	on		Q1 1	7/18 C	7/18 Completed cases			284	_		
				In	bre	each		1	<1%		
			Q2 1	7/18 C	om	pleted cases	3	323			
						each		3	<1%		
Possible efforting wider implication			Dela	yed unde	erst	anding of op	tion	s av	ailable t	o memb	ber
Reaction to	breach		Non	e.					·		
Outstanding	action	S	Non	e. No furt	her	action due	to sr	nall	number	S.	

Reference	11		corded/	27	7/10/17			reach	Ongoi	ng	
Category	Admin (Trans	updated istration for In)	Owner		H Burnham		Olve Re TP	ported	to	No	
Description cause of bre	and	Obta prov requ from and	ride quota lest. Brea l previous notificatio	tior ch sc n b	etails for train to member due to late ro heme and la by CPF. Curr	2 m ecei te co ently	r in, iontl pt o omp	and cal hs from f transfe pletion o aly 2 me	the date or inform f calcula mbers c	e of nation ation of	
Quantification	on		g require								
		Q2 1	7/18 C	om	each pleted cases each		26 77 22	29%			
Possible effective wider implication		hope may	ed. Could	l ha	g provided to ave some fin section to er	anci	al ir	nplicatio	ns. Mei	mbers	
Reaction to	breach	knov	Continued training of team members to increase knowledge and expertise to ensure that transfers are dealt with more timely.								
Outstanding	action		npletion of egation p		aining of tear esses.	n m	emb	ers in tr	ansfer a	and	

Reference	12	Dat	te rec	corded/	27	/10/17	Dat	te b	reach	Ongoing	
		upo	dated	l			res	olv	ed		
Category	Admin	istra	tion	Owner		H Burnhan	n	Re	ported t	to	No
	(Trans	fer o	ut)					TP	R		
Description	and		Brea	ach due	to la	te completio	n of	cal	culation	and	
cause of bre	ach		notif	ication b	y Cl	PF. Currently	y on	ly 2	membe	rs of tea	am
			fully	trained	to pr	ovide transf	er de	etai	ls due to	new te	am
			struc	cture and	d ad	ditional train	ing r	œqι	uirement	S.	
Quantification	on		Q1 1			oleted cases		77			
			In breach					21 27%			
		-	Q2 1					63			
					n bre			5	8%		
Possible effe			Information being provided to scheme members/new								
wider implic	ations		scheme later than hoped. Could have some financial								
			implications. Members and providers may contact the								
						e as to the p					
Reaction to		Continued training of team members to increase									
		knowledge and expertise to ensure that transfers are								е	
			dealt with more timely.								
Outstanding	action	S	Con	ipletion (of tra	aining of tea	m m	em	bers in ti	ransfer	and
			aggı	egation	proc	esses.					

Reference	13	Date re update	corded/ d	2	27/10/17	_	te bre		Ongoi	ng
Category	Admin (Retire benefit	istration ment	Owner		H Burnham	1	Rep TPR	orted t	0	No
Description cause of bre	date (NP Brea emp	e of retirement A) or 2 mon ach due to bloyer and I	en ntl a at	nount of retire if on or after the from date combination of AVC fund	er N of r of land	orma etirer ate no calcu	I Pension Pent if Internet if	on Age before I on by by CPF.	NPA. Also,	
Quantification	on		Q1 17/18 Completed cases 284 In breach 86 30% Q2 17/18 Completed cases 196 In breach 61 31%							
Possible effective wider implication		dea	Late payment of benefits which may miss payroll deadlines and result in accrual of interest on lump sums/pensions. Members upset about delays.							
Reaction to	breach	Roll inclu notin and alloo	Roll out of iConnect where possible to scheme employer including new admitted bodies to ensure monthly notification of retirees (ongoing). Set up of ELT to monitor and provide leaver details more timely. Prioritising of tas allocation. Set up of new process with one AVC provider to access AVC fund information.						onitor f task	
Outstanding	action	with	Further training of newly promoted team member to deal with volume of work. Identifying which employers are causing delays.							

Reference	14	Date		27/10/	′17			each	Ongoi	ng
		recorde update				res	olve	d		
Category	Admin (Estim	istration	Own	er	er H Burnham			orted t	0	No
Description cause of bre	as p requ Late	ractic lest ul comp	able, but able, but ables the solution of the	ons on requut no more there is a presoft calculations being made	han 2 vious n by	2 mo s requ CPF	nths frouest in and in	om date the last	of t year.	
Quantification	on		7/18	In bre	oleted cases		140 47 34% 155 65 41%			
Possible effective wider implication		resu	ılting i	n comp	of benefits/c laints and p ection contac	oor ι	ındeı	rstandir	ng/miss	ed
Reaction to	breach	requ own men	Introduction of MSS should alleviate the volume of requests received as member will be able to calculate own estimate through database. Further training of team members has been recognised. Task allocation reviewed by team leaders. Estimates have been prioritised.						eam	
Outstanding	action		Additional staff training.							

Reference	15	Date re	corded/	27/10/17	Da	ate b	reach	Ongoing						
		update			res		ed							
Category		istration	Owner	H Burnha	ım		ported t	:0	No					
	(Death	_				TP								
Description				notify depen	•	,			I					
cause of bre	each			on as possib			-		I					
				from date of					h, or					
				quest by a th		•	` • .							
). Due to late	com	pleti	on by CF	PF the I	egal					
				as not met.										
Possible eff				of benefit to	•				ause					
wider implic			further upset to relatives. Reputational damage.											
Quantification	on	Q1		pleted cases		41								
				reach		24	58%							
		Q2	17/18 Com	pleted cases		47								
			In bi	reach		31	66%							
Possible eff	ect and			of benefits w										
wider implic	ations	dea	dlines and	result in acc	rual o	of inte	erest on	lump						
		sun	s/pensions	s. Beneficiari	es up	set	about de	lays.						
Reaction to	breach		•	xity of calcul		•	•	•						
		members of team are fully trained and experienced to							to					
		complete the task. Further training of team is require							ed and					
		revi	ew of proce	ess to improv	e ou	tcom	ne.							
Outstanding	action	s Fur	her staff tra	aining require	ed an	d re	view of p	rocess	and					
		tasl	managem	ent.				task management.						

Reference	7		corded/	19/09/17	Date breac resolved	h Ongo	ing	
		update	d	re				
Category	Contrib	outions	ons Owner D Fielder		Reporte TPR	ed to	No	
Description cause of bre		Late	payments	by a small nu	mber of emp	loyers.		
Possible efformation wider implication		Ass payr coul	umptions re ment, not a	employers to langle garding fund dhering to this changed actus	ng assume re s regulatory re	egular mo equiremer	nthly nt	
Possible effective wider implication			•					
Reaction to	breach	mos	Issues raised with the employers and determined to be mostly one-off in nature. One employer remains outstanding (July – October).					
Outstanding	action	ns						

Reference	8	Date	recorded/	1	9/09/17	Da	te breach	Open	
		upda	dated		res		olved	-	
Category	Remitt Advice		Owner D Fielder Reported TPR			Reported t	to	No	
Description cause of bre		aı eı	elays in the p nalysis of pay mployer and e ay.	m	ents receive	ed su	ich as split b	etweer	ì
Possible effective wider implication		R	eputational.						
Possible eff	ect and								
Reaction to	Communication with the employers concerned has reduced the number outstanding as well as increasing the understanding of employers to the importance of the analysis.						_		
Outstanding	action		Most now received but continue to follow up with those employers with outstanding remittance advice.						





CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	29 November 2017
Report Subject	LGPS Current Issues
Report Author	Clwyd Pension Fund Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on the key issues affecting the LGPS as at November 2017 and makes recommendations for Members to review the update document found at Appendix 1 from Mercer. This covers many of the current ongoing issues and the latest news since the last Committee update in September, in particular:

- The anticipated April 2018 pension increase of 3% and the decision to remove the public sector pay cap for police and prison officers.
- Updates on the progress of current Regulations and Consultations the Section 13 exercise, the New Fair Deal consultation, Exit Payments and the Cost Management process.
- Concerns from ICAS (The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland) about the treatment of charities when they exit an LGPS Fund and the possible impact on the English and Welsh Funds.
- Member pension taxation issues, including Annual Allowance and Voluntary Scheme Pays.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	It is recommended that all Committee members note this report and make themselves aware of the various current issues affecting the LGPS, some of which are significant to the operation of the Fund.
2	In particular, members are asked to note:

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	LGPS Current Issues
1.01	The purpose of this report is to provide a general update to Committee Members on various current issues affecting the LGPS. Appendix 1 sets out a brief update on a number of significant specific issues, and also wider issues affecting the whole of the pensions industry.
1.02	 Key points to be aware of are: April 2018 pension increase will be 3% based on the September CPI inflation rate. This will have a small detrimental effect on the funding position of the LGPS. The removal of the public sector pay cap initially for police and prison officers. If this is then applied to Local Government then there will be an impact on pensionable salaries and ultimately on the liabilities for the Fund (given an allowance for the current cap was made as part of the 2016 valuation). The impact of any announcements made in the Autumn Budget. Response to the New Fair Deal consultation is now not expected until the New Year. The Government is planning to issue consultations on exit payments and claw back provisions around Christmas time. Concerns from ICAS (The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland) about the treatment of charities when they exit an LGPS Fund and the possible impact on the English and Wales Funds. Cost Management - These calculations may lead to compensatory benefit or member contribution changes from the date of change which would be 2019 at the earliest. For Voluntary (as opposed to Mandatory) Scheme Pays, the deadline for the Fund to pay tax charges on behalf of members to HMRC is by 31 January 2018.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	Some of the actions arising out of the issues identified will take significant input from Fund officers, including but not limited to responding enquiries regarding pension tax implications.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report but noting the developments in the highlighted areas.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	This report addresses some of the risks identified in the Fund's Risk Register. Specifically, this covers the following (either in whole or in part): • Governance risks: G2 & G7.
4.02	Some key risks need to be considered. In particular the outcome of the Cost Management process and the consultation on Indexation and Equalisation of GMPs, the findings of the Government Actuary's Department on the Section 13 exercise and the outcome of the Autumn Budget. Matters arising will need to be dealt with under the overall Governance objectives.
	This report also is intended to support the Knowledge & Understanding of the Commitee and officers thereby reducing risk around decision making as per the Risk Register noted in 4.01.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 – LGPS Current Issues - November 2017 edition

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS	
6.01	Earlier editions of the LGPS Current Issues document, tabled at previous Committee meetings.		
	Contact Officer: Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager		
	Telephone: 01352 702264		
	E-mail:	philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk	

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	(a) The Fund – Clwyd Pension Fund – The Pension Fund managed by Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region
	(b) Administering Authority or Scheme Manager – Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.
	(c) The Committee – Clwyd Pension Fund Committee - the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund
	(d) LPB or PB – Local Pension Board or Pension Board – each LGPS Fund has an LPB. Their purpose is to assist the administering authority in ensuring compliance with the scheme regulations, TPR requirements and efficient and effective governance and administration

of the Fund.

- (e) **GAD** The Government Actuary's Department.
- (f) **LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme** the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of
- (g) **DCLG Department for Communities and Local Government** Central Government department responsible for the LGPS
- (h) **LGA The Local Government Association** a politically-led, crossparty organisation that works on behalf of councils to ensure local government has a strong, credible voice with national government. Performs various Secretariat and support roles for the LGPS.
- (i) Actuarial Valuation The formal valuation assessment of the Fund detailing the solvency position and determine the contribution rates payable by the employers to fund the cost of benefits and make good any existing shortfalls as set out in the separate Funding Strategy Statement.
- (j) GMP Guaranteed Minimum Pension This is the minimum level of pension which occupational pension schemes in the UK have to provide for those employees who were contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme (SERPS) between 6 April 1978 and 5 April 1997.
- (k) **CARE Career Average Revalued Earnings** With effect from 1 April 2014, benefits accrued by members in the LGPS take the form of CARE benefits. Every year members will accrue a pension benefit equivalent to 1/49th of their pensionable pay in that year. Each annual pension accrued receives inflationary increases (in line with the annual change in the Consumer Prices Index) over the period to retirement.
- (I) **Annual Allowance** the annual allowance is a limit on the capital amount that individuals can contribute to their pension each year, while still receiving tax relief. The standard Annual Allowance is £40,000 in any year. For members who taxable earnings are over £110,000 they can fall into the Tapered Annual Allowance which falls between £10,000 and £40,000 depending on their level of earnings.
- (m)Fair Deal guidance issued by the Government which applies to compulsory transfers of employment out of the public sector. Updated guidance was issued in October 2013, referred to as "New Fair Deal", which amends some of the previous guidance.
- (n) **Scheme Pays** the option for a member to ask the Fund to pay any tax associated with breaching the Annual Allowance. The Mandatory Scheme Pays option applied where a members exceeds the statutory Annual Allowance limit of £40,000. The Voluntary Scheme Pays option applies when a member falls into Tapered Annual Allowance or their tax charge is less then £2,000. Voluntary Scheme Pays can be used at the discretion of the Administering Authority.



NEWS IN BRIEF

APRIL 2018 PENSION INCREASE

On 17 October 2017, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) announced that the Consumer Price Index (CPI) rate of inflation for the year to September 2017 was 3%. This increase will be applied to LGPS pensions with effect from 1 April 2018.

PUBLIC SECTOR PAY CAP

The Government confirmed that it would be lifting the public sector pay cap for both police and prison officers. The Cabinet agreed a 1.7% rise for prison officers and a 2% rise for police officers in 2017/18. There's still no word on the other public sector areas, however, the autumn budget may give further information on the plans for the cap in the future.

AUTUMN BUDGET

The Autumn Budget will be published on 22 November 2017. We will update you with the outcomes in due course.

NATIONAL INITIATIVES

- Section 13 Initial indications are that the results of the Section 13 exercise may not be available until mid 2018. In advance of this we will be providing Funds with our own interactive comparison database that compares the results of the 2016 actuarial valuations on 'like for like' assumptions for all England and Wales LGPS Funds. It will provide an initial indication of where each Fund may sit in the Section 13 Report once it is published.
- Cost Management 2016 Discussions are still taking place within the subcommittee relating to the assumptions to adopt and whilst it had been hoped that material progress would be made in time for discussions in early 2018, this now looks unlikely. Whilst it was initially hoped that Regulation would be in place by April 2019 in time for the 2019 valuation, this now looks like it may be put back to April 2020. Although hopefully it will become clear before then what any impact will be so that this can be factored into the 2019 valuation.

IN THIS ISSUE

- News in Brief
- Other Developments on Regulations and Consultation
- Taxation Round Up
- Dates to Remember
- Meet the Team
- Contacts



DATA QUALITY

We will shortly be requesting data extracts from Funds to perform data quality analysis in our updated tool. The current tool will include trend analysis to enable Funds to monitor how data quality improves. Given TPR's increasing interest in the LGPS, this will be a useful exercise for Funds to demonstrate their focus on data quality.

Note that on part of the annual scheme return process, TPR are intending to ask more detailed questions in relation to the data held by LGPS Funds.

ICAS CONCERNS OVER THE TREATMENT OF CHARITIES IN THE LGPS WITHIN SCOTLAND

Concerns have been raised by ICAS (The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland) about charities that are effectively trapped building up unaffordable pension liabilities within the LGPS as leaving would potentially incur a significant exit charge. They have urged the Government to rethink the treatment of charities and have asked them to consider some recommendations including changes to the Regulations to prevent automatic exit, allowing more flexibility in the payment terms and reconsidering the assumptions that should be used in the calculation of the termination payment. This is a concern for many Funds and it will be interesting to see if the Scottish Government takes notice of the concerns from ICAS and whether there will be any knock on impact for England and Wales Funds.

MIFID II

It was initially feared that MIFID II would lead to Funds being unable to access more sophisticated investment strategies and asset classes. However, the FCA has softened its interpretation of the directive to allow LGPS funds to more easily opt up to become sophisticated investors. MIFID II will be implemented with effect from 3 January 2018 and LGPS Funds that wish to "opt-up" will need to complete the process well in advance of this date.

ASSET POOLING

LGPS Funds must begin transitioning assets to the new investment pools from April next year. DCLG have said that individual schemes should look to move any assets, regardless of liquidity, into the pools "as soon as possible". All new investments made by LGPS Funds should be made through an asset pool "unless there is a clear case that can be made" for investing through a different route.

Looking further ahead, Funds will have to justify any assets they hold outside of new pools once the vehicles are up and running, according to the government department overseeing the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS).

INDEXATION AND EQUALISATION OF GMPS

It is expected that the government response to the GMP indexation and equalisation for public sector schemes consultation will be published by the end of this year, to give the schemes time to put the solution in place before April 2018.



OTHER DEVELOPMENTS ON REGULATIONS AND CONSULTATION

NEW FAIR DEAL

Following the consultation carried out last year, further details and clarifications needed have been identified. We believe that a further consultation may be needed on an updated set of provisions to apply the principles of New Fair Deal to the LGPS, and expect to hear more in the new year.

EXIT PAYMENTS AND CLAW BACK PROVISIONS

The Government is planning to issue consultations on these around Christmas time. The exit payment cap consultation will relate to the new draft Regulations required to allow for the cap and which organisations are affected. The claw back provisions consultations will only relate to which organisations are affected by the claw back provisions for employees returning to a public sector post within 12 months. In addition, DCLG is considering the overall framework for exit payment reform that was issued by the Government last year but it is not expected to take any action until the consultations have been issued.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT PENSION SCHEME (SCOTLAND) **REGULATIONS 2018**

The Scottish Public Pensions Agency (SPPA) is currently consulting on a set of draft regulations for the Local Government Pension Scheme (Scotland). Following the implementation of the reforms from 1 April 2015, work has continued to identify areas in the regulations that require further clarification and correction. The consolidated 2018 Regulations have been designed to clarify these existing provisions and to make some suggested changes from stakeholders that have been agreed by SPPA.

In particular, it has been proposed to amend the Regulations to be more flexible when employers leave the Scheme (for example removing the 3 year maximum timeframe to suspend the debt payable and to provide a refund of surplus where applicable). It has also been proposed that the administering authority calculates the pension earned via a transfer in, in accordance with provisions in the guidance issued by Scottish Ministers.

The deadline for the consultation is 1 January 2018. Further information can be found here:



TAXATION ROUND UP

ANNUAL ALLOWANCE

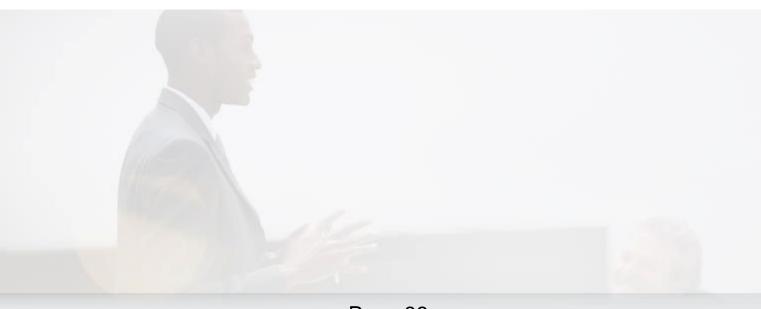
By now, Funds should have already provided members with Pension Savings Statements in cases where the standard annual allowance of £40,000 was breached in 2016/17, in order that they can consider how they will meet any charges emerging. However, 2016/17 is the first tax year where some members will be subject to a tapered annual allowance of between £10,000 and £40,000 depending on their "Threshold" and "Adjusted" income levels and it's likely that Funds may not have issued Pension Saving Statements to these members as standard (given Funds won't be aware of what other income members are in receipt of).

Although the responsibility for pension taxation lies ultimately with the individuals, we would still suggest Funds consider issuing a reminder to members to consider whether they are impacted by the tapered annual allowance as if they are, and they have breached their allowance, the process for meeting the tax charges arising potentially differs i.e. the member would have to opt for Voluntary Scheme Pays rather than Mandatory Scheme Pays should they wish the Fund to meet the tax charge (see comment below).

VOLUNTARY SCHEME PAYS DEADLINE

Where a tapered annual allowance is breached, unless member's will meet the tax charge directly, they will have to ask the Funds to use Voluntary Scheme Pays for any excess pension accrual in excess of the tapered annual allowance but below the standard allowance of £40,000. Mandatory Scheme pays can still be used for any excess accrual above £40,000 (where the tax charge is greater than £2,000).

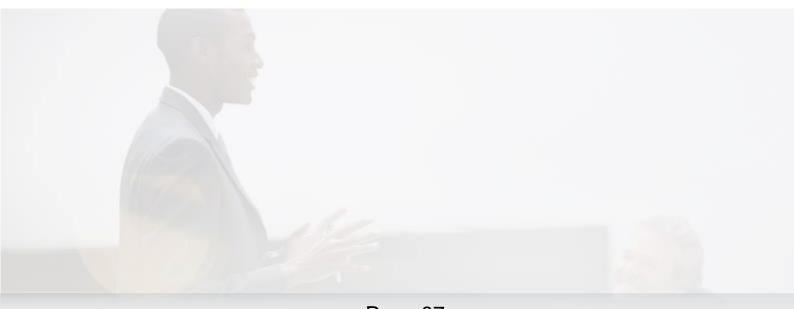
As set out in the September version of our Current Issues, the key difference between Voluntary and Mandatory Scheme pays are the deadlines. For Voluntary Scheme Pays, the deadline for Funds to pay tax charges, on behalf of members to HMRC is by 31 January 2018. This will typically mean that Funds will need to include the payment as part of their quarterly return to HMRC i.e. by 31 December 2017. For any members wishing to use Voluntary Scheme Pays, we would expect they will need to have notified their Fund in the coming weeks of the amounts due in order that the payments can be processed in time.



As referred to above, if Funds haven't done so already, we would suggest Funds look to issue a general communication to members making them aware of the deadlines for Voluntary Scheme Pays so they can consider if they are affected by the tapered annual allowance in 2016/17.

Assistance

Given the complexities around Pension Taxation and in particular, the annual allowance, we have hosted a number of tax training seminars and guidance sessions recently for employers and individuals highlighting the key areas. The response from delegates to these sessions (after the initial shock in some cases that they might be affected by the tapered annual allowance and that they have to act now!) has been positive. Our tax specialists are also in the position of being able to provide individual financial advice to members (at the member's expense) where requested. Should you require further information about what we can offer here then please contact your usual Mercer consultant for further details.



DATES TO REMEMBER

DATE	ISSUE	THE LATEST
22 November 2017	Autumn Statement	The Chancellor is set to give the Autumn Budget 2017 on
		22 November, as the update on country's finances is
		switched from the Spring
31 December 2017	VAT on pension	For DB schemes, the transitional period during which
	scheme costs	employers can recover VAT under existing arrangements
		has been extended to this date.
1 January 2018	Scottish Regulations	Deadline for response to the Consultation
	2018	
3 January 2018	MiFID II	MiFID II becomes effective from this date.
31 January 2018	Tax	Voluntary Scheme Pays Deadline
31 March 2018	Actuarial Valuation	Deadline for the 2017 Scottish actuarial valuation
		exercises to have been formally signed off by the fund
		actuary.
25 May 2018	Data protection	Date by which EU member states must comply with the
		new General Data Protection Regulation.
March 2019	Brexit	It is expected that the UK will formally leave the EU by the
		end of this month.



MEET SOME OF THE TEAM -

THINGS YOU MAYBE DIDN'T KNOW



NAME: Jonathan Perera

ROLE: Actuarial and Benefits Consultant

JOINED MERCER: 2001

PLACE OF BIRTH: Hull, East Yorkshire

FAVOURITE FILM: Platoon

DREAM HOLIDAY DESTINATION: Maldives

X FACTOR OR STRICTLY: Neither!

CHRISTMAS WISH LIST: Call of Duty: WW2



NAME: Nikki Gemmell

ROLE: Actuarial Consultant **JOINED MERCER: 2007**

PLACE OF BIRTH: Bellshill, Lanarkshire, Scotland

FAVOURITE FILM: Uncle Buck, Independence Day, Pretty

Woman, Bridget Jones's Baby, too many to choose!

DREAM HOLIDAY DESTINATION: Hawaii

X FACTOR OR STRICTLY: X Factor but I miss it most weeks! CHRISTMAS WISH LIST: A trip to Hawaii (or a weekend away

if not!)



NAME: Nigel Thomas

ROLE: Benefits & Governance Consultant

JOINED MERCER: 1998

PLACE OF BIRTH: Whiston, Merseyside

FAVOURITE FILM: The Godfather

DREAM HOLIDAY DESTINATION: Australia - been once, but

need to go back!

X FACTOR OR STRICTLY: Strictly, of course!

CHRISTMAS WISH LIST: A telescope

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CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Administration and Communications Update
Report Author	Pensions Administration Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

An update is on each quarterly Committee agenda and includes a number of administration and communications related items for information or discussion. The items for this quarter are:

- (a) A Business Plan 2017/18 Quarter 2 update for Administration and Communications (Appendix 1) and the Employer Liaison Team (Appendix 2)
- (b) Current Developments and News
- (c) Administration and communications related policy/strategy implementation and monitoring

There has been slight slippage in the Administration and Communications Business Plan, due to the Website and MSS being delayed, however these have now been launched and noted within the Business Plan.

RECO	RECOMMENDATIONS	
1	That the Committee consider the update and provide any comments.	

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	ADMINISTRATION AND COMMUNICATIONS RELATED MATTERS
	Business Plan 2017/18 Update
1.01	Appendices 1 and 2 provides a summary of progress against the Administration and Communications Section and Employer Liaison Team sections of the Business Plan up to the end of quarter 2 (July to September 2017). The majority of items are as originally planned but the Committee is asked to note the following:
	 The website was launched in October and Member Self Service earlier this month (November). Workforce planning is complete for all areas within Pensions Administration. In particular, both the Operational Team and Employer Liaison Team have had additional resource and/or change of roles albeit some are on a temporary basis which will need to be reviewed in the next 12 months. Whilst additional resource has been secured, an extensive training plan has commenced to ensure all staff have the required knowledge and understanding to perform their relevant duties. Due to the complexity of the LGPS and the need for this ongoing training, the benefit of the additional resource will take time to reflect in the performance of the section. The Employer Liaison Team continues to have a positive impact however no other employers are being actively approached at this stage, nevertheless, if an employer is requiring our assistance we would discuss a solution with them. Ongoing discussions are being undertaken with Mercers in relation to the aggregation project and, as such, the additional budget requirements have not yet been determined.
1.02	The Committee is asked to note the contents of the business plan.
1.03	Current Developments and News
	 A separate LGPS Update report has been provided by Mercer and included with the Committee papers. Particular points to note in relation to the impact on Clwyd Pension Fund are as follows: Whilst Mercers will be requesting data extracts to perform data quality analysis in their new updated tool, we are hopeful that the continued implementation of iConnect will result in significant improvement in our data. Pension Saving Statements have been issued to all those that have exceeded their Annual Allowance within the Clwyd Pension Fund. The statements encourage those individuals to seek tax advice.

1.04	Policy and Strategy Implementation	on and Mor	nitoring		
	Administration Strategy As reported at the last Committee (Strategy and resources matters, the 3.7 vacathrough the recruitment process and commenced on 1 November and the positions shortly.	nt Pension d have all	Assista been fil	nt posts h led. Two	ave been members
1.05	 The latest monitoring information Administration is outlined below: Current Cases – Appendix 3 processors received and completed owell as how this is split in relation other employers. As can be see occurred in July, due to the year-arose in September, due to outs Council. Key performance indicators (KPIs against the key performance indicators indicators) as can be seen there has percentages of cases not meeting due to staff movement/turnarous implemented to address the low deaths cases. 	ovides the n a monthle to our threen, a large end proces ourcing of a later that is been fluctions that is the KPIs.	analysis y basis ee unitar increase s, and a staff fror lix 4 show are mea tuation i This ha raining.	of the nusince Aprily authorities in cases nother big m Flintship ws our persured on the number of t	umbers of 2017 as es and all received increase re County formance a monthly bers and nain been ave been
1.06	Below is a summary of the internal dispute resolution cases that have been received in the last 12 months. Of the appeals received against employers at Stage 1 in the current year 2017/18, 6 are based on the non-payment of ill health benefits or the level of benefits awarded, 1 is based on the non-payment of deferred benefits on compassionate grounds. There has been 1 appeal received against the Administering Authority which is in relation to a late payment of deferred benefits. 3 cases were progressed to Stage 2, 2 in respect of the employer and non-payment of ill health benefits and 1 against the administering authority for late payment of deferred benefits. All appeals at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 and 2 were subsequently rejected at Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the employer for review				
			re subse		
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1		re subse or review		
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1		re subse or review		
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the e	Received	re subse or review 201	7/18 Rejected	ejected at
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the e	Received 7	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1	ejected at Ongoing
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the electron stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers	Received 7 1 2	re subse or review 201 Upheld	7/18 Rejected 4 1	ejected at
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the e	Received 7	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1 1	ejected at
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the electron stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers	Received 7 1 2	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1 1 1 6/17	Ongoing 2
	at Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the electron stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers	Received 7 1 2	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1 1	ejected at Ongoing
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	Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Administering Authority Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Employers	Received 7 1 2 1 Received 7	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1 1 1 6/17 Rejected 7 1 3	Ongoing 2
1.07	Stage 2 were rejected at Stage 1 Stage 2. 1 was referred back to the e Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Administering Authority Stage 2 - Against Employers Stage 2 - Against Administering Authority Stage 1 - Against Employers Stage 1 - Against Administering Authority	Received 7 1 2 1 Received 7	re subse or review 201 Upheld 1 1	7/18 Rejected 4 1 1 6/17 Rejected 7 1	Ongoing 2

implementation of these projects will be providing a demonstration of both at the Committee.

The website has separate areas for a number of different audiences as follows:

- Active Members
- Deferred Members
- Pensioner Members
- Employers
- Councillors

There are also specific areas for Funding, Investments and Governance, links to our external partners e.g. Local Government Association and a comprehensive suite of reports, papers and strategies.

Member Self Service allows all members of the Clwyd Pension Fund with the facility to view their pension records on line and to be able to update certain aspects of their records e.g. their nominated beneficiaries of their death grant.

- 1.08 The main communication that has been distributed since the last Committee has been the Activation Keys allowing members to gain access to their records via MSS.
- Following the review of the CPF AVC portfolio, all current members contributing to a Prudential AVC have been corresponded with. This communication sets out the options available to those members should they wish to alter their investments choices following the changes. All responses are being directed back to Prudential.

Delegated Responsibilities

1.10 The Pension Fund Committee has delegated a number of responsibilities to officers or individuals. No delegated responsibilities were used in the last quarter in relation to administration and communication matters.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	Appendix 5 provides the dashboard showing the current risks relating to administration and communications. Since the last update, it has been necessary to review the actions relating to the following risks:

- Unable to meet legal and performance expectations (including inaccuracies and delays) due to staff issues (risk reference 1) Changes are due to the establishment of an Aggregation team and that recruitment to outstanding vacancies have been filled.
- Unable to meet legal and performance expectations (including inaccuracies and delays) due to employer issues (risk reference 2) -Changes made due to vacancies having been filled within the Employer Liaison Team.
- Service Provision is interrupted (risk reference 6) Updated due to a full disaster recovery being completed on Wednesday 6 September with a number of ongoing follow up points.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 - 2017/18 Business plan update (Administration and Communications) Appendix 2 - 2017/18 Business plan update (Employer Liaison Team) Appendix 3 - Current Cases Appendix 4 - Key Performance indicators Appendix 5 - Risk Register

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS	
6.01	Report to Pension Fund Committee – Business Plan 2017/8 to 2019/20 – 21 March 2017	
	Contact Officer:	Helen Burnham, Pensions Administration Manager
	Telephone:	01352 702872
	E-mail:	helen.burnham@flintshire.gov.uk

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS	
7.01	(a) The Fund – Clwyd Pension Fund – The Pension Fund managed by Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region	
	(b) Administering authority or scheme manager – Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.	
	(c) The Committee – Clwyd Pension Fund Committee - the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund	
	(d) LPB or PB – Local Pension Board or Pension Board – each LGPS Fund has an LPB. Their purpose is to assist the administering	
	authority in ensuring compliance with the scheme regulations, TPR	

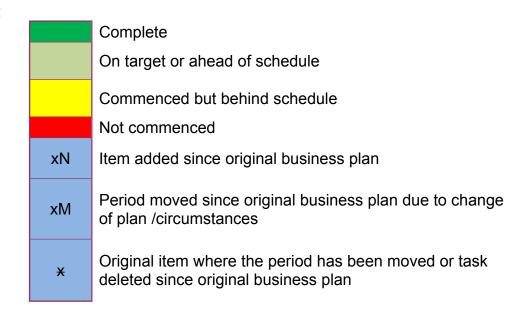
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- requirements and efficient and effective governance and administration of the Fund.
- (e) **LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme** the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of
- (f) SIP Statement of Investment Principles the main document that outlines our strategy in relation to the investment of assets in the Clwyd Pension Fund
- (g) **FSS Funding Strategy Statement** the main document that outlines how we will manage employers contributions to the Fund
- (h) **TPR The Pensions Regulator** a government organisation with legal responsibility for oversight of some matters relating to the delivery of public service pensions including the LGPS and CPF.
- (i) SAB The national Scheme Advisory Board the national body responsible for providing direction and advice to LGPS administering authorities and to DCLG.
- (j) **DCLG Department of Communities and Local Government** the government department responsible for the LGPS legislation.
- (k) **AVC Additional Voluntary Contributions** provided by Prudential

Business Plan 2017/8 to 2019/20 – Q2 Update Administration and Communications

Key Tasks

Key:



Administration (including Communications) Tasks

Ref	Key Action –Task	2017/18	Period		Later Years				
1 (0)	regriouen rack	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018/19	2019/20		
A1	Development of Workflow Management including Data improvements	х							
A2	Website Launch	х							
A3	Member Self Service	х	х						
A4	Workforce Planning	х							
A5	Backlog to 31 March 2013 (Mercers)	х							
A6	Electronic and Centralised internal procedures	х	х	х	х				
A7	Move to Electronic Annual Benefit Statements	х		х		х			
A8	GMP Reconciliation	х	х	х	х	х	х		
A9	i-Connect		х	х	х	х	х		

Administration and Communication Task Descriptions

A1 – Development of Workflow Management including Data Improvements

What is it?

Following the requirement to provide Key Performance Indicators, to improve the quality of data and to identify/record Breaches, a full review is being undertaken of our workflow systems and data quality to enable identification of issues and plans to resolve these issues.

Timescales and Stages

Develop workflow management 2017/18 Q1 Identify data improvement requirements 2017/18 Q1

Resource and Budget Implications

To be completed by the Pensions Administration Team. Internal costs are being met from the existing budget.

A2 - Website Launch

What is it?

Following a review of the Pension Fund Website in 2016/17, a new look website on the Member Self Service platform is to be launched.

Timescales and Stages

Launch alongside Member Self Service

2017/18 Q1

Resource and Budget Implications

All internal costs to be met from the existing budget.

A3 - Member Self Service

What is it?

Member Self-Service (MSS) will provide members with an easy-to-use interface which will enable them to access information, undertake data amendments, view their documents and carry out benefit projections online without taking up valuable administration staff time.

Timescales and Stages

Implement System	2017/18 Q1
Advise all scheme members of MSS availability	2017/18 Q1
Presentations and on-going promotions	2017/18 Q1/Q2

Resource and Budget Implications

To be led by the Pensions Administration Manager and implemented by the Technical Team with assistance from the Operational Team. The cost of the MSS system is included within the budget figures.

A4 Workforce Planning

What is it?

To ensure that a plan is in place to review the Pensions Administration workforce due to the age profile of staff, to have appropriate succession planning, and to provide all training requirements.

Timescales and Stages

Develop workforce plan

2017/18 Q1

Resource and Budget Implications

All internal costs to be met from the existing budget.

A5 – Backlog to 31 March 2013 (Mercers)

What is it?

A backlog of tasks prior to 31 March 2013 amounting to approximately 2,500 member cases was identified. This has now been reduced to approximately 200 but further interpretation of data relating to those cases is taking longer to resolve than expected.

Timescales and Stages

Clear cases externally and eliminate backlog

2017/18 Q1

Resource and Budget Implications

A proportion of the budget has been transferred into 2017/18 from 2016/17.

A6 – Electronic and Centralised internal procedures

Developing an on-line procedures manual for use by the Pensions Administration staff. This will amalgamate, expand and update current procedure documents ensure consistency, easy access and efficient working as well as providing a useful training tool.

Timescales and Stages

This is a lower priority project and will be completed as and when resource allows. Develop, collate, update and maintain 2017/18

Resource and Budget Implications

To be carried out by the full Pensions Administration team. All internal costs to be met from the existing budget.

A7 Move to Electronic Annual Benefit Statements What is it?

Following the implementation of Member Self Service, the move from paper based Annual Benefit Statements to Electronic is being planned for the 2018 statements. In order to comply with disclosure requirements the Clwyd Pension Fund will be writing out to the home address of all categories of membership within the Clwyd Pension Fund on at least two occasions to notify them on this change.

Timescales and Stages

First communication to all members 2017/18 Q1 Second communication to all members 2017/18 Q3

Resource and Budget Implications

All internal costs to be met from the existing budget.

A8- GMP Reconciliation

What is it?

The government's announcement that contracting out will cease and that HMRC will no longer by responsible for maintaining GMP and other contracting out member records. This means that the onus will be on individual funds to ensure that the contracting out and GMP data they hold on their systems matches up to the data held by HMRC before they cease holding these records. Unfortunately this has shown significant discrepancies between the two sets of data, and a significant amount of work will be required to determine the correct benefits, ensure all systems are updated and to process a potentially significant number of over/underpayment calculations.

After the records are reconciled for former pensionable employees, the Fund must also ensure the accuracy of national insurance information held for active members. All GMP's and national insurance information must be reconciled by December 2018, the date the HMRC will cease to provide their services. The timescales below are subject to change depending on the magnitude of the work.

Timescales and Stages

GMP data reconciliation and investigation 2017/18 & 2018/19 Reconciliation of national insurance information 2017/18 & 2018/19

(Active Members)

Benefit correction and system updates: 2018/19 & 2019/20

Resource and Budget Implications

Due to the magnitude of this project it is being outsourced. A tender process has resulted in this work being awarded to Equiniti and the estimated cost has been included in the budget for 2017/18.

A9 - iConnect

What is it?

On-line computer module that will allow information to be submitted by employers more directly and efficiently into the pension administration system. It involves employers uploading data directly into iConnect from their payroll systems. iConnect will be available to all employers of the Fund. The first stage will be ensuring that the correct member records are held on the administration system before entering into testing and live roll out of the system. This will be done on a phased basis by employer. Denbighshire County Council, Bodelwyddan Castle Trust and Prestatyn Town Council have been successfully implemented.

Timescales and Stages

Coleg Cambria/North Wales Fire/Glyndwr 2017/18

FCC, WCBC and all other relevant Employers 2018/19 & 2019/20

Resource and Budget Implications

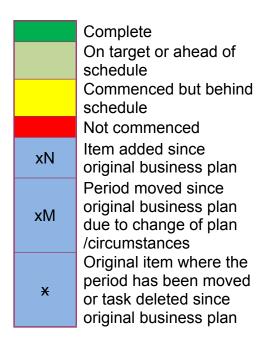
There will be a time and resource commitment required from employers. All internal costs are being met from existing budget. The system cost is also incorporated into the budget.



Business Plan 2017/8 to 2019/20 – Q2 Update Employer Liaison Team

Key Tasks

Key:



Employer Liaison Team Tasks

Ref	Key Action –Task	2017/18	Period		Later Years				
	- ,	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018/19	2019/20		
E3	Design reporting information and procedures	х	х						
E4	Staff training for WCBC data extraction	х	х						
E6	Liaise with new employers for potential agreements	х	х	х	х	х			

Employer Liaison Team Task Descriptions

E3 – Design financial reporting and recharge procedures What is it?

Consider the staff time spent and tasks completed in order to break down charges to be applied to each employer.

Timescales and Stages

Formulate reporting and recharge procedures:

2017/18 Q1/2

E4 – Staff training for WCBC payroll systems

What is it?

Arrange for staff training at Wrexham to be carried out for all ELT staff in order to navigate, run reports and collate data from each of the systems used.

Timescales and Stages

Complete training and update procedures:

2017/18 Q1/2

E6 – Liaise with other employers for potential agreementsWhat is it?

Consider capacity of the Employer Liaison Team and review the service standards being recorded against other Fund employers with a view to offering the ELT service to a wider range of employers.

Timescales and Stages

Consider current and potential staffing levels: 2017/18

Review service standards and open contact with employers: 2017/18-18/19

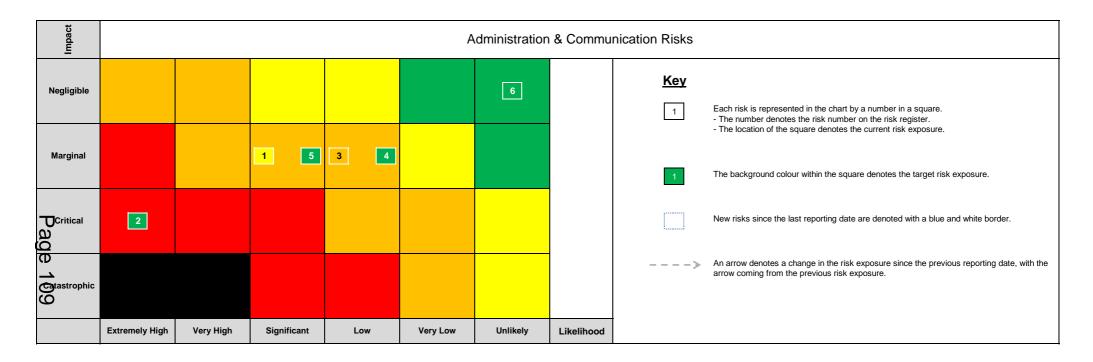
				Currer	nt Case	es						
Cases 17/18												
	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18
DCC Start Total	1783	1573	1633	1574	1589	1555	1713					
DCC Completed	301	255	430	339	302	248	316					
DCC Added	168	318	371	360	277	418	690					
DCC Remaining	1650	1636	1574	1595	1564	1725	1970					
FCC Start Total	2505	2515	2491	2530	2897	3307	3785					
FCC Completed	577	492	748	809	485	856	566					
FCC Added	590	471	807	1179	909	1430	995					
FCC Remaining	2518	2494	2550	2900	3321	3881	3864					
WCBC Start Total	1769	1647	1794	1633	1699	1791	1949					
WCBC Completed	358	361	324	200	156	283	182					
WCBC Added	264	521	219	267	251	454	571					
WCBC Remaining	1675	1807	1635	1700	1794	1962	2218					
Other Start Total	754	743	761	750	755	875	829					
Other Completed	203	217	273	186	222	209	175					
Other Added	187	243	207	202	333	167	322					
Other Remaining	738	751	749	766	866	833	892					
All Start Total	6811	6478	6679	6487	6940	7528	8276					
All Completed	1439	1325	1775	1534	1165	1596	1239					
All Added	1209	1553	1604	2008	1770	2469	2578					
All Remaining	6581	6688	6508	6961	7545	8401	8944					

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Clwyd Pension Fund - Administration Strategy Key Performance Indicators

			Α							В		,			С		
	Process	Legal Requirement	% ¹	No. ²	% ¹	No. ²	% ¹ No. ²	Overall	% ³	No. ²	% ³ No. ²	% ³ No. ²	CPF Administration element target	% ³	No. ²	%³ No	. ² % ³ No. ²
			Oct	-17	Nov-	-17	Dec-17		Oct-	17	Nov-17	Dec-17		00	t-17	Nov-17	Dec-17
1	To send a Notification of Joining the LGPS to a scheme member	2 months from date of joining (assuming notification received from the employer), or within 1 month of receiving jobholder information where the individual is being automatically enrolled / re-enrolled	72%	355				46 working days from date of joining (ie 2 months)	72%	355			15 working days from receipt of all information	97%	355		
2	To inform members who leave the scheme of their leaver rights and options	As soon as practicable and no more than 2 months from date of initial notification (from employer or from scheme member)		165				46 working days from date of leaving	46%	165			15 working days from receipt of all information	48%	165		
3	Obtain transfer details for transfer in, and calculate and provide quotation to member	2 months from the date of request	48%	21				46 working days from date of request	48%	21			20 working days from receipt of all information	95%	21		
4	Provide details of transfer value for transfer out, on request	3 months from date of request (CETV estimate)	96%	53				46 working days from date of request	92%	53			20 working days from receipt of all information	92%	53		
5	Notification of amount of retirement benefits	1 month from date of retirement if on or after Normal Pension Age or 2 months from date of retirement if before Normal Pension Age ⁴	79%	84				23 working days from date of retirement	85%	84			10 working days from receipt of all information	93%	84		
6	Providing quotations on request for retirements	As soon as is practicable, but no more than 2 months from date of request unless there has already been a request in the last 12 months		59				46 working days from date of request	71%	59			15 working days from receipt of all information	54%	59		
7	Calculate and notify dependant(s) of amount of death benefits	As soon as possible but in any event no more than 2 months from date of becoming aware of death, or from date of request by a third party (e.g. personal representative)	E00/	10				25 working days from date of death	10%	10			15 working days from receipt of all information	10%	10		

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16 November 2017

Clwyd Pension Fund - Control Risk Register

Administration & Communication Risks

- Objectives extracted from Administration Strategy (03/2017) and Communications Strategy (04/2016):

 A1 Provide a high quality, professional, proactive, timely and customer focused administration service to the Fund's stakeholders

 A2 Administer the Fund in a cost effective and efficient manner utilising technology appropriately to obtain value for money

 A3 Ensure the Fund's employers are aware of and understand their roles and responsibilities under the LGPS regulations and in the delivery of the administration functions of the Fund

 A4 Ensure the correct benefits are paid to, and the correct income collected from, the correct people at the correct time

 A5 Maintain accurate records and ensure data is protected and has authorised use only

 C1 Promote the Scheme as a valuable benefit and provide sufficient information so members can make informed decisions about their benefits

- C2 Communicate in a clear, concise manner
- C3 Ensure we use the most appropriate means of communication, taking into account the different needs of different stakeholders
 C4 Look for efficiencies in delivering communications through greater use of technology and partnership working
- C5 Regularly evaluate the effectiveness of communications and shape future communications appropriately

Ris	k Risk Overview (this will happen)	Risk Description (if this happens)	Strategic objectives at risk (see key)	Current impact (see key)	Current likelihood (see key)	Current Risk Status	Internal controls in place	Target Impact (see key)	Target Likelihood (see key)	Target Risk Status	Meets target?	Date Not Met Target From	Expected Back On Target	Further Action and Owner	Risk Manager	Next review date	Last Updated
1	Unable to meet legal and performance expectations (including inaccuracies and delays) due to staff issues	That there are poorly trained staff and/or we can't recruit/retain sufficient quality of staff, including potentially due to pay grades	All	Marginal	Significant		1 - Training Policy, Plan and monitoring in place 2 - BP 2017/18 improvements assist with staff engagement 3 - Benefit consultants available to assist if required 4 - Ongoing task/SLA reporting to management/AP/PC/LPB to quickly identify issues 5 - Recent restructuring of team 6 - Data protection training, policies and processes in place 7 - System security and independent review/sign off requirements 8 - ELT established	Negligible	Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 1 too high	01/07/2016	Mar 2019	1 - Ongoing training (HB) 2 - Establishment of aggregation team and use of Mercers with backlogs (HB) 3 - Ongoing monitoring of ELT and Ops resource/workload for backlogs (HB)	Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
2	Unable to meet legal and performance expectations (including inaccuracies and delays) due to employer issues	Employers: -don't understand or meet their responsibilities -don't have access to efficient data transmission -don't allocate sufficient resources to pension matters	A1/A4/A5/C2 /C3/C4/C5	Critical	Extremely High		Administration strategy updated - Employer steering group established Greater engagement through Pension Board - Backlog project in place 5 - Establishment of ELT	Negligible	Very Low		Current impact 2 too high Current likelihood 4 too high	01/07/2016	Mar 2019	1 - Roll out I-connect (HB) 2 - Ongoing monitoring of ELT resource/workload (HB)	Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
3	pable to meet legal and pabmance expectations due to external factors	Big changes in employer numbers or scheme members or unexpected work increases (e.g. severance schemes or regulation changes)	A1/A4/A5/C2 /C3/C4/C5	Marginal	Low		Ongoing task and SLA reporting to management/AP/PC/LPB to quickly identify issues Benefit consultants available to assist if required	Marginal	Low		©				Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	21/03/2017
4	Scheme members do not understand or appreciate their benefits	Communications are inaccurate, poorly drafted or insufficient	C1/ C2 / C3	Marginal	Low		1 - Communications Strategy in place 2 - Annual communications survey for employees and employers 3 - Specialist communication officer employed	Negligible	Very Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 1 too high	01/07/2016	Jun 2018	1 -Continue with website development (HB) 2 -Ongoing roll out member self service (HB)	Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
5	High administration costs and/or errors	Systems are not kept up to date or not utilised appropriately, or other processes inefficient	A2 / A4 / C4	Marginal	Significant		1- Business plan has number of improvements (I-connect/MSS etc)	Negligible	Very Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 2 too high	01/07/2016	Mar 2020	1 -Various improvements in 2017/18 business plan (e.g. I-connect and MSS) - (HB)	Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
6	Service provision is interupted	System failure or unavailability	A1/A4/C2	Negligible	Unlikely		Disaster recover plan in place and regularly checked Hosting implemented	Negligible	Unlikely		©			Ongoing checks relating to interface of recovery plan with non-pensions functions (HB) Resolve other areas identified by last disaster recovery test (HB)	Pensions Administration Manager	31/03/2018	13/11/2007



CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Investment and Funding Update
Report Author	Pension Finance Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

An investment and funding update is on each quarterly Committee agenda and includes a number of investment and funding items for information or discussion. The items for this guarter are:

- (a) The Business Plan 2017/18 update for quarter 2 (July to September 2017) is attached as Appendix 1. There are two tasks relating to this quarter, Asset Pooling and MiFID II, both of which are progressing on target.
- (b) Current Developments and News News and development continues to be dominated by the Pooling across the LGPS which has been covered in agenda item 4, MiFID II which is updated in paragraph 1.02 and Cost Transparency, updated in paragraph 1.03
- (c) Delegated responsibilities (Appendix 2). This details the responsibilities which have been delegated to officers since the last Committee meeting. These can include, cash management, short term tactical decisions, investments in new opportunities and monitoring of fund managers. There are no items of exception to report.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Committee consider and note the update including the delegated responsibilities and provide any comments.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	INVESTMENT AND FUNDING RELATED MATTERS
	Business Plan Update
1.01	Appendix 1 provides a summary of progress against the Investment and Funding section of the Business Plan up to the end of quarter 2 to 30 September 2017.
	Work in relation to Asset Pooling is continuing and the approval for the appointment for an Operator for the Wales Pension Partnership has been detailed in Agenda item 4.
	Current Developments and News
	MiFID II.
1.02	As discussed at the September Committee the Fund was required to contact all its managers to inform them we wish to be considered as Professional Investors. This involved completion of quantitative and qualitative questionnaires including the provision of all supporting documentation. In order to ensure all the managers had sufficient time to satisfy themselves with the documentation provided to them by the 3 rd January 2018 deadline, the documents were provided by 30 th September 2017.
	The Fund contacted 52 Investment Managers, 3 Consultants and the Fund Custodian. To date we have received 18 confirmations of our classification as a "professional" investor along with indications from others that this will also be the case for them.
	This will continue to be an on-going process as the Fund will also need to provide all the "opt up" documentation to the successful bidder of the Wales Pension Partnership Operator as well as any non-current managers who wish to discuss investments with us.
	The Fund also has a duty to inform and provide revised documentation to all its managers if there are any changes to the information previously provided such as key personnel movements and changes with Committee membership
	Cost Transparency
1.03	Work is ongoing with the Financial Conduct Authority and the Local Government Association on finding ways to ensure consistent reporting of manager costs across the LGPS. A full list of the managers who have signed up so far is available on the Scheme Advisory Board web-site. Of the 23 signed up to date, the following Clwyd Pension Fund Equity, Fixed Income and Diversified Growth managers are included:
	 BlackRock Investec Pyrford Stone Harbour Page 112

Wellington

Insight, another of the Fund's investment managers is also working towards signing up to the code.

Currently, the template is applicable to traditional managers investing in equities and fixed income and should be finalised by the end of 2017. Work is also on-going to create a template suitable for alternative and private market managers. It is anticipated that this should be complete within the next 6 months.

Policy and Strategy Implementation and Monitoring

The Advisory Panel receive a detailed investment report from the Funds Investment Consultants, JLT which shows compliance with the approved Investment Strategy Statement and reports on fund manager performance. A summary of this performance is shown in the JLT report included in agenda item 11.

The Advisory Panel also receive reports from the following groups:

- Tactical Asset Allocation Group (TAAG)
- Funding and Risk Management Group (FRMG)
- Private Equity and Real Assets Group (PERAG)

There were previously 3 outstanding items from the investment review undertaken in August 2016 reported to the September Committee:

- Appointment of a US Private Credit Manager
- Allocation to Smart Beta mandate
- Reduction of Property (3%) and increase to Infrastructure exposures (3%)

The first two have now been actioned and more detail is provided in the delegated responsibilities in Appendix 2. The move between Property and Infrastructure has a longer term objective although we are actively looking for suitable infrastructure investments.

Delegated Responsibilities

1.05 The Pension Fund Committee has delegated a number of responsibilities to officers or individuals. Appendix 2 updates the Committee on the areas of delegation used since the last meeting.

To summarise:

- There is sufficient liquidity to meet short term requirements
- Shorter term tactical decisions continue to be made by the Tactical Asset Allocation Group (TAAG).
- Within the "In House" portfolio, 1 further commitment has been made in the Real Asset portfolio totalling a sterling equivalent of £8 million. This commitment follows the strategy agreed by the AP for these asset classes.
- The search for a North American Private Debt manager has now been completed and BlackRock have been appointed to a \$27m mandate.
- The redemption of £70m from Investec Global Equities and

subscription of £70m to BlackRock ACS World Multifactor Equity Tracker Fund was transitioned between the two Fund Managers on November 15th 2017.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	Appendix 3 provides the dashboard and risk register showing the current risks relating to Investments and Funding matters.
4.02	Five of the eight risks are currently at their overall target risk albeit the individual current impact or likelihood risk may be slightly higher than target. Of the remaining three risks in Investments and Funding, one is substantially different to the target risk with the other two being just one step away from their targets.
	Risk F6 remains the only risk with a significant likelihood and this relates to matters related to Pooling, Brexit and MiFID II.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 - 2017/18 Business plan update Appendix 2 – Delegated Responsibilities Appendix 3 – Risk dashboard and register – Investments and Funding

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Report to Pension 21 March 2017.	Fund Committee – Business Plan 2017/18 to 2019/20 –
	Contact Officer: Telephone: E-mail:	Debbie Fielder, Pension Finance Manager 01352 702259 debbie.a.fielder@flintshire.gov.uk

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	(a) The Fund - Clwyd Pension Fund - The Pension Fund managed by
	Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region

- and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region
- (b) Administering authority or scheme manager Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.
- (c) The Committee Clwyd Pension Fund Committee the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund
- (d) **TAAG Tactical Asset Allocation Group** a group consisting of The Clwyd Pension Fund Manager, Pensions Finance Manager and consultants from JLT Employee Benefits, the Fund Consultant.
- (e) AP Advisory Panel a group consisting of Flintshire County Council Chief Executive and Corporate Finance Manager, the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager, Fund Consultant, Fund Actuary and Fund Independent Advisor.
- (f) PERAG Private Equity and Real Asset Group a group chaired by the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager with members being the Pensions Finance Managers, who take specialist advice when required. Recommendations are agreed with the Fund's Investment Consultant and monitored by AP.
- (g) In House Investments Commitments to Private Equity / Debt, Property, Infrastructure, Timber, Agriculture and other Opportunistic Investments. The due diligence, selection and monitoring of these investments is undertaken by the PERAG.
- (h) **LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme** the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of
- (i) SIP Statement of Investment Principles the main document that outlines our strategy in relation to the investment of assets in the Clwyd Pension Fund. This will be replaced by the Investment Strategy Statement (ISS)
- (j) **FSS Funding Strategy Statement** the main document that outlines how we will manage employers contributions to the Fund
- (k) **MiFID II** this and the Regulation on Markets in Financial Instruments and Amending Regulation ("MiFIR") are both European Commission legislation and are commonly referred to as "MiFID II". Together they seek to provide a European-wide legislative framework for regulating the operation of financial markets in the EU.
- (I) A full glossary of Investments terms can be accessed via the following link.

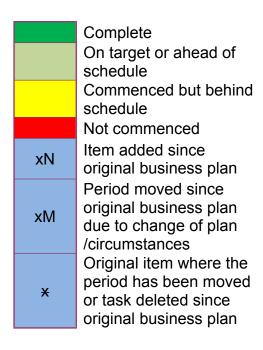
http://www.fandc.com/uk/private-investors/tools/glossary/



Business Plan 2017/8 to 2019/20 – Q2 Update Funding and Investments

Key Tasks

Key:



Funding and Investments (including accounting and audit) Tasks

Ref	Key Action –Task	2017/18	Period		Later Years				
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018/19	2019/20		
F1	Asset Pooling	Х	х	x	x	х	х		
F2	Implications of MIFIDII		х	х	х				

Funding and Investments (including accounting and audit) Task Descriptions

F1 -Asset Pooling

What is it?

To enable the Wales funds to pool assets an operator will be appointed to provide the investment infrastructure and advice. Once the Operator has been appointed and registers the appropriate vehicles with the Financial Conduct Authority then asset transfers can begin.

Timescales and Stages

Appointment of Operator and registration Asset transition

2017/18 2018/19 & 2019/20

Resource and Budget Implications

The Clwyd Pension Fund Manager and Pension Finance Manager will be involved in the procurement of the operator and agreeing asset transitions. Initially this this be within existing budget although the implications on internal resources will be kept under review.

F2 - MiFID II

What is it?

MiFID II is a proposal by the European Commission to amend and expand on the original MiFID directive which came into force on 1st November 2007. The directive has two core aims; to improve transparency in financial markets, and to further strengthen investor protection. The most significant impact for LGPS Funds will be that they are classified by default as "retail clients", which has potential implications for ongoing dealings in matters of institutional investment, though there will be an option to "opt up" from retail status and retain existing professional classification. However, while the current focus is on investment management, there could be wider implications as it is understood that this will also impact on whether certain investment consultants can advise retail investors.

Timescales and Stages

From an initial deadline of January 2017, the European Commission has extended the deadline for the new rules to come into force until 3 January 2018.

Resource and Budget Implications

The majority of work will be carried out by the Pension Fund Manager and Finance Manager(s) (working in response to what is likely to be national LGPS policy direction guidance) and JLT as Investment Adviser.

DELEGATED RESPONSIBILITIES

	Delegation to Officer(s)	Delegated Officer(s)	Communication and Monitoring of Use of Delegation
1.051	Rebalancing and cash management	PFM (having regard to ongoing advice of the IC and PAP)	High level monitoring at PFC with more detailed monitoring by PAP

Rebalancing Asset Allocation

Background

The Investment Strategy Statement (ISS) includes a target allocation against which strategic performance is monitored (Strategic Allocation). There are strategic ranges for each asset category that allow for limited deviation away from the strategic allocation as a result of market movements. In addition there is a conditional medium term asset allocation range (Conditional range) to manage major risks to the long term strategic allocation which may emerge between reviews of the strategic allocation.

The Tactical Asset Allocation Group (Investment Consultant & Officers) which meets each month consider whether it is appropriate to re-balance to the strategic asset allocation. Recommendations are made to the Clwyd Pension Manager who has delegated authority to make the decision. Re-balances or asset transitions may be required due to market movements, new cash into the Fund or approved changes to the strategic allocation following a strategic review.

Action Taken

In the quarter to September 2017, there were no rebalancing or transition of assets.

Cash Management

Background

The Pension Finance Manager forecasts the Fund's 3 year cash flows in the Business Plan and this is monitored and revised quarterly. The bank account balance is monitored daily. The main payments are pension related, expenses and investment drawdowns. New monies come from employer and employee contributions and investment income or distributions. This cash flow management ensures the availability of funds to meet payments and investment drawdowns. The LGPS investment regulation only allow a very limited ability to borrow. There is no strategic asset allocation for cash, although there is a strategic range of +5% and a conditional range of +30% which could be used during times of major market stress.

Action Taken

The cash balance as at 30th September 2017 was £43.4m (£56.7m at 30th June 2017). Cash balance as at October 31st 2017 was £34.0m. The higher than normal movement between September and October included a drawdown of £6.5m to our European Private Debt manager which has been included in our cash flow projections. The cash flow has been monitored to ensure there is sufficient monies to pay benefits and capital calls for investments.

Appendix 2

	Delegation to Officer(s)	Delegated Officer(s)	Communication and Monitoring of Use of Delegation
1.052	Short term tactical decisions relating to the 'best ideas' portfolio	PFM (having regard to ongoing advice of the IC and PAP)	High level monitoring at PFC with more detailed monitoring by PAP

Background

The Tactical Asset Allocation Group (Investment Consultant and Officers) meet each month to consider how to invest assets within the 'Best Ideas' portfolio given the shorter term market outlook (usually 12 months). The strategic asset allocation is 11% of the Fund (increased from 9% at the last strategic review). The investment performance target is CPI +3 %, although the aim is to also add value to the total pension fund investment performance.

Action Taken

Since the previous Committee the following transactions were agreed within the portfolio:

- Part redemption of BlackRock Emerging Market Equities £7.0m (crystallised +12.9%)
- Part redemption of Investec Global Natural Resources Fund £5.0m (crystallised +40.5%)
- Additional investment of £7.0m in BlackRock European Equity (Hedged)
- Additional investment of £2.5m in LGIM Global Real Estate Equity
- Additional invest £2.5m in LGIM Infrastructure MFG (Hedged)

The current allocations within the portfolio following the transactions are:

•	US Equities	(2.7%)
•	Equity Linked Bonds	(0.6%)
•	Emerging Market Equities	(2.7%)
•	European Equities	(1.2%)
•	Emerging Market Debt	(1.1%)
•	Commodities	(1.1%)
•	Real Estate	(0.8%)
•	Infrastructure	(0.8%)

Detailed minutes of the Group identifying the rationale behind the recommendations made to the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager and decisions made under this delegation have been circulated to the Advisory Panel.

As at the end of September 2017, the Best Ideas portfolio has both outperformed its target since inception by 3.6% and added value to the investment return at total Fund level.

	Delegation to Officer(s)	Delegated Officer(s)	Communication and Monitoring of Use of Delegation
1.05	Investment into new mandates / emerging opportunities	PFM and either the CFM or CEO (having regard to ongoing advice of the IC)	High level monitoring at PFC with more detailed monitoring by PAP

Background

The Fund's investment strategy includes a 22% asset allocation to private equity (10%), property (4%), infrastructure (7%) and agriculture (1%). The last strategic investment review reduced the property allocation by 3% and increased the infrastructure allocation by 3%. Given the illiquid nature of these investments this transition will take a number of years to implement. These are higher risk investments, usually in limited partnerships, hence small commitments are made of £8m in each. Across these asset categories there are currently 50 investment managers, investing in 115 limited partnerships or other vehicles.

The Private Equity & Real Estate Group (PERAG) of officers and advisor meet quarterly and are responsible for implementing and monitoring the investment strategy and limited partnerships across these asset classes. The investments in total are referred to as the 'In-House portfolio'. There is particular focus on Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) aspects on the investments made.

A review was undertaken of the existing portfolio and future cash flows and the results were incorporated into the forward work plan. As a result, extensive work has been carried out to identify suitable Infrastructure investments. Several commitments have already been agreed and further due diligence is still being undertaken on other possible opportunities. It is anticipated that an allocation of 7% to Infrastructure will be achievable by 2020. Within the remaining In House portfolio, officers are continuing to look at any opportunities which fulfil their agreed strategy. The minutes of the PERAG Group are circulated to the Advisory Panel

Action Taken

Due diligence has been undertaken on one Infrastructure investment and the following commitment has been made under delegated authority since the last Committee:

• €10 million to BaseCamp European Student Property Fund II (European Infrastructure Fund targeting 15 - 18% Net IRR)

BaseCamp is a new manager appointed to the increasing Infrastructure allocation. To assist with the governance of the in house portfolio, the Funds aim is not to increase the number of fund manager relationships already in place unless absolutely necessary but in this case, this is a very specific area hence it was decided to appoint to a new manager.

	Delegation to Officer(s)	Delegated Officer(s)	Communication and Monitoring of Use of Delegation
1.054	Selection, appointment and dismissal of Fund Managers	PFM, CFM and CEO (having regard to ongoing advice of the IC) and subject to ratification by PFC	Notified to PFC via ratification process.

Background

On occasion, as a result of changes to the Fund's investment strategy or persistent poor performance by a fund manager, changes are required. The Committee delegate these changes to officers having regard to advice from the Investment Consultant and only ratify the process. In the longer term fund manager selection and dismissal will be the responsibility of the Wales Pool.

Action taken

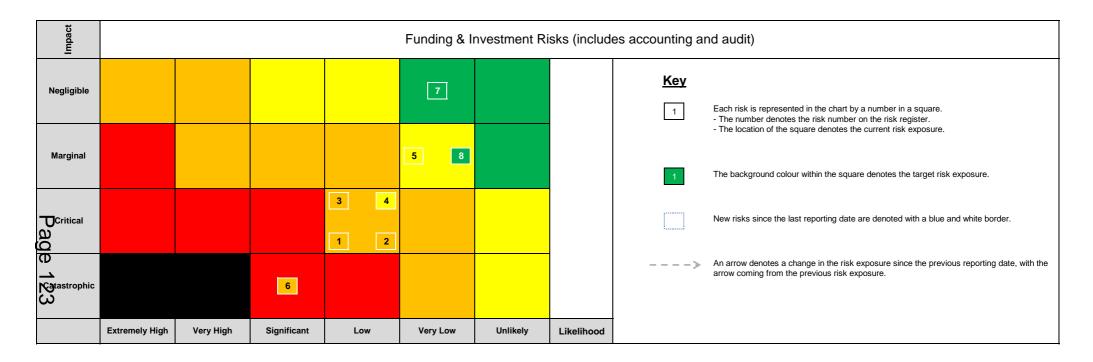
The strategy changes agreed by Committee as a result of the "light touch" strategic review included a 3% allocation to Private Credit and 4% allocation to Smart Beta within the global equity allocation.

For Private Credit the search for one or more managers began in March 2017. As reported to the Committee in June, Permira, a European Private Credit manager, were awarded a £30m mandate.

The search for a North American Private Credit manager commenced in June and a selection of managers were invited to submit their suitability for the specific mandate agreed with the Fund and its Investment Consultant, JLT. 12 managers responded to the search and a short list of 4 managers were been agreed to take through to the next stage of the process.

Due diligence meetings were held with the short listed manager, JLT and the Pension Finance Manager on 4th October 2017 where the recommendation to award a mandate of \$27m (£20m) to BlackRock was made. This appointment had previously been fully delegated to officers.

The Committee has previously agreed that the implementation of the new smart beta asset allocation (4% of the Fund) will be done via Blackrock as part of the Welsh Pension Partnership arrangements for this asset class. All required documentation has now been finalised and the transition of £70m from the Investec Global Equity mandate to the BlackRock mandate was completed on 15th November 2017.



16 November 2017

Clwyd Pension Fund - Control Risk Register

Funding & Investment Risks (includes accounting and audit)

- Objectives extracted from Funding Strategy Statement (3/2017) and Statement of Investment Principles (3/2017):

 Achieve and maintain assets equal to 100% of liabilities within the 15 year average timeframe whilst remaining within resonable risk parameters

 Determine employer contribution requirements, recognising the constraints on affordability and strength of employer covenant, with the aim being to maintain as predictable an employer contribution requirement as possible Recognising the constraints on affordability or employers, aim for sufficient excess investment retrums relative to the growth of liabilities

 Strike the appropriate balance between long-term consistent investment performance and the funding objectives

 Manage employers liabilities effectively through the adoption of employer specific funding objectives

 Ensure net cash outgoings can be met asylwhen required

 Minimise unrecoverable debt on employer termination.

- F8 Ensure that its future strategy, investment management actions, governance and reportin gprocedures take full account of longer-term risks and sustainability
- F9 Promote acceptance of sustainability principles and work tougher with others to enhance the Fund's effectiveness in implementing these.

Risi no:	Risk Overview (this will happen)	Risk Description (if this happens)	Strategic objectives at risk (see key)	Current impact (see key)	Current likelihood (see key)	Current Risk Status	Internal controls in place	Target Impact (see key)	Target Likelihood (see key)	Target Risk Status	Meets target?	Date Not Met Target From	Expected Back on Target	Further Action and Owner	Risk Manager	Next review date	Last Updated
1	Employer contributions are unaffordable and/or unstable	An appropriate funding strategy can not be set	F1 / F2 / F3 / F4 / F5	Critical	Low		Ensuring appropriately prudent assumptions on an ongoing basis All controls in relation to other risks apply to this risk Consider employer covenant and reasonable affordability of contributions for each employer as part of the valuation process	Critical	Very Low		Current likelihood 1 too high	31/03/2016	Mar 2019	Finalise employer covenant monitoring and ill health captive (DF)	CPFM	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
2	Funding level reduces, increasing deficit	Movements in assets and/or liabilities (as described in 3,4,5) in combination	F1 / F2 / F3 / F4 / F5 / F7	Critical	Low		See points within points 3,4 and 5	Marginal	Low		Current impact 1 too high	31/03/2016	Mar 2019	1 - Review Equity Protection (PL) - See points within points 3,4 and 5	CPFM	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
3	Investment targets are not achieved therefore reducing solvency / increasing contributions	-Markets perform below actuarial assumptions - Fund managers and/or in-house investments don't meet their targets - Market opportunities are not identified and/or implemented.	F1/F2/F3/F4 /F7	Critical	Low		1 - Use of a diversified portfolio (regularly monitored) 2 - Flightpath in place to exploit these opportunities in appropriate market conditions 3 - Monthly monitoring of funding position vess flightpath targets 4 - Annual formal reviews of the continued appropriateness of the funding/investment strategies by the Pensions Advisory Panel and Committee 5 - On going monitoring of appointed managers (including in house investments) managed through regular updates and meetings with key personnel 6 - Officers regularly meet with Fund Managers, attend seminars and conferences to continually gain knowledge of Investment opportunities available.	Critical	Low		©			1 - The impact on performance relative to assumptions will be monitored regularly (FRMG & TAAG) (DF)	Pension Finance Managers	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
4	Value of liabilities increase due to market yields/inflation moving out of the from actuarial assumptions	Market factors impact on inflation and interest rates	F1 / F2 / F4 / F5 / F7	Critical	Low		LDI strategy in place to control/limit interest and inflation risks. - Use of a diversified portfolio which is regularly monitored. Monthly monitoring of funding and hedge ratio position versus targets. 4 - Annual formal reviews of the continued appropriateness of the funding/investment strategies by the Pensions Advisory Panel and Committee.	Marginal	Very Low		Current impact 1 too high Current likelihood 1 too high	31/03/2016	Mar 2019	1 -The level of hedging will be monitored and reported regularly via FRMG (DF)	Pension Finance Managers	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
5	Value of liabilities/contributions change due to demographics being out of line with assumptions	This may occur if employer matters (early retirements, pay increases, 50:50 take up), life expectancy and other demographic assumptions are out of line with assumptions		Marginal	Very Low		Regular monitoring of actual membership experience carried out by the Fund. Actuarial valuation assumptions based on evidential analysis and discussions with the Fund/employers. S - Ensure employers made aware of the financial consequences of their decisions In the case of early retirements, employers pay capital sums to fund the costs for non-ill health cases.	Marginal	Very Low		©			Assumptions and experience will be reviewed at the 2019 valuation (DF)	Pension Finance Managers	31/03/2019	13/11/2017
6	Investment and/or funding objectives and/or strategies are no longer fit for purpose	Legislation changes such as LGPS regulations (e.g. asset pooling), progression of Brexit, MIFIDII and other funding and investment related requirements - ultimately this could increase employer costs		Catastrophic	Significant		1 - Ensuring that Fund concerns are considered by the Pensions Advisory Panel and Committee as appropriate 2 - Employers and interested parties to be kept informed and impact monitored 3 - Monitor developments over time, working with investment managers, investment advisers, Actuary and other LGPS 4 - Particiaption in National consultations and lobbying	Marginal	Low		Current impact 2 too high Current likelihood 1 too high	31/03/2016	Mar 2019	Ensure proactive responses to consultations etc. (PL)	CPFM	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
7	Insufficient assets to pay benefits	Insufficient cash (due to failure in managing cash) or only illique assets available - longer term this will likely become a problem and would result in unanticipated investment costs	F1 / F6	Negligible	Very Low		1 - Cashflow monitoring to ensure sufficient funds 2 - Ensuring all payments due are received on time including employer contributions (to avoid breaching Regulations) 3 - Holding liquid assets 4 - Monitor cashflow regularements 5 - Treasury management policy is documented	Negligible	Very Low		©			I - Inform major employers of the requirement to notify Fund of any significant restructuring exercises. (Need to consider controls currently in place). (DF)	Pension Finance Managers	31/03/2018	13/11/2017
8	Loss of employer income and/or other employers become liable for their deficits	Employer ceasing to exist with insufficient funding (bond or guarantee)	F5 / F7	Marginal	Very Low		Consider profile of Fund employers and assess the strength their covenant and/or whether there is a quality guarantee in place. When setting terms of new admissions require a guarantee or bond. Formal consideration of this at each actuarial valuation plus proportionate monitoring of employer strength. Identify any deterioration and take action as appropriate through discussion with the employer.	Marginal	Unlikely		Current likelihood 1 too high	31/03/2016	Mar 2019	1 - Employer risk management framework to be finalied (DF)	Pension Finance Managers	31/03/2018	13/11/2017



CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Economic and Market Update
Report Author	Clwyd Pension Fund Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of the report is to provide Committee Members with an economic and market update for the quarter.

This report covers the period ending 30 September 2017.

Markets have continued to hit highs over the quarter and investors continue their search for the ever more elusive capital returns. Global investment conditions remain stable – with the International Monetary Fund's outlook for global growth remaining unchanged at 3% in 2017. Other key contributors driving sentiment include:

- Stabilisation in global energy prices
- Subdued inflation
- Markets have priced in Interest rate rises in the UK and US, albeit timing is uncertain.

Over the quarter some of the clear political risk that markets have been facing over the last few years showed some signs of waning. Whilst markets may have got the election outcome that they desired from the German elections in September when Angela Merkel returned as Chancellor, this was not the emphatic victory that the EU needed from Germany. Political concern this quarter focussed on the Pacific Rim with North Korea's missile testing causing International outrage.

There were positive returns across most markets in the period, with the exception of Hedge Funds and High Yield. Equity markets continued to rise with positive returns in all major markets; Emerging and Frontier markets lead the way returning 4.6% and 4.7% respectively. Commodities markets returned to positive territory after recent falls, and Bond markets were marginally positive with the exception of High Yield which suffered a marginal decline of -0.4% after positive returns in recent quarters.

RECO	OMMENDATIONS
1	To note and discuss the Economic and Market Update 30 September 2017.
2	To note how the information in the report effectively "sets the scene" for what the Committee should expect to see in the Investment Strategy and Manager Summary report in terms of the performance of the Fund's asset portfolio.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	INVESTMENT AND FUNDING RELATED MATTERS
1.01	 Economic and Market Update 30 September 2017 The economic and market update for the quarter from the Fund's Investment Consultant is attached and will be presented at Committee. The report contains the following sections: Market Background – section contains key financial markets data during the period in question including performance of specific markets including equities, bonds, inflation and currencies. Economic Statistics – section contains key economic statistics during the period in question including Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Growth, Inflation, Unemployment and Manufacturing Market Commentary – section provides detailed commentary on the economic and market performance of major global regions and financial markets (including alternative assets).

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	None.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 – Economic and Market Update Period Ending 30 September 2017

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	BLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS					
6.01	Economic and Mar	ket Update Period Ending 30 June 2017.					
	Contact Officer: Telephone:	Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager 01352 702264					
	E-mail:	philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk					
7.00	GLOSSARY OF TE	ERMS					
7.01	A list of commo	nly used terms are as follows:					
	(a) Absolute Retu la a benchmark.	rn – The actual return, as opposed to the return relative to					
	(b) Annualised – F	igures expressed as applying to 1 year.					
	years), calculate	weighted average time to payment of cashflows (in ed by reference to the time and amount of each payment. of the sensitivity of price/value to movements in yields.					
	(d) Market Volatility – The impact of the assets producing returns different to those assumed within the actuarial valuation basis, excluding the yield change and inflation impact.						
	, , ,	ed Rate of Return – The rate of return on an investment nount and timing of cashflows.					
		n – The return on a fund compared to the return on index This is defined as: Return on Fund minus Return on Index					
		turn – The total return on the fund over a three year ed in percent per annum.					
	` '	Rate of Return – The rate of return on an investment fect of the amount and timing of cashflows.					
	held to maturity.	edemption Yield) – The return expected from a bond if It is calculated by finding the rate of return that equates set price to the value of future cashflows.					
	A comprehens following link:	ive list of investment terms can be found via the					
	http://www.barir /021092.pdf	ngs.com/ucm/groups/public/documents/marketingmaterials					





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1 MARKET BACKGROUND

PERIOD ENDING 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

MARKET STATISTICS

Market Returns Growth Assets	3 Mths %	1 Year %	3 Years % p.a.
UK Equities	2.1	11.9	8.5
Global Developed Equities	1.6	15.0	15.4
USA	1.2	15.0	17.9
Europe	3.9	22.6	13.6
Japan	0.8	11.4	15.8
Asia Pacific (ex Japan)	1.8	15.8	13.7
Emerging Markets	4.6	19.0	12.1
Frontier Markets	4.7	21.9	5.5
Property	2.7	10.4	9.5
Hedge Funds	-1.0	3.8	10.1
Commodities	3.8	-1.4	-14.3
High Yield	-0.4	6.3	12.4
Emerging Market Debt	1.2	6.9	6.5
Senior Secured Loans	1.0	5.1	4.9
Cash	0.1	0.2	0.4

Market Returns Bond Assets	3 Mths %	1 Year %	3 Years % p.a.
UK Gilts (>15 yrs)	-0.5	-6.3	9.5
Index-Linked Gilts (>5 yrs)	-0.8	-4.2	10.8
Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA)	-0.5	-3.5	8.9
Non-Gilts (>15 yrs)	-0.1	-2.7	8.6

Exchange Rates: Change in Sterling	3 Mths %	1 Year %	3 Years % p.a.
Against US Dollar	3.3	3.3	-6.1
Against Euro	-0.3	-1.8	-4.0
Against Yen	3.5	14.8	-5.3

Inflation Indices	3 Mths %	1 Year %	3 Years % p.a.
Price Inflation – RPI	1.0	3.9	2.2
Price Inflation – CPI	0.8	3.0	1.3
Earnings Inflation*	0.2	2.2	2.4

Yields as at 30 September 2017	% p.a.
UK Equities	3.68
UK Gilts (>15 yrs)	1.84
Real Yield (>5 yrs ILG)	-1.52
Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA)	2.64
Non-Gilts (>15 yrs)	3.05

Absolute Change in Yields	3 Mths %	1 Year %	3 Years % p.a.
UK Equities	0.07	0.22	0.34
UK Gilts (>15 yrs)	0.04	0.42	-1.14
Real Yield (>5 yrs ILG)	0.06	0.27	-1.15
Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA)	0.08	0.42	-1.19
Non-Gilts (>15 yrs)	0.11	0.45	-1.10

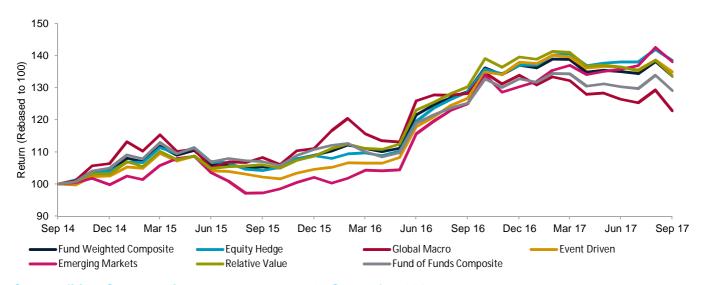
Source: Thomson Reuters and Bloomberg **Note**: * Subject to 1 month lag

MARKET SUMMARY CHARTS

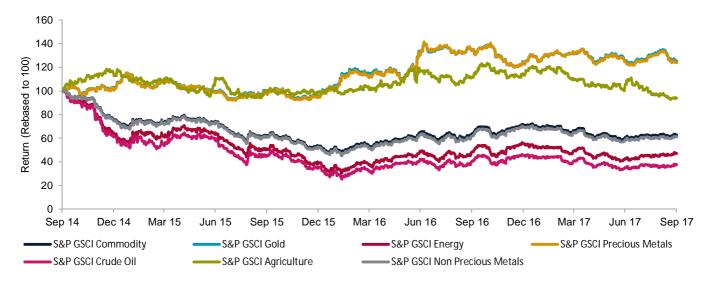
Market performance – 3 years to 30 September 2017



Hedge Funds: Sub-strategies performance - 3 years to 30 September 2017

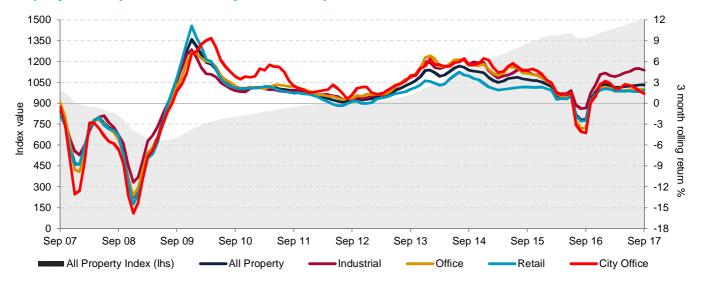


Commodities: Sector performance – 3 years to 30 September 2017

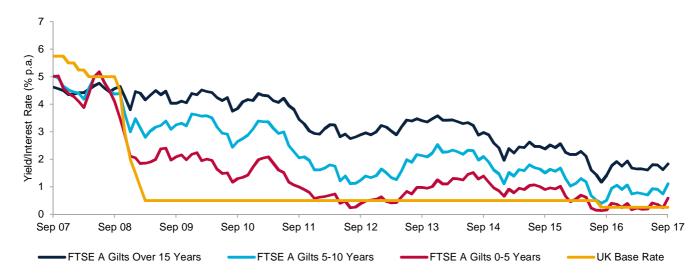


Source: Thomson Reuters

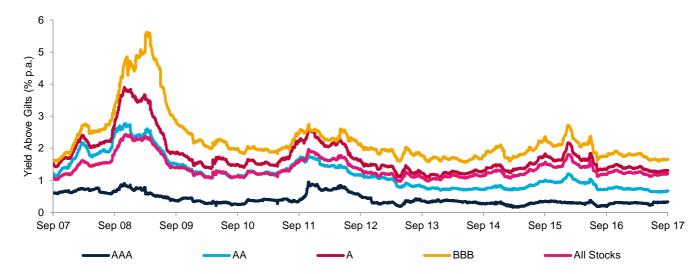
Property: Sector performance – 10 years to 30 September 2017



UK government bond yields - 10 years to 30 September 2017



Corporate bond spreads above government bonds – 10 years to 30 September 2017



Source: Thomson Reuters

2 ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Economic Statistics as at:	30 Sept 2017		30 June 2017			30 Sept 2016			
	UK Euro ¹ US		UK	Euro ¹	US	UK	Euro ¹	US	
Annual Real GDP Growth ²	1.5%	3.4%	2.2%	1.8%	2.7%	2.0%	1.8%	2.6%	1.2%
Annual Inflation Rate ³	3.0%	1.5%	2.2%	2.6%	1.3%	1.6%	1.0%	0.4%	1.5%
Unemployment Rate ⁴	4.3%	9.0%	4.3%	4.5%	9.2%	4.4%	5.0%	9.9%	4.9%
Manufacturing PMI ⁵	56.0	58.1	53.1	54.2	57.4	52.0	55.6	52.6	51.5

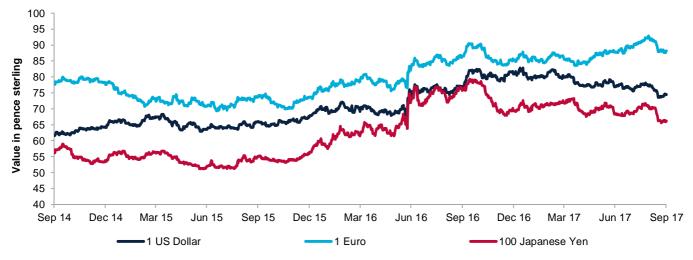
Change over periods ending:	;	3 months		12 months			
30 Sept 2017	UK	Euro ¹	US	UK	Euro ¹	US	
Annual Real GDP Growth ²	-0.3%	0.7%	0.2%	-0.3%	0.8%	1.0%	
Annual Inflation Rate ³	0.4%	0.2%	0.6%	2.0%	1.1%	0.7%	
Unemployment Rate ⁴	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.7%	-0.9%	-0.6%	
Manufacturing PMI ⁵	1.8	0.7	1.1	0.4	5.5	1.6	

Notes: 1. Euro Area 19 Countries. 2. GDP is lagged by one quarter. 3. CPI inflation measure. 4. UK unemployment is lagged by 1 month. 5. Headline Purchasing Managers Index.

EXCHANGE RATES

Economic Statistics as at:	Value	in Sterling (F	Pence)	Change i	n Sterling
	30 Sept 17	30 June 17	30 Sept 16	3 months	12 months
1 US Dollar is worth	74.54p	76.99p	76.98p	3.3%	3.3%
1 Euro is worth	88.11p	87.81p	86.51p	-0.3%	-1.8%
100 Japanese Yen is worth	66.22p	68.52p	76.02p	3.5%	14.8%

Exchange rate movements - 3 years to 30 September 2017



Thomson Reuters, Markit, Institute for Supply Management, Eurostat, US Department of Labor and US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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3 MARKET COMMENTARY

INTRODUCTION

"Getting rich is easy. Staying rich is harder" – Donald Trump. It does feel odd to be quoting President Trump to illustrate a sound point in investment practice; however, this particular comment rings true.

We have enjoyed extraordinary investment returns as UK investors since February 2016 and the trajectory of these returns has continued upwards, however, the quantum of the returns has slowed considerably. We have been moving into an environment of increasing uncertainty over the third quarter of this year, as markets continue to hit highs and investors continue their search for ever more elusive capital returns. That said, global investment conditions remain stable - with the outlook for global growth from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) unchanged at 3% in 2017. This, combined with a stabilisation in global energy prices appears to have subdued official measures of inflation and allowed for economic activity to progress.

The clear political risk that markets have been facing over the last few years appears to be waning. Whilst markets may have got the election outcome that they desired from the German elections in September when Angela Merkel returned as Chancellor, this was not the emphatic victory that the EU needed from Germany. The right wing AfD's strong showing in the German polls, particularly in the former East Germany, has brought renewed attention to the shifting political sands of Europe, reinforcing the sentiment that we must not take the current political framework for granted. Political concern this quarter focussed on the Pacific Rim with North Korea rattling cages – particularly trying to involve the US in armed conflict and intimidate South Korea as well as Japan with the potential that the North Koreans may have developed the technology to utilise nuclear weapons.

In terms of central bank activity, markets have priced in a December interest rate rise in the US albeit qualified by the concern some market participants have that rate rises may be pushed back to later in 2018. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) is expected to be cautious with their rate rising program as the consequences for progressing too quickly and tightening monetary conditions too much would destroy a vast amount of the careful work that they have done over the last few years to recover the US economy. In the UK, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) has been sounding keen on interest rate rises which has lead to a challenging market environment for UK Government Bonds. The MPC voted to increase interest rates by 0.25% to 0.5% in November. The European Central Bank (ECB) has also begun to make noises regarding the potential tapering of Quantitative Easing (QE), however, Japan remains committed to supporting the market with this type of liquidity.

UNITED KINGDOM

- The third quarter of this year has not been uneventful. The political disarray left by the General Election result
 has failed to resolve itself and the idea of the Labour Party 'war gaming', a run on Sterling and progress, or lack
 thereof, from the Brexit negotiation team, leaves many participants in the market feeling profoundly
 uncomfortable. Political uncertainty remains high on risk agendas for UK investors alongside currency stability
 and inflation.
- UK inflation has climbed this year, mainly due to rising petrol and diesel prices earlier in the year, along with a pickup in food prices. Rising prices at factory gates, assisted by a weak Sterling also added to the inflationary pressure. Although these factors appear to be stabilising, inflation still remains meaningfully higher than the Bank of England's (BoE's) base rate. Inflationary wage pressures remain subdued; however, its potential impact on the UK economy is a growing concern for the BoE's Monetary Policy Committee. The inflation outlook in the UK, although having some upward pressure is becoming more mixed. The longer-term implications of Brexit remain unknown, but a slowdown in economic activity in the UK appears to be a strong

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- possibility. As a result, easing cost pressures and a reduction in labour market tightness should limit inflation's overshoot. The unemployment rate in the UK has remained fairly steady at 4.7% which is a boost for the economy however, the quality of the jobs created and available remains hotly debated.
- The European Union (EU) Brexit negotiations continue apace this does not seem to be a pace that suits either side or indeed, UK equity markets. Recurring spells of heightened market volatility are likely to continue as investors respond to, and speculate over negotiating positions. UK valuations look reasonable when compared to other investment markets and we have seen a raft of analysts revise their earnings expectations up given economic data releases that have beaten expectations. However, without the impetus provided by the weakness of Sterling, the UK equity market is struggling to find the momentum to continued outperformance.
- Markets have weathered a steady stream of surprises from the 2015 election, the EU referendum, the US
 election, the recent General election and the European elections this year. There has been a real divergence in
 performance of stocks that are UK focussed from those that are internationally focussed. Sterling has played a
 big part in this and the latter will tend to rise on the back of any fall in the currency and vice versa.

EUROPE EX UK

- The key election in Europe this quarter was Germany and the keen anticipation of the event kept European markets preoccupied for most of the period. The positive impact on markets from the relection of Angela Merkel to the position of Chancellor and thus a Federalist to the heart of the EU, has ensured an element of stability. That said, the strong showing from populist movements on both sides of the political spectrum should not be underestimated and may cause a degree of moderation in the political agenda that the German government pursues, particularly in light of the various separatist movements that are underway at the moment.
- The European economy has continued its growth momentum into the third quarter with strong returns from core European countries in spite of a degree of weakness in the Euro. GDP expectations for the year remain consistent at 2.3%. Employment levels have continued to improve albeit from a low base and now sit at 9.1%.
- The ECB continued to leave its benchmark refinancing rate unchanged at 0%. They have proceeded with their
 quantitative easing programme, however, members continue to suggest that they are searching for methods to
 implement a form of tapering in 2018.
- Solid economic data, gradually improving manufacturing and consumer sentiment and rising employment
 levels along with steadily improving inflation are combining powerfully to make the area one of the favoured
 investment markets of 2017. Europe delivered the strongest performance of any of the developed equity
 markets this quarter. This positive momentum was not unexpected as the building blocks for this success have
 been carefully put in place.
- Political risk is likely to return when Italy announces its election in 2018. However, the solid economic data
 coupled with rising energy prices means European equities are attractively priced at the moment. Economic
 data in the euro-zone continues to paint a positive picture, including higher business confidence readings,
 strong PMI's and an up-tick in GDP growth. Growth in the region is likely to be encouraged by a backdrop of
 persistently low borrowing rates and high equity prices.
- The outlook for the euro-zone remains positive with monetary policy likely to remain supportive and global demand in good health at the moment.

NORTH AMERICA

- Continuing rising domestic debt levels, the collapse of President Trump's replacement program for Obamacare and the lack of clarity regarding the US Tax regime changes have moderated US investment growth over Q3.
- The Fed held the Federal Funds rate to 1.25% this quarter as anticipated, after a rate hike in March which signalled a degree of confidence in the growth trajectory of the US economy. Fed policy makers are being pulled in two directions, by their key economic indicators with employment data remaining positive, however, wage inflation remains relatively subdued. Janet Yellen, Fed Chair has indicated that the Fed intends to raise interest rates in the fourth quarter and this normalisation of monetary policy may temper corporate profit Page 136

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- margins and limit earnings growth. In a rising interest rates scenario, the interest payments on the outstanding debt would also increase and could create a hindrance in growth of the economy as consumers may lower spending in order to pay for the higher interest costs.
- US Equity markets have been on an upward trajectory, albeit with a noticeable flattening over Q3. Investors are continuing to expect market friendly policies from the Trump administration and the continuing failure of the administration to pass some promised key election pledges have moderated market exuberance for President Trump. His struggle to win support from the Republicans to implement all his election promises especially the sight this quarter of John McCain, fresh from major surgery, turning up to vote against the Trump administration this was particularly powerful. The proposed tax reforms, including lower taxes and a reduced regulatory burden could support the equity market, however, implementation and detailed plans are both proving difficult and elusive. Inflationary pressures are beginning to build and faster than expected rate rises could slow economic growth. Furthermore, while the Fed may be well placed to continue with rate hikes in 2017, expectations of a similar pace in 2018 can be seen clouding, particularly as it tries to reduce its balance sheet.
- The US equity market is currently trading at high multiples to earnings but they are marginally attractive in terms of earnings yield. This, along with improving macro-economic conditions in the US and an expected turnaround in corporate earnings could help fuel further increases in asset prices. A surprise could come to the equity market as expectations of President Trump and his team are so low that any positive move could cause a positive market shock.

JAPAN

- Japanese equities are closely linked to the economic success of their neighbours. The global rebound in trade
 has been a key factor in providing strength in the region. However, they have delivered a positive investment
 return to Sterling investors over the quarter in the face of a series of headwinds, not least their obstreperous
 regional problem child North Korea practicing firing warheads onto Japanese sovereign territory.
- Analysts are revising up their earnings expectations for the Japanese equity market as corporates continue to
 deliver strong earnings growth. High levels of competition are also helping alongside good economic
 momentum. Cash holdings on Japanese firms' balance sheets remain higher than many would like however,
 this may be a benefit should the Yen weaken. This, combined with loose fiscal policy from the Bank of Japan
 (BoJ) leads to a relatively positive outlook for the asset class.
- Over the near-term, the BoJ has reiterated its commitment to achieve their inflation target of 2% along with its
 intentions to maintain lower interest rates. This has had a beneficial impact on Japanese banks in particular.
 Easy monetary policy and fiscal stimulus for 2017, helped by a cheaper Yen will potentially drive forward
 corporate earnings and business investment leading to a positive view on the region.
- Towards the end of September, Shinzo Abe called a snap general election which should take place in late
 October this move is designed to provide stability during a period where Japan is facing national
 demographic decline and increased regional tensions. Markets received this move well and have priced in the
 election promises that Mr Abe has made to the Japanese electorate.

ASIA PACIFIC EX JAPAN / EMERGING MARKETS

- Emerging Market equities have had a good quarter, outperforming developed markets comfortably. This has
 been supported by improved macroeconomic conditions, stable commodity prices and solid corporate global
 economic activities. The strong Emerging Market equity returns were also supported by a benign US Dollar and
 improved capital inflows.
- Emerging market equities are continuing their recent run of robust performance, lifted by another positive corporate results season. Latin America led and Asia lagged, though China continued to deliver positive returns helped by strong factory data. The South Korean investment market fell only a small amount, indicating that markets currently do not believe the geopolitical risks related to North Korea are dramatically elevated. The Brazilian government announced proposals to privatise state-owned assets. While, in China, a group of Page 137

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- strategic shareholders including internet giants Alibaba, Baidu and Tencent were invited to acquire 35% of telecom operator China Unicom (diluting the Chinese state to 37%). This bodes well for continued reform of China's state-owned enterprises.
- The biggest geopolitical issue of the quarter was North Korea, whose missile tests led to renewed tensions with the US. The situation has changed, and medium-term risks are higher on the Korean peninsula. Meanwhile, US policy is to "lean on" China in the hope it can rein in North Korea. This appears sensible, but it is not clear how long this attitude will last.
- The asset class is supported by global growth improvements, especially for key sectors such as Asian technology. The risk of a sharp US Dollar rally has faded and growth is broadening out. Relative to their developed market peers, emerging equities offer an attractive valuation discount and strong earnings growth is expected across many of the larger economies such as India, Mexico and South Africa. The outlook for Asia is dependent on US trade policies and the degree of monetary tightening however. Emerging economies as a whole have been successful in improving their economies, using measures to spur economic activities.

FIXED INCOME

- Credit markets saw Europe outperform the US over the quarter, while the higher quality investment grade bonds outperformed the more risky high yield bonds. Company balance sheets remain in relatively good shape and default levels are not a market concern currently. Developed market government bonds generally rallied across the board as did emerging market bonds over the quarter. It should be noted that returns were generally muted or negative over the quarter.
- A lack of new bond issuance means that order books are over subscribed as investors continue their appetite
 for yield. In addition, Quantitative Easing from the ECB has driven European yields to unattractive levels
 making Sterling corporate bonds an alternative consideration for investors.
- The risks to the Fixed Income asset class include the end of QE, which could be getting nearer and it is
 impossible to fully chart the effect of central bank's tapering as the plan is a work in progress. The challenge for
 central banks is to find different ways to protect asset prices and ensure a liquid market.
- Over the short-term, concerns remain that spreads have tightened to such a degree that further upside looks challenging with any future interest rate rises adding pressure to the downside. A slowdown in consumer spending and higher inflation could also prove a drag on performance.
- The markets expect the Fed to raise rates in December, supported by this higher growth and higher inflation. For the 10-year U.S. Treasury, the same forces that kept rates tight over the last three months are still present. The markets expected only a modest rise in rates, to 2.75%, by the fixed interest market.
- Turning to US high yield corporate profitability looks quite good at the moment as do earnings. Even though yields are low, spreads are attractive when compared to default levels, which are nearing 1%. Europe also is appealing to fixed interest investors. There has been a lot of growth but there is also value from a currency that has re-valued; corporate profit remains high.
- The deflationary economic forces in Europe have been replaced by reflationary ones, with headline Consumer Price Inflation (CPI) rising over recent months. Market speculation of a tapering of QE next year have gained ground as the ECB views the economic growth outlook as broadly balanced. The prospects for withdrawal of policy stimulus however, would require a sustained rise in inflation requiring an increase in underlying CPI which so far remains more muted. It is probably precipitous for the ECB to signal the timing of a rate rise despite significantly improving macroeconomic data.
- The BoJ's bond-buying programme and negative interest rate policy have driven valuations into expensive territory. Action by the BoJ, including a pledge to aim for an overshoot of its inflation objective and adopting a 0% target for 10-year bond yields, appears to have only had a short-term effect, which has left the overall situation unchanged.
- Emerging market bonds also remain good value. Yields are relatively high, and in many countries inflation is coming down, allowing central banks to ease fiscal conditions. Most importantly, the emerging markets offer something that the developed markets are not at the moment - positive real yields.

ALTERNATIVES

- Hedge Fund capital rose to \$3.15 trillion over the quarter, as economic growth prospects improved despite
 continued geopolitical risks. Investor inflows were positive, with Global Macro strategies in particular continuing
 to receive the most inflows. Hedge Funds (in Sterling terms) returned -1.0% over the quarter; this was primarily
 due to the depreciation of the US dollar against Sterling, as hedge funds returned 2.3% in US dollar terms. In
 Sterling terms, Emerging Markets and Equity Hedge returned 1.9% and 0.4%, respectively. All other strategies
 generated negative returns over the quarter, with Global Macro (-2.8%) displaying the worst performance.
- UK commercial property continued to increase over the quarter, returning 2.7% compared to 2.5% the previous quarter and 2.3% at the end of Q1 2017. Thus, the slowdown following Britain's decision to exit the European Union appears to be fading, albeit the returns are slightly below those recorded prior to the Brexit vote. Over the quarter, both capital values and rental income rose by 1.3%. All sectors posted positive returns; Industrials increased by 4.8%, followed by Offices which returned 2.0%. Retail and City Offices sectors grew by 1.9% and 1.4%, respectively. At the end of September, the annual property yield stood at 5.6%.
- Commodity markets gained 3.8% over the quarter, largely driven by strong performance from the Energy sector which returned 10.4%. In July, an Energy Information Administration report stated that US crude oil inventories had decreased by a larger amount than expected, therefore resulting in an increase of 6.5% over the month. Oil prices gained by 7.0% over the quarter, driven by declining inventories due to strong demand, as well as improved compliance between Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and non-OPEC producers. Agriculture experienced losses over July, August and September, therefore leading to a total loss of -11.0% over the quarter. However, cotton and livestock gained in August and September, respectively, driven by a decrease in supply following Hurricane Harvey. Over the last 12 months, all sectors were negative.

CONCLUSION

The global economic outlook for the next few months has become more mixed. The positives include a modest case for economic growth across major economies, a strong underlying trend in corporate earnings and the prospect of US tax reform. Elements of caution are required as markets navigate elevated risk asset valuations and any remaining investor enthusiasm, slowing global growth and slowing inflation momentum, combined with monetary tightening or liquidity withdrawal from major central banks.

The majority of companies who have reported results continue to beat earnings expectations. This continues to suggest that an economic expansion is continuing globally, albeit at a slower pace and that profits are finding support beyond cost-cutting efforts. With volatility low, despite some geo-political tensions, investors will remain focused on the trajectory of earnings growth. For markets to advance further, we will need to see increased confidence that this trend will be sustained.

Globally, central banks remain in a mostly dovish mood; and even with balance sheet normalisation in the US and tapering of quantitative easing in Europe, policy around the world is still loose when compared to history. Rates are set to rise, but only slowly. Equity returns in this stage of the economic cycle are typically positive unless financial conditions tighten sharply. The slow pace of rate normalisation and lack of inflationary pressure create a good environment for investment.

4 INDICES USED IN THIS REPORT

Asset	Index
Growth Assets	
UK	FTSE All-Share Index
Global Developed	MSCI World Index
USA	FTSE USA Index
Europe (ex UK)	FTSE AW Europe (ex UK) Index
Japan	FTSE Japan Index
Asia Pacific (ex Japan)	FTSE AW Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Index
Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
Frontier Markets	MSCI Frontier Markets Index
Property	UK IPD Monthly Property Index
Hedge Funds	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index
Commodities	S&P GSCI TR Index
High Yield	Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index
Emerging Markets Debt	JPM GBI-EM Composite Index
Senior Secured Loans	Credit Suisse Western European Leveraged Loan Index
Cash	IBA GBP LIBOR 1 Week Index
Bond Assets	
UK Gilts (>15 yrs)	FTSE A Gilts Over 15 Years Index
Index-Linked Gilts (>5 yrs)	FTSE A Index-Linked Over 5 Years Index
Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA)	IBoxx £ Corporate Over 15 Years AA Index
Non-Gilts (>15 yrs)	IBoxx £ Non-Gilts Over 15 Years Index
Yields	
UK Equities	FTSE All-Share Index (Dividend Yield)
UK Gilts (>15 yrs)	FTSE A Gilts Over 15 Years Index (Gross Redemption Yield)
Real Yield (>5 yrs ILG)	FTSE A Index-Linked Over 5 Year Index 5% Inflation (Gross Redemption Yield)
Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA)	IBoxx £ Corporate Over 15 Years AA Index (Gross Redemption Yield)
Non-Gilts (>15 yrs)	IBoxx £ Non-Gilts Over 15 Years Index (Gross Redemption Yield)
Inflation	
Price Inflation – RPI	All Items Retail Price Index (NADJ)
Price Inflation – CPI	All Items Consumer Price Index (Estimated NADJ)
Earnings Inflation	Average Weekly Earnings Index (Whole Economy excluding Bonuses)
Exchange Rates	
USD / EUR / JPY vs GBP	WM/Reuters 4:00 pm Closing Spot Rates

Note: All indices above are denominated in Sterling.

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CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 29 November 2017
Report Subject	Investment Strategy and Manager Summary
Report Author	Clwyd Pension Fund Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of the Investment Strategy and Manager Summary is to update Committee Members on the performance of the Fund's investment strategy and performance of the Fund's investment managers.

The report covers the quarter ending 30 September 2017.

From an Investment Strategy perspective, the Total Equity, Total Multi Asset Credit, the Managed Account Platform and the Tactical Allocation Portfolio produced positive returns and outperformed their composite targets. The In-house assets achieved a positive return, but underperformed their composite target. Key facts covered in the report are as follows:

- Over the 3 months to 30 September 2017, the Fund's total market value increased by £15.0m to £1,757,395,109.
- Funding level information has not been provided. However liability roll forwards are now based on the discount rate methodology on the CPI basis.
- Over the quarter, total Fund assets returned 1.4% in line with the composite target which also returned 1.4%.

The benchmarks are reflective of the new strategic weightings although full implementation of the strategy is on going.

There was mixed performance amongst the Fund's investment managers in terms of outperforming or underperforming their respective targets during the quarter.

RECO	COMMENDATIONS		
1	To note and discuss the investment strategy and manager performance in the Investment Strategy and Manager Summary 30 September 2017.		
2	That the Committee considers the information in the Economic and Market Update report to provide context in addition to the information contained in this report.		

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	INVESTMENT AND FUNDING RELATED MATTERS
1.01	Investment Strategy and Manager Summary 30 September 2017 Over the 3 months to 30 September 2017, the Fund's total market value increased by £15.0m to £1,757, 395,109.
	Total Fund assets returned 1.4% over the quarter, matching the composite target which also returned 1.4%.
	Over the one year period, Total Fund assets returned 9.2%, compared with a composite target of 8.1%.
	Over the last three years, Total Fund assets returned 10.0% p.a., compared with a composite target of 9.3% p.a.
	The strongest absolute returns over the quarter came from the Equity allocation and the Managed Account Platform.
	The Fund's asset portfolio is broadly within the new strategic ranges set for the asset classes as agreed in the recent strategy review. However there are a number of deviations which are being addressed as part of the recent Private Credit manager appointments
1.02	At this time, there are no concerns with any of the Fund's investment managers and there are regular meetings held with the managers to discuss individual mandates.
	The Fund's investment consultant has undertaken the manager search for the appointment of a Private Credit manager. An appointment was made in respect of a European Private Credit manager in April whilst the process to appoint a North American Private Credit manager concluded in October 2017.
	The Smart Beta allocation, which will be managed by BlackRock, is to be concluded by mid November 2017.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None directly as a result of this report.

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT	
4.01	The Fund's investment strategy has been designed to provide an appropriate trade off between risk and return. The Fund faces three key investment risks: Equity risk, Interest Rate Risk and Inflation Risk.	
	Diversification of the Fund's growth assets away from equities seeks to reduce the amount of the equity risk (though it should be recognised that Equities remain an important long term source of expected growth). The implementation of the Fund's De-Risking Framework (Flightpath) has been designed to mitigate the Fund's Interest Rate and Inflation Risks.	

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 – Investment Strategy and Manager Summary 30 September 2017.

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS			
6.01	Investment Strateg	nvestment Strategy and Manager Summary 30 June 2017.			
	Contact Officer: Telephone: E-mail:	Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager 01352 702264 philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk			

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	A list of commonly used terms are as follows:
	(a) Absolute Return – The actual return, as opposed to the return relative to a benchmark.
	(b) Annualised – Figures expressed as applying to 1 year.
	(c) Duration – The weighted average time to payment of cashflows (in years), calculated by reference to the time and amount of each payment. It is a measure of the sensitivity of price/value to movements in yields.
	(d) Market Volatility – The impact of the assets producing returns different to those assumed within the actuarial valuation basis, excluding the yield change and inflation impact.

- (e) **Money-Weighted Rate of Return –** The rate of return on an investment including the amount and timing of cashflows.
- (f) **Relative Return –** The return on a fund compared to the return on index or benchmark. This is defined as: Return on Fund minus Return on Index or Benchmark.
- (g) **Three-Year Return** The total return on the fund over a three year period expressed in percent per annum.
- (h) **Time-Weighted Rate of Return –** The rate of return on an investment removing the effect of the amount and timing of cashflows.
- (i) Yield (Gross Redemption Yield) The return expected from a bond if held to maturity. It is calculated by finding the rate of return that equates the current market price to the value of future cashflows.

A comprehensive list of investment terms can be found via the following link:

http://www.barings.com/ucm/groups/public/documents/marketingmaterials/021092.pdf

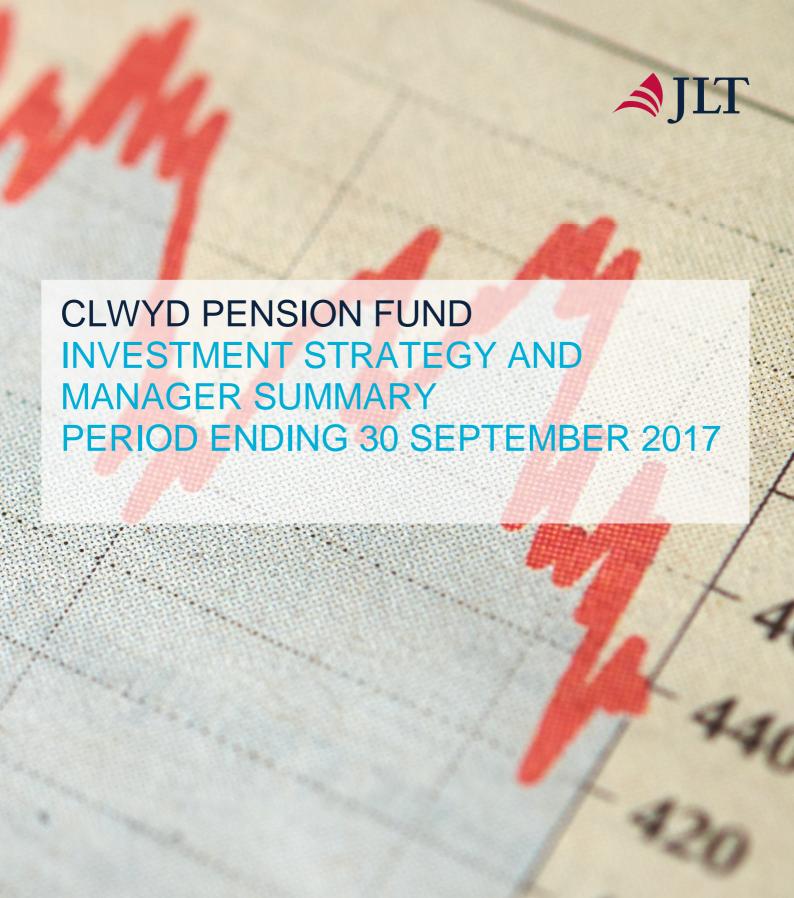


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1 IMPACT ON CLWYD PENSION FUND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

This report is produced by JLT Employee Benefits ("JLT") to assess the performance and risks of the investment managers of the Clwyd Pension Fund (the "Fund"), and of the Fund as a whole. The report does not comment on the Fund's Liability Driven Investment ("LDI") portfolio, as information in respect of this allocation is produced separately by Mercer.

OVERALL

Over the 3 months to 30 September 2017, the Fund's total market value increased by £15.0m to £1,757,395,109.

Over the quarter, total Fund assets returned 1.4%, and was in line with its target. Total Fund (ex LDI) returned 1.8%, compared with its target of 1.7%.

Total Equities generated returns of 4.2%, followed by Best Ideas which gained 2.9%. Managed Account Platform assets delivered 2.2%, whilst Total Credit and In-House assets returned 1.3% and 0.4%, respectively.

In relative terms, total Fund assets met their target, mainly attributable to the Managed Futures & Hedge Funds portfolio which outperformed its target by 2.2%. The Diversified Growth and In-House portfolios detracted the most (-0.2%) from relative performance.

Equities, which returned 4.2% against a composite target of 3.6%, contributed 0.6% to total Fund performance and 0.1% to total relative performance.

Total Credit, which now includes an allocation to Private Credit, outperformed its target by 1.0% and added 0.2% to total relative performance.

Managed Futures and Hedge Funds outperformed its target by 2.2% over the quarter, and added 0.2% to total relative performance.

In-House assets returned 0.4% over the quarter, behind its target by 1.1% and detracted -0.2% from total relative performance.

Insight's LDI portfolio rose by 0.1% as yields remained steady over the quarter, overall the portfolio made a neutral contribution to relative performance.

EQUITIES

Global equity markets gained over the quarter, with positive returns (in Sterling terms) observed in all major regions. Despite continuing geopolitical risk and the wave of hurricanes that have swept the Atlantic equities have delivered strong recent performance.

European equities led performance (in Sterling terms) as market confidence was boosted by positive employment and manufacturing data, as well as a reacceleration in the services sector. Consequently, the European Central Bank hinted at normalising monetary policy. US equities increased on the back of strong economic data, whilst the rise in Emerging and Asian markets was driven by increased cash inflows. Brent crude oil prices gained c.20% over the quarter on the back of production cuts and improved demand, which therefore benefitted the energy and materials sectors in particular.

In Developed markets, Europe continued to provide the strongest returns, increasing by 3.9%, followed by UK which returned 2.1%. Asia Pacific (ex Japan) and the US posted returns of 1.8% and 1.2%, respectively. Japan delivered the lowest return of the Developed markets, returning 0.8%.

Over the last 12 months, all developed regions posted positive returns, led by Europe which posted gains of 22.6%. Japan generated the lowest return over the same period, increasing by 11.4%.

Emerging Markets and Frontier Markets both rose by 4.6% and 4.7% respectively over the quarter, both markets seeing a strong annual return of 19.0% and 21.9%, respectively.

Total Equity assets returned 4.2%, ahead of the composite target by 0.6%. All funds in the strategy increased; Investec Global Strategic Equity returned 3.5% against its target of 2.5% whilst the Wellington Emerging Markets (Core) and Emerging Markets (Local) funds delivering returns of 4.5% and 4.7%. However, both the Wellington funds underperformed their targets by 0.4%.

Global equity exposures to China and Emerging Markets, which are both overweight their benchmark allocations helped performance over the quarter. Stock selection within the IT and Semiconductor sectors drove performance; within IT, Alibaba advanced on a positive earnings report and analyst ratings whilst in Semiconductors, ON Semiconductor rallied following an earnings report and trading updates that was better than expected.

In Emerging Markets, exposures to Taiwan and Kazakhstan contributed to the majority of gains, although this was offset to some extent by exposures to South Korea and Chile. Manager stock selection added the most within Financials and Healthcare, but this was partially offset by detractors within Consumer Discretionary and Materials.

CREDIT

Global credit markets advanced over the third quarter of 2017, however, a strengthening of Sterling against the US Dollar and other currencies over the period led to a decrease in returns in Sterling terms, and a decline in the case of Global High Yield Bonds. The sell-off in credit markets which was prompted by the perception of a hawkish tone from central banks continued through the third quarter. However, an uptick in volatility driven by the escalation of geopolitical tensions between the US and North Korea and several natural catastrophes led to increased demand for safe haven assets. The US Federal Reserve maintained interest rates at their current level but continued to project a rate increase before the end of 2017. Despite the increase in market volatility, bond yields ended the quarter largely unchanged.

Economic data from the US continued to be positive over the period and markets were encouraged further by the Trump administration's tax reforms which were unveiled towards the end of the quarter. Credit spreads tightened, supported by improved growth prospects and relatively stable yields.

Over the quarter, Long Dated Fixed Interest Gilts, Long Dated Index-Linked Gilts and Long Dated UK Corporate Bonds produced returns of -0.5%, -0.8% and -0.5% respectively, as markets reacted to a possible imminent rise in interest rates. Emerging Market Debt and Global High Yield both rose in local terms, however, the latter declined by -0.4% in Sterling terms whilst the former posted gains of 1.2%. Global Bonds fell by -1.2% (in Sterling terms).

Total Credit returned 1.3% over the quarter, ahead of its target by 1.0%, and added 0.2% to total relative return.

Asset allocation and security selection both made positive contributions to return, and in particular, the increased allocations to Emerging Market Debt Hard Currency and Local Currency benefitted the portfolio. Additionally, stock selection in Argentina and Brazil within Emerging Market Debt proved to be beneficial.

Within High Yield, lower quality credits and the recovery in the Energy sector drove the positive gains as oil prices increased. As a result, Energy was the leading performer within the portfolio followed by Transportation (excluding Air & Rail) and Steel. In Emerging Market Debt, exposures in Latin America were the largest contributor, led by currency gains in Brazil and Colombia against the US Dollar and falling interest rates in Brazil. Inflows continued to rise over the quarter, with an additional \$26bn injected over the quarter, bringing the year to date total to \$92bn.

HEDGE FUNDS

Hedge Fund capital rose to \$3.15 trillion over the quarter, as economic growth prospects improved despite continued geopolitical risks. Investor inflows were positive, with Global Macro Strategies in particular continuing to

receive the highest level of inflows. Hedge Funds (in Sterling terms) returned -1.0% over the quarter primarily due to the appreciation of Sterling against the US Dollar, as hedge funds returned 2.3% in US dollar terms. In Sterling terms, Emerging Markets and Equity Hedge returned 1.9% and 0.4%, respectively. All other strategies generated negative returns over the quarter, with Global Macro (-2.8%) delivering the worst returns.

ManFRM's Managed Futures & Hedge Funds strategy posted positive return of 3.2%, outperforming its target by 2.3% and contributing 0.2% to total relative performance.

ManFRM Hedge Funds (Legacy) portfolio which consists of Duet (S.A.R.E.), Liongate and Pioneer (until August 2016) assets generated a negative return of -14.5% as a result of further write downs.

TACTICAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO

DIVERSIFIED GROWTH

Total Diversified Growth assets returned 0.5% over the quarter, underperforming the target by 1.6%. Overall, this detracted -0.2% from total relative performance.

Pyrford returned -0.9% compared to a target of 2.1%. Poor stock selection in both UK and overseas equities was the largest detractor from returns, as markets reacted to rising rates by rotating out of defensive companies that offer strong dividend support and into more cyclical companies. In particular, British American Tobacco fell, as the US drugs regulator unveiled plans to reduce nicotine levels in cigarettes to non-additive levels. Positive gains were seen from BP following the recent rise in oil prices. The fund's bond holdings also detracted from returns as bond yields rose sharply towards the end of the quarter.

Investec's portfolio generated a return of 0.5% compared to a target of 2.1%. Performance over the quarter was primarily driven by the fund's 'Growth' strategies due to the stock selection within the total return equity holdings. 'Uncorrelated' strategies also contributed positively due to the short US domestic restaurants vs. US large cap relative value equity position. With concerns around the hurricanes in southern United States impacting sentiment, the US restaurants sub-sector underperformed the market. 'Defensive' strategies were the primary detractors from performance over the quarter as Sterling currency appreciation adversely impacted currency hedging strategies.

BEST IDEAS PORTFOLIO

The Best Ideas Portfolio returned 2.9%, above its target by 1.3%. Overall, this contributed 0.1% to the total Fund relative performance. Over the last 12 months, the Best Ideas Portfolio has delivered a return of 8.7% and outperformed its target of UK CPI +3.0% p.a. by 2.6%.

In a reversal of last quarter's performance, the Investec Global Natural Resources Fund was the strongest (7.1%) within the Best Ideas Portfolio, as exposure to oil equities proved profitable following the surge in prices.

Elsewhere in the portfolio, growth was generated by BlackRock Emerging Market Equities (4.5%) and LGIM North American Equities (4.3%), which outperformed their targets by 3.0% and 2.8%, respectively. Both funds made marginal contributions to total relative performance. F&C's UK Equity-Linked Gilt Fund returned 0.3%, behind its benchmark by 1.3%.

BlackRock's US Opportunities Fund was the only fund within the Best Ideas Portfolio to decline over the period, returning -0.4% and underperforming its benchmark by 2.0%.

During the quarter, the portfolio exited positions in LGIM Japanese Equities (Hedged) and Wellington Commodities, with the proceeds being redeployed into three new funds; LGIM Infrastructure Equity MFG Fund, LGIM Global Real Estate Equity Fund and BlackRock European Equities (Hedged) Fund.

Additionally, positions in the LGIM North American Equities (Hedged) and BlackRock Emerging Markets Equities were trimmed, and a new position in the Investec Emerging Markets Local Currency Fund was established.

IN-HOUSE ASSETS

Total In-House assets returned 0.4%, behind its composite target by 1.1%. Overall this detracted 0.2% from total relative performance. The two sub-sections of the In-House assets; the Real Assets Portfolio and the Private Markets Portfolio returned 0.5% and 0.3% respectively.

Infrastructure assets were the strongest sector of the portfolio, returning 1.5% and outperforming its target by 0.2%.

Property and Private Equity assets both returned 0.7%, and underperformed by -1.9% and -0.6%, respectively.

Opportunistic assets and Timber/Agriculture declined by -1.8% and -1.4%, respectively and underperformed their targets by 3.1% and 2.7%.

2 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION

30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Allocation by underlying asset class

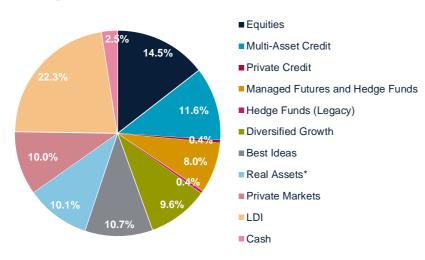
Asset Class	Market Value £	Weight %	Strategic Allocation %	Relative %	Strategic Range %
Global Equities	139,212,542	7.9	8.0	-0.1	5.0 – 10.0
Emerging Market Equities	115,424,721	6.6	6.0	+0.6	5.0 – 7.5
Multi-Asset Credit	203,061,333	11.6	12.0	-0.4	10.0 – 15.0
Private Credit^	7,294,695	0.4	3.0	-2.6	2.0 - 5.0
Managed Futures and Hedge Funds	140,964,575	8.0	9.0	-1.0	7.0 – 11.0
Hedge Funds (Legacy)*	6,661,678	0.4	0.0	+0.4	_
Diversified Growth	169,120,988	9.6	10.0	-0.4	8.0 – 12.0
Best Ideas	187,454,624	10.7	11.0	-0.3	9.0 – 13.0
Property	114,670,360	6.5	4.0	+2.5	2.0 - 6.0
Infrastructure / Timber / Agriculture	62,587,737	3.6	8.0	-4.4	5.0 – 10.0
Private Equity / Opportunistic	175,800,130	10.0	10.0	0.0	8.0 – 12.0
LDI & Synthetic Equities	391,755,895	22.3	19.0	+3.3	10.0 – 30.0
Cash	43,385,831	2.5	0.0	+2.5	0.0 - 5.0
TOTAL CLWYD PENSION FUND	1,757,395,109	100.0	100.0	0.0	

Notes: * Hedge Funds (Legacy) include the S.A.R.E (Duet) and Liongate portfolios. ^ The Private Credit allocation is not yet fully funded.

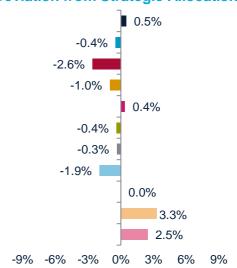
Points to note

- Asset allocation reflects the strategy to be implemented as part of the 2016 Investment Strategy Review; as such a number of asset classes will be underweight for an interim period until the portfolio is fully constructed.
- Total allocation to LDI decreased by -0.2% over the quarter, however, the fund remains overweight the strategic allocation by 3.3%.

Strategic Asset Allocation as at 30 September 2017



Deviation from Strategic Allocation



Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding.

^{*} In-House Property, Infrastructure and Timber/Agriculture portfolios.

3 VALUATION AND ASSET ALLOCATION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Manager	Fund	Market Value £	Weight %	Strategic Allocation %	Strategic Range %
Investec	Global Strategic Equity	139,212,542	7.9	4.0	5.0 – 10.0 ⁽¹⁾
Wellington	Emerging Markets (Core)#	55,344,729	3.1	3.0	5.0 – 7.5
Wellington	Emerging Markets (Local)#	60,079,993	3.4	3.0	5.0 – 7.5
Total Equity		254,637,263	14.5	14.0 ⁽¹⁾	
Stone Harbor	LIBOR Multi-Strategy	131,272,297	7.5	12.0	10.0 – 15.0
Stone Harbor	Multi-Asset Credit	71,789,036	4.1	12.0	10.0 – 13.0
Multi-Asset Cre	edit Portfolio	203,061,333	11.6	12.0	10.0 – 15.0
Permira	Credit Solutions III	7,294,695	0.4	3.0	2.0 – 5.0
Private Credit I	Portfolio	7,294,695	0.4	3.0	2.0 - 5.0 ⁽²⁾
Total Credit		210,356,028	12.0	15.0	10.0 – 20.0
ManFRM	Managed Futures & Hedge Funds	140,964,575	8.0	9.0	7.0 – 11.0
ManFRM	Hedge Funds (Legacy)*	6,661,678	0.4	0.0	_
Managed Acco	unt Platform	147,626,253	8.4	9.0	7.0 – 11.0
Pyrford	Global Total Return	82,047,221	4.7	5.0	8.0 – 12.0
Investec	Diversified Growth	87,073,767	5.0	5.0	0.0 - 12.0
Diversified Gro	owth Portfolio	169,120,988	9.6	10.0	8.0 – 12.0
F&C	UK Equity-Linked Gilts	10,654,841	0.6		
LGIM	North American Equities (Hedged)	28,794,950	1.6		
BlackRock	US Opportunities	17,848,211	1.0		
BlackRock	European Equities (Hedged)	13,063,643	0.7		
BlackRock	Emerging Markets Equities	51,347,584	2.9	11.0	9.0 - 13.0
Investec	Global Natural Resources	23,327,908	1.3		
LGIM	Infrastructure Equities MFG (Hedged)	11,926,364	0.7		
LGIM	Global Real Estate Equities	11,670,328	0.7		
Investec	Emerging Markets Local Debt	18,820,795	1.1		
Best Ideas Por	tfolio	187,454,624	10.7	11.0	9.0 – 13.0
Tactical Alloca	tion Portfolio	356,575,612	20.3	21.0	15.0 – 25.0
In-House	Property	114,670,360	6.5	4.0	2.0 - 6.0
In-House	Infrastructure	34,687,700	2.0	8.0	5.0 – 10.0
In-House	Timber / Agriculture	27,900,037	1.6	0.0	3.0 - 10.0
Real Assets Po	ortfolio	177,258,097	10.1	12.0	10.0 – 15.0
In-House	Private Equity	151,874,075	8.6	10.0	8.0 – 12.0
In-House	Opportunistic	23,926,055	1.4	10.0	0.0 - 12.0
Private Markets	s Portfolio	175,800,130	10.0	10.0	8.0 – 12.0
Total In-House	Assets	353,058,227	20.1	22.0	
Insight	LDI Portfolio	391,755,895	22.3	19.0	10.0 – 30.0
Total Liability I	-ledging	391,755,895	22.3	19.0	10.0 – 30.0
Trustees	Cash	43,385,831	2.5	-	0.0 - 5.0
TOTAL CLWYD	PENSION FUND	1,757,395,109	100.0	100.0	

Notes: * ManFRM Hedge Funds (Legacy) valuation includes S.A.R.E (Duet) and Liongate portfolio and is provided by ManFRM.

Wellington Emerging Markets Core and Local valuations have been converted from US Dollar to Sterling using the WW/Reuters closing price exchange rates for the respective dates. 1 Includes a 4.0% strategic allocation to Smart Beta, which is not yet funded. 2 The Private Credit allocation is not yet fully funded.

4 PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

PERIODS ENDING 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Manager	Fund	3 moi	nths %	12 mo	nths %	3 years % p.a.		3 Yr Performance	
		Fund	Target	Fund	Target	Fund	Target	vs Objective	
Investec	Global Strategic Equity	3.5	2.5	18.3	17.7	15.1	17.2	Target not met	
Wellington	Emerging Markets (Core)#	4.5	4.9	17.2	20.2	12.1	13.2	Target not met	
Wellington	Emerging Markets (Local)#	4.7	5.1	20.4	21.4	13.9	14.4	Target not met	
Total Equity		4.2	3.6	18.6	19.3	13.2	15.1		
Stone Harbo	r LIBOR Multi-Strategy	1.1	0.3	5.7	1.3	1.6	1.4	Target met	
n/a Stone Harbo	r Multi-Asset Credit	1.5	0.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Multi-Asset Cred	dit Portfolio	1.3	0.3	5.8	1.3	2.0	1.4		
n/a Permira	Credit Solutions III	3.6	1.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Private Credit P	ortfolio	3.6	1.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Total Credit		1.3	0.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
n/a ManFRM	Managed Futures & Hedge Funds	3.2	0.9	-1.5	3.8	n/a	n/a	n/a	
n/a ManFRM	Hedge Funds (Legacy) [*]	-14.5	0.9	-30.6	3.9	-9.5	4.8	n/a	
Managed Accou	int Platform	2.2	0.9	-3.5	3.8	n/a	n/a		
Pyrford	Global Total Return	-0.9	2.1	1.5	8.8	4.4	7.2	Target not met	
n/a Investec	Diversified Growth	0.5	2.0	7.4	7.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Total Diversified	d Growth	0.5	2.1	5.3	8.4	4.0	6.9		
Best Ideas Portf	olio	2.9	1.6	8.7	6.1	n/a	n/a		
Tactical Allocati	on Portfolio	1.7	1.6	7.0	6.2	n/a	n/a		
In-House	Property	0.7	2.7	6.1	10.4	9.8	9.6	Target met	
In-House	Infrastructure	1.5	1.3	18.4	5.3	20.2	5.5	Target met	
In-House	Timber / Agriculture	-1.4	1.3	4.9	5.4	5.5	5.5	Target met	
Real Assets Por	tfolio	0.5	1.7	7.9	7.0	n/a	n/a		
In-House	Private Equity	0.7	1.3	11.1	5.4	13.2	5.5	Target met	
In-House	Opportunistic	-1.8	1.3	-2.2	5.3	-11.0	5.5	Target not met	
Private Markets	Portfolio	0.3	1.3	9.6	5.4	n/a	n/a		
Total In-House	Assets	0.4	1.5	8.7	6.2	10.9	6.7		
n/a Insight	LDI Portfolio	0.1	0.1	12.0	12.0	22.4	22.4	n/a	
Total (ex LDI)		1.8	1.7	8.2	7.4	6.5	6.6		
TOTAL CLWYD	PENSION FUND	1.4	1.4	9.2	8.1	10.0	9.3		
Strategic Target	(CPI +4.1%)	1.6		6.3		6.3			
Actuarial Target	(CPI +2.0%)	1.1		4.2		4.2			

Notes: "n/a' against the objective is for funds that have been in place for less than three years.

^{*} ManFRM Hedge Funds (Legacy) currently includes the S.A.R.E (Duet) and Liongate portfolios.

* Wellington Emerging Markets Core and Wellington Emerging Markets Local data has been converted from US Dollar to Sterling using the WWReuters closing price exchange rates for the respective dates.

Strategic and Actuarial targets derived from the latest JLT Market Forecast Group assumptions (Q3 2017 forecasts based on conditions as at 30 June 2017). Current long term 10 year CPI assumption 2.2% p.a.

Fund has met or exceeded its performance target
Fund has underperformed its performance target

5 STRATEGIC ASSET CLASSES PERFORMANCE TO 30 SEPT 2017

Strategy	3 months	12 months	3 years
	%	%	% p.a.
Total Equities	4.2	18.6	13.2
Composite Objective	3.6	19.3	15.1
Composite Benchmark	3.0	16.9	12.8
Multi-Asset Credit Portfolio	1.3	5.8	2.0
Objective	0.3	1.3	1.4
Benchmark	0.1	0.3	0.4
Managed Account Platform	2.2	-3.5	n/a
Objective	0.9	3.9	n/a
Benchmark	0.9	3.9	n/a
Total Hedge Funds (Legacy)	-14.5	-30.6	-9.5
Composite Objective	0.9	3.9	4.8
Composite Benchmark	0.9	3.9	4.8
Total Diversified Growth	0.5	5.3	4.0
Composite Objective	2.1	8.4	6.9
Composite Benchmark	2.1	8.4	6.9
Best Ideas Portfolio	2.9	8.7	n/a
Objective	1.6	6.1	n/a
Benchmark	1.6	6.1	n/a
Total In-House Assets	0.4	8.7	10.9
Composite Objective	1.5	6.2	6.7
Composite Benchmark	1.5	6.2	6.7
Total LDI Portfolio	0.1	12.0	22.4
Composite Objective	0.1	12.0	22.4
Composite Benchmark	0.1	12.0	22.4
Total (ex LDI)	1.8	8.2	6.5
Composite Objective	1.7	7.4	6.6
Composite Benchmark	1.5	6.8	6.0
Total Clwyd Pension Fund	1.4	9.2	10.0
Composite Objective	1.4	8.1	9.3
Composite Benchmark	1.3	7.6	8.8

Source: Performance is calculated by JLT Employee Benefits based on data provided by the managers and is only shown for complete periods of investment.

Note: Objective performance includes the funds' outperformance targets above the relevant underlying benchmarks, as shown in the Appendix.

Benchmark performance is based on the underlying benchmarks without the explicit outperformance targets for the relevant funds within the Equity and Multi-Asset Credit portfolios.

6 SUMMARY OF MANDATES

Manager	Fund	Strategic Asset Class	Performance Objective (Net of Fees)	Strategic Allocation
Investec	Global Strategic Equity	Global Developed Equities	MSCI AC World NDR Index +2.5% p.a.	4.0% ⁽⁴⁾
TBC	Smart Beta	Global Developed Equities	TBC	4.0%
Wellington	Emerging Market (Core)	Emerging Markets Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets Index +1.0% p.a.	3.0%
Wellington	Emerging Market (Local)	Emerging Markets Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets Index +2.0% p.a.	3.0%
Total Equity			Composite Weighted Index	14.0%
Stone Harbor	Libor Multi-Strategy	Multi-Asset Credit	1 Month LIBOR Index +1.0% p.a. (1)	40.00/
Stone Harbor	Multi-Asset Credit	Multi-Asset Credit	1 Month LIBOR Index +1.0% p.a.	 12.0%
Permira	Credit Solutions III	Private Credit	Absolute Return 6.0% p.a.	3.0%
Total Credit			Composite Weighted Index	15.0% ⁽⁵⁾
ManFRM	Managed Futures & Hedge Funds	Managed Account Platform	3 Month LIBOR Index +3.5% p.a.	9.0% ⁽³⁾
Managed Accor	unt Platform		3 Month LIBOR Index +3.5% p.a.	9.0%
yrford	Global Total Return	Diversified Growth	UK Retail Price Index +4.5% p.a. (2)	5.0%
nvestec	Diversified Growth	Diversified Growth	UK Consumer Price Index +4.6% p.a.	5.0%
Best Ideas	Best Ideas	Best Ideas Portfolio	UK Consumer Price Index +3.0% p.a.	11.0%
Tactical Allocat	ion Portfolio		UK Consumer Price Index +3.0% p.a.	21.0%
In-House	Private Equity	Private Markets	3 Month LIBOR Index +5.0% p.a.	8.0%
In-House	Opportunistic	Private Markets	3 Month LIBOR Index +5.0% p.a.	2.0%
In-House	Property	Real Assets	IPD Balanced Funds Weighted Average	4.0%
In-House	Infrastructure	Real Assets	3 Month LIBOR Index +5.0% p.a.	6.0%
In-House	Timber / Agriculture	Real Assets	3 Month LIBOR Index +5.0% p.a.	2.0%
Total In-House	Assets		Composite Weighted Index	22.0%
Insight	LDI Portfolio	LDI & Synthetic Equities	Composite Liabilities & Synthetic Equity	19.0%
Total Liability H	ledging		Composite Liabilities & Synthetic Equity	19.0%

Notes: 1 FTSE A Gilts All Stocks Index until 31 March 2014. 2 UK Retail Price Index +4.4% p.a. until 31 March 2015. 3 Strategic Allocation represents the composite benchmark for the Managed Account Platform. 4 Assets from Investec are to be apportioned to a Smart Beta Manager. Investec currently hold c. 8.0% of assets. 5 Committed but uninvested element of the Private Credit strategic allocation is represented by 1 Month LIBOR Index +1.0% p.a.

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CLWYD PENSION FUND COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting	29 November 2017
Report Subject	Funding, Flightpath and Risk Management Framework Update
Report Author	Clwyd Pension Fund Manager

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Members should note that:

- On a consistent basis the estimated funding position at the end of October is 91% which is around 12% <u>ahead</u> of the expected position from the 2016 actuarial valuation. However, there remains uncertainty in future return expectations. Following a question at the previous Committee there will be an explanation on how a small change in the return expectation can impact on the funding position.
- The level of hedging remains at 20% for interest rate and 40% for inflation at 30 September 2017.
- No triggers have been breached since the interest rate triggers were restructured in September 2017.
- The LDI restructure completed in March 2017 is expected to achieve a net long-term gain of £36.5m. A gain could be crystallised earlier in certain market conditions. Since the restructure, the Fund has benefitted by around £4.5m at the end of August. This position will continue to be monitored to highlight an opportunity to crystallise a gain earlier (subject to a minimum of £25m).
- The Equity protection strategy was implemented on 24th April 2017 to protect against losses of more than 15% over a one year period on the equity mandate with Insight but retain full gains in the markets. The value of the equity option will be monitored on a quarterly basis.

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That the Committee note the updated funding and hedging position for the Fund and the progress being made on the various elements of the Risk Management Framework.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	FUNDING, FLIGHTPATH AND RISK MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE UPDATE
	Update on funding and the flightpath framework
1.01	The monthly summary report as at 31 October 2017 from Mercer on the funding position and an overview of the liability hedging mandate is attached in Appendix 1. It includes a "traffic light" of the key components of the Flightpath and hedging mandate with Insight. The report will be presented at the meeting including a reminder of the principle objectives of the framework.
1.02	The estimated funding level is 91% with a deficit of £183m at 31 October. In absolute terms the relative funding position is 12% ahead of the expected position at the end of October 2017 when measured relative to the 2016 valuation expected funding plan. Uncertainty continues to be prevalent in the investment environment due to ongoing external political and fiscal factors. To illustrate the impact, a reduction of 0.25% p.a. in the assumed future investment return/real discount rate would reduce the funding level by 4% to 87% with a corresponding increase in deficit of £91m to £274m. Following a question raised at the last Committee further explanation of this impact will be provided at this Committee meeting.
1.03	The revised interest rate and inflation triggers agreed at the November 2016 Committee meeting were put in place with Insight following updated investment guidelines being signed in August 2017. None of the new triggers have been satisfied.
1.04	The level of hedging was around 20% for interest rates and 40% for inflation at 30 September 2017. The hedging implemented to date provides access to a lower risk investment strategy but maintaining a sufficiently high real yield expectation to achieve the funding targets.
1.05	Based on data from Insight, our analysis shows that the management of the Insight mandate is rated as "green" meaning it is operating in line within the tolerances set by our strategic risk advisors.
	Update on Risk Management framework
1.06	(i) Restructuring the Insight Portfolio As reported previously, Insight and Mercer identified an opportunity to restructure Insight's mandate that will be more efficient for the Fund. This involved buying assets with a higher yield/return and selling an equivalent asset with a lower yield/return.
	Insight implemented the trade subject to achieving a minimum level of benefit (net of transaction costs) of £25m. The trade was completed over the period 20 th February to 3 rd March 2017.
	The net long-term gain achieved was £36.5m (made up of a yield gain of £38m and transaction costs of £1.5m) which was a very positive result and lower trading costs than expaged.162 Fund's hedge ratios remain at 20%

for interest rates and 40% for inflation.

Going forward the relative value trade will be monitored to see if a gain can be crystallised earlier if market conditions allow. Since inception the Fund has benefited by around £4.5m. This will continue to be monitored.

Cash collateral of £41m was potentially available to invest elsewhere following advice from Mercer. At the FRMG meeting on 30th October it was considered if this should be released. It was agreed not to do this at the current time but that the ongoing collateral adequacy of the LDI portfolio mandate is monitored on a monthly basis as opposed to a quarterly basis.

(ii) Equity protection on the Insight mandate

1.07

It was previously approved by Committee that, subject to fair market pricing, protection against potential falls in the equity markets via the use of "Equity Options" should be implemented. This will provide further stability in employer contributions (all other things equal) in the event of a significant equity market fall although it is recognised it will not protect the Fund in totality. It was agreed to implement a 1 year term contract to cover any losses on the mandate (£325m) of 15% or more. This was subject to the premium being no more than 3% of the total exposure (£10m). The strategy was implemented on 24th April 2017 at a premium of £7.2m (including transaction costs) or 2.2% of exposure.

It was agreed by the FRMG on 30th October that the options on extending the protection (including taking off the protection) would be considered in detail prior to the expiry date. This will include consideration of a more sophisticated "dynamic" option and any change will be implemented on consultation with the finance officers of the other unitary authorities. This will be reported to Committee in 2018.

The strategy and the value of the equity option contract will continue to be monitored on a monthly basis.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	None directly as a result of this report. Officers will be required to input on any revised Equity Protection strategy through the FRMG.

3.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
3.01	None required

4.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
4.01	This report addresses some of the risks identified in the Fund's Risk Register. Specifically, this covers the following (either in whole or in part): • Governance risk: G2 • Funding and Investment risks: F1 - F6
4.02	The Flightpath Strategy manages/controls the interest rate and inflation rate impact on the liabilities of the Fund to give more stability of funding outcomes and employer contribution rates. The Equity option strategy will provide protection against market falls for the synthetic equity exposure in the Insight mandate only.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 - Monthly monitoring report - October 2017

6.00	LIST OF ACCESS	IBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS	
6.01	Report to Pension Fund Committee – Flightpath Strategy Proposals – 8 November 2016, Report to Pension Fund Committee – 2016 Actuarial Valuation and Funding/Flightpath Update – 27 September 2016 and Report to Pension Fund Committee – Funding and Flightpath Update – 22 March 2016.		
6.02	Report to Pension Fund Committee – Overview of risk management framework – Previous monthly reports and more detailed quarterly overview.		
	Contact Officer: Telephone: E-mail:	Philip Latham, Clwyd Pension Fund Manager 01352 702264 philip.latham@flintshire.gov.uk	

7.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
7.01	(a) The Fund – Clwyd Pension Fund – The Pension Fund managed by Flintshire County Council for local authority employees in the region and employees of other employers with links to local government in the region.
	(b) Administering Authority or Scheme Manager – Flintshire County Council is the administering authority and scheme manager for the Clwyd Pension Fund, which means it is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Fund.
	Page 164

- (c) **The Committee Clwyd Pension Fund Committee** the Flintshire County Council committee responsible for the majority of decisions relating to the management of the Clwyd Pension Fund.
- (d) **LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme** the national scheme, which Clwyd Pension Fund is part of
- (e) **FSS Funding Strategy Statement** the main document that outlines how we will manage employers contributions to the Fund
- (f) Actuary A professional advisor, specialising in financial risk, who is appointed by Pension Funds to provide advice on financial related matters. In the LGPS, one of the Actuary's primary responsibilities is the setting of contribution rates payable by all participating employers as part of the actuarial valuation exercise.
- (g) ISS Investment Strategy Statement

 The main document that outlines our strategy in relation to the investment of assets in the Clwyd Pension Fund

Further terms are defined in the Glossary in the report in Appendix 1.



CLWYD PENSION FUND

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK MONTHLY MONITORING REPORT

November 2017
age 167

Paul Middleman Adam Lane



OVERRIDING OBJECTIVES

Stable and affordable contribution rate

versus

Achieve returns in excess of CPI required under funding arrangements

Page 168





Objectives are two-fold but conflicting

• Risk needs to be taken in order to achieve returns, but risk does not guarantee returns

Need to ensure a reasonable balance between the two objectives

Do you need to take the same level of risk when 70% funded (say) as when 110% funded?

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



= as per or above expectations



= to be kept under review



= action required



Overall funding position

- Ahead of existing recovery plan
- Funding level just below the first trigger
- Possible action will be discussed at FRMG following trigger breach

In absolute terms the funding position is c.12% ahead of target. However there is continuing uncertainty in the outlook for future returns which could impact on the future funding requirements.



Liability hedging mandate

- Insight in compliance with investment guidelines
- Performance ahead of the benchmark since inception

No action required.





Synthetic equity mandate

- Insight in compliance with investment guidelines
- Outperformed the benchmark over Q3 2017
- · Maturity constraints as expected

No action. Insight implemented an equity option strategy to provide protection on the equity TRS exposure in April.



Collateral and counterparty position

- Collateral within agreed constraints
- The Insight QIF can sustain at least a 1.25% rise in interest rates and inflation in combination with a 35% fall in equity markets and a 0.5% increase in z-spreads before requiring further collateral

Collateral adequacy to be monitored quarterly. Potential to release a further c.£42m (as at 30 June 2017) based on the agreed collateral guidelines.

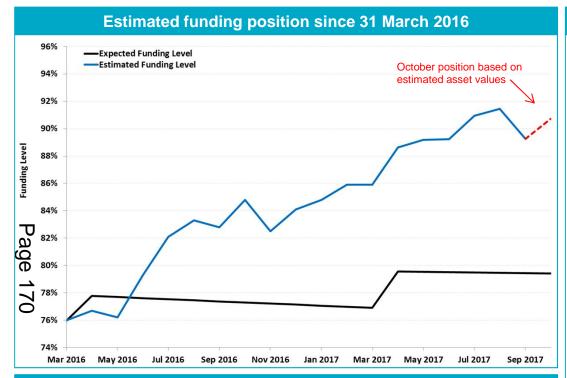


LIBOR Plus Fund

- LIBOR Plus Fund has outperformed its target since inception
- Management team stable and no change in manager rating
- Allocation of £50m remains appropriate

No action required.

FUNDING LEVEL MONITORING TO 31 OCTOBER 2017



Funding Level Triggers

It was concluded at the FRMG on 20 June 2017 that the funding level is not currently sufficiently high to warrant de-risking in a traditional sense via a change in long term strategy.

It was agreed that a "soft" trigger will be put in place to prompt FRMG discussions regarding potential actions as the funding level approaches 100% on the current funding basis. This funding level will be monitored approximately by Mercer on a daily basis.

Comments

The **black line** shows a projection of the *expected* funding level from the 31 March 2016 valuation based on the assumptions (and contributions) outlined in the 2016 actuarial valuation. The *expected* funding level at 31 October 2017 was around 79%.

The **blue line** shows an estimate of the progression of the funding level from 31 March 2016 to 30 September 2017. The **red line** shows the progression of the estimated funding level over October 2017. At 31 October 2017, we estimate the funding level and deficit to be:

91% (£183m*)

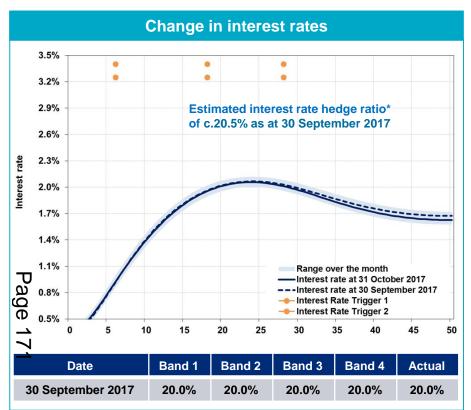
This shows that the Fund's position was ahead of the expected funding level at 31 October 2017 by around 12% on the current funding basis.

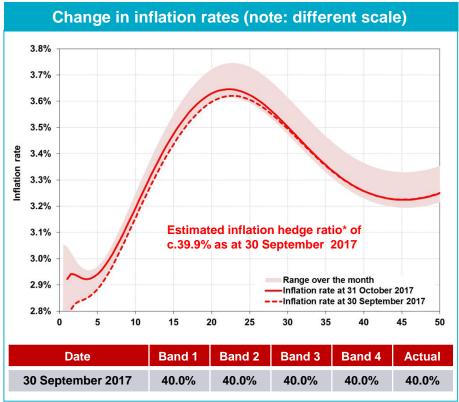
Uncertainty continues to be prevalent in the investment environment due to ongoing external political and fiscal factors. This could mean that the likelihood of achieving the assumed real returns going forward has fallen. To illustrate the impact, a reduction of 0.25% p.a. in the assumed future investment return/real discount rate would reduce the funding level by c.4% to c.87% with a corresponding increase in deficit of £91m to £274m.

This will be kept under review in light of changing market conditions.

*Asset values estimated based on market indices and an estimate of performance of the Insight liability hedging mandate from 30 September 2017 to 31 October 2017. We will monitor this estimate over time against the actual position once final asset values are available, and update the asset values on a monthly basis.

UPDATE ON MARKET CONDITIONS AND TRIGGERS





Comments

Interest rates remained stable over October 2017.

Based on market conditions as at 31 October 2017, yields would need to rise by c.1.3% before the Fund would hit any of the revised interest rate triggers implemented by Insight in September 2017.

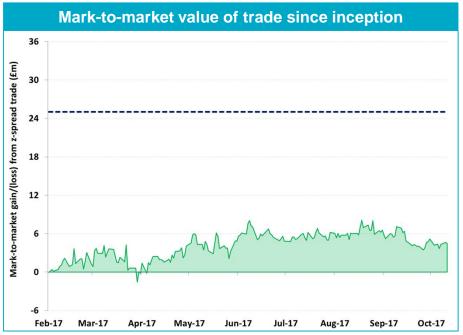
Comments

Inflation expectations remained stable over October 2017.

It has been agreed that Insight will not resume monitoring of the level of inflation hedging until the interest rate and inflation hedge ratios have been aligned.

^{*} Hedge ratios calculated with reference to 2016 valuation cashflow analysis and relying on a discount rate of gilts + 2.0% p.a..

UPDATE ON RELATIVE VALUE TRADE



Note: no allowance made for yield improvement from the inflation trade

Comments

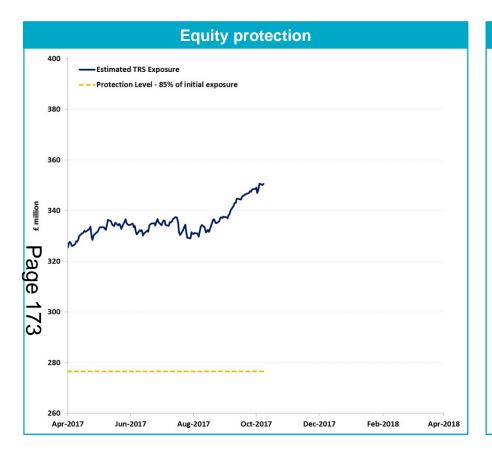
Insight estimated the potential net gain of the LDI restructure to be c.£36.5m. This gain will be accrued incrementally over the lifetime of the trade, assuming repo and swap funding costs offset one another.

The relative value trade (i.e. holding gilts and "selling" interest rate swaps) will experience a mark-to-market gain if the difference between gilt and swap yields ("z-spread") falls over time. The mark-to-market gain fell by c.£2.6m over the month, given that z-spreads rose at all but the shortest durations over October 2017. This provided an estimated gain of c.£4.5m as at 31 October 2017. This position will be monitored over time.

At the FRMG on 20 June 2017, it was agreed that Mercer would monitor a "soft" trigger to prompt discussions around closing out the trade to "bank" the gain if the mark-to-market gain exceeds £25m.

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EQUITY TRS PROTECTION



Comments

An equity option strategy has been implemented to protect the Fund against falls in equity market values over a one-year period to 24 April 2018.

In particular, put options were purchased to protect the value of the current equity TRS exposure beyond 15% market falls over the period to April 2018.

The chart illustrates the value of the equity TRS over the period from 24 April 2017 to 31 October 2017 (the **dark blue line**) and the **yellow dotted line** shows the level at which the protection will start to take effect.

Overall, the value of the Fund's TRS is relatively higher as at 31 October 2017 when compared with the 30 September 2017 position - this is due to strong performance of the underlying indices over the month.

We will continue to monitor this position on a monthly basis.

GLOSSARY

- Actuarial Valuation The formal valuation assessment of the Fund detailing the solvency position and determining the contribution rates
 payable by the employers to fund the cost of benefits and make good any existing shortfalls as set out in the separate Funding Strategy
 Statement.
- Collateral Liquid assets held by the Fund as security which may be used to offset the potential loss to a counterparty.
- Counterparty Commonly an investment bank on the opposite side of a financial transaction (e.g. swaps).
- Deficit The extent to which the value of the Fund's liabilities exceeds the value of the Fund's assets.
- Equity option A financial contract in which the Fund can define the return it receives for movements in equity values.
- Equity TRS (Equity Total Return Swap) A financial contract in which the Fund receives the return on an equity index. In return the Fund must pay a regular financing fee to a counterparty bank.
- Flightpath A framework that defines a de-risking process whereby exposure to growth assets is reduced as and when it is affordable to do so i.e. when "triggers" are hit, whilst still expecting to achieve the overall funding target.
- Funding level The difference between the value of the Fund's assets and the value of the Fund's liabilities expressed as a percentage.
- Funding & Risk Management Group (FRMG) A subgroup of Pension Fund officers and advisers set up to discuss and implement any changes to the Risk Management framework as delegated by the committee. It is made up of the Clwyd Pension Fund Manager, Pension Finance Manager, Fund Actuary, Strategic Risk Adviser and Investment Advisor.
- Hedging A strategy aiming to invest in low risk assets when asset yields are deemed attractive. Achieved by investing in government backed
 assets (or equivalent) with similar characteristics to the Fund future CPI linked benefit payments.
- Hedge ratio The level of hedging in place in the range from 0% to 100%.
- Insight QIF (Insight Qualified Investor Fund) An investment fund specifically designed for the Fund to allow Insight to manage the liability hedging and synthetic equity assets.
- London Interbank Offer Rate (LIBOR) An interest rate at which banks can borrow funds from other banks in the London interbank market.
- Z-spread The difference between the yield on gilts and swaps.

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